Dear Sir:

We are pleased to notice that you publish articles favorable to equal suffrage from time to time and we wish to thank you for your courtesy and interest.

If ever you wish any information or material on the subject we shall be glad to furnish it from this office.

Sincerely yours,

Clara Ueland,
President.
Dear Suffragist:

Our Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association has undertaken extensive and important organizing work in the state for the summer, and has chosen the month of May for raising funds for carrying it on.

I am sure you are glad to help along the work in Minnesota and I am going to ask you to make your contribution as generous as possible. We have adopted an efficient plan of organization and the work we can do is only limited by the amount of money we can raise.

Will you not sign the enclosed subscription blank and send contribution if possible to our treasurer, Mrs. Victor H. Troendle, 1836 West 26th Street, Minneapolis. If it is more convenient for you to send your subscription in monthly payments, please designate this on the blank.

Mrs. Albert McMahon, our experienced and able organizer, recently from Cleveland, Ohio, is working in counties in the southern part of the state. The progress of organization is most encouraging. In Freeborn and Faribault counties leaders for the districts and chairmen for most of the townships have been appointed and are taking hold enthusiastically.

Mrs. McMahon is finding many Suffragists, both men and women, in Faribault and Martin Counties who are ready and glad to help in organizing work.

We have engaged Miss Harriet Grimm and Mrs. Maud McCreery of Wisconsin, both able speakers and organizers, for several weeks during the summer, and if we can raise sufficient money we should like to engage still other workers so that we can extend our organization work over the state as rapidly as possible. I hope you agree with me in thinking the cause of Woman Suffrage the most important now before us.

Events in the various legislatures throughout the country have shown more strongly than ever that the point of view of women is needed not only to help in securing further just and humane legislation but to keep what has already been secured.

Faithfully yours,

Clara Ueland
Some time ago we mailed you sets of small coupons for Mrs. Medill McCormick’s Suffrage Picture Show, “Your Girl and Mine.” Each set is worth 50 cents.

Please return either the coupons or the money, because we have to pay for each ticket we sent out.

Equal Suffrage Association
403 Essex Building
The Equal Suffrage Association, in its reply to the statement sent out by the Minneapolis Association Opposed to the Further Extension of Suffrage to Women, states that certain organizations, among them the National Consumer’s League, The National Child Labor Committee and the National Conference of Charities and Corrections have endorsed Suffrage.

Upon inquiry, it is learned that while Mrs. Florence Kelley, of the Consumer’s League, Mr. Owen Lovejoy, Secretary of the National Child Labor Committee, and Mrs. John M. Glenn, President of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections are Suffragists, these organizations have not endorsed equal suffrage. The Equal Suffrage Association learns with regret that the authority upon which the assertion was based, is not reliable and wishes to retract the statement.
Sent to Antioch.
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
OF MINNEAPOLIS

I HEREBY APPLY FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION OF MINNEAPOLIS
FOR WHICH I AGREE TO PAY ANNUAL DUES OF $5.00

NAME

ADDRESS

Return with Check to the Treasurer, Miss Nellie L. Merrill, 1516 Harmon Place
Votes for Women a Success
The Map Proves It

OFFICERS.

President
Mrs. Andreas Ueland,
Calhoun Boulevard, Minneapolis.

First Vice-President
Mrs. George M. Kenyon,
442 Summit Ave., St. Paul.

Second Vice-President
Mrs. David F. Simpson,
1508 Harmon Place, Minneapolis.

Third Vice-President
Mrs. Harold Crassweller,
4703 Cook St., Duluth.

Fourth Vice-President
Mrs. C. L. Atwood, St. Cloud.

Fifth Vice-President
Mrs. E. H. Loyhed, Faribault.

Corresponding Secretary
Mrs. Maud C. Stockwell,
3204 East 51st St., Minneapolis.

Recording Secretary
Mrs. Eva W. Morse, Excelsior.

Treasurer
Mrs. Victor H. Troendle,
1626 W. 26th St., Minneapolis.

Auditor
Mrs. H. A. Tomlinson,
696 Grand Ave., St. Paul.
DIRECTORS.

Ethel E. Hurd, M. D.,
710 Pillsbury Bldg., Minneapolis.
Mrs. A. H. Bright,
1004 Mount Curve, Minneapolis.
Mrs. H. G. Harrison,
1112 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.
Mrs. A. B. Jackson,
2008 Third Ave. S., Minneapolis.
Mrs. Luth Jaeger,
615 James Ave. N., Minneapolis.
Mrs. A. M. Burt,
1073 Lincoln Ave., St. Paul.
Mrs. C. A. Severance, St. Paul Park.
Mrs. Peter Schwarg, Dodge Center.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Finance
Chairman, Mrs. S. H. McKnight,
2200 Park Ave., Minneapolis.
Press and Publicity
Honorary Chairman, Mrs. E. B. Farmer,
The Old Capitol, St. Paul.
Press Agent, Mrs. Walter H. Thorp,
4709 Emerson Ave. S., Minneapolis.
Suffrage Periodicals
Chairman, Miss Florence Monahan,
2401 Harriet Ave., Minneapolis.
Congressional
Chairman, Mrs. A. H. Potter,
2849 Irving Ave. S., Minneapolis.
Legislative
Chairman, Miss Mary McFadden,
543 Ashland Ave., St. Paul.
State and County Fairs
Mrs. C. R. Boostrom,
1642 Rondo St.
Public Demonstrations
Chairman, Mrs. L. C. Bacon,
737 Fairmont Ave., St. Paul.
Member National Executive Council
Mrs. J. C. Holman,
557 Dayton Ave., St. Paul.

STATE CLUBS.

Minneapolis
Political Equality Club,
President, Ethel E. Hurd, M. D.
Equal Suffrage Association,
President, Mrs. David Simpson.
Scandinavian Woman Suffrage Club,
President, Mrs. Luth Jaeger.
Woman Workers Suffrage Club,
President, Miss Abbie Gail Mabie.
Woman’s Socialist Suffrage Club,
President, Mrs. Frank Finsterbach.
Learners Equal Suffrage Club,
President, Mrs. Mary Andrews.
Home Study Suffrage Club,
President, Mrs. F. A. Kingsley.
St. Paul
Political Equality Club,
President, Dr. Mary E. Hartman.
Woman’s Welfare League,
President, Mrs. C. P. Noyes.
Duluth
Equal Suffrage Association,
President, Mrs. W. W. Lawrence.
Faribault
Political Equality Association,
President, Mrs. E. L. Frink.
Pipestone County
Political Equality Club,
President, Mrs. Mark Slaymaker.
Winona
Political Equality League,
President, Mrs. J. N. Weir.
Redwood Falls
Political Equality Club,
President, Mrs. A. D. McRea.
Luverne
Political Equality Club,
President, Mrs. F. A. Leicher.
Excelsior Suffrage Club,
President, Mrs. W. M. Morse.
Austin Era Club,
President, Mrs. George Baudler.
LEADERS FOR LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS OF HENNEPIN COUNTY, MINNEAPOLIS.

28th Legislative District,
Mrs. Frank Finsterbach,
Mrs. Robins Gilman.

29th Legislative District,
Mrs. E. Dana Durand.

30th Legislative District,
Mrs. W. C. M. Pyke,

31st Legislative District,
Mrs. Edward Nelson.

32nd Legislative District,
Mrs. S. A. Stockwell.

33rd Legislative District,
Mrs. Andreas Ueland.

34th Legislative District,
Mrs. Milton D. Purdy.

35th Legislative District,
Mrs. Charles Loss.

36th Legislative District,
Mrs. W. M. Morse.

LEADERS FOR LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS OF RAMSEY COUNTY, ST. PAUL.

37th Legislative District,
Mrs. George M. Kenyon.

38th Legislative District,
Miss Marguerite Davis.

39th Legislative District,
Mrs. Wm. Cameron.

40th Legislative District,
Miss Cornelia Lusk.

41st Legislative District,
Mrs. H. A. Tomlinson.

42nd Legislative District,
Mrs. Gilbert Gutterson.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONS.

Freeborn County
Legislative District No. 6,
Leader, Mrs. Clyde Hayden,
Albert Lea,

Faribault County
Legislative District No. 7,
Leader, Mrs. S. J. Johnson,
Blue Earth,

Blue Earth County
Legislative District No. 8,
Leaders,
Mrs. W. J. Morehart, Dis. Organizer.
Mrs. G. H. Trafton,

Martin and Watonwan Counties
Legislative District No. 9,
Leader, Mrs. Frank A. Day,
Fairmont,

Jackson and Cottonwood Counties
Legislative District No. 10,
Leader, Mrs. H. R. Leigh,
Lakefield.
TREASURER'S REPORT

RECEIPTS.
Subscriptions from clubs ... $260.00
Individual Subscriptions ... 2643.49
Club dues ... 173.40
Sale of Suffrage Film tickets ... 125.70
Melting Pot Fete ... 410.04
Garden Party ... 410.48
Sale of Pennants ... 8.25

Total ... $4031.36

EXPENDITURES.
Legislative work ... $250.00
Organization work (Salary and Expense) ... 861.16
Press work (Office, personal, and janitor service) ... 286.00
President's expenses, (Traveling, postage, telegrams, etc.) ... 257.98
National Woman Suffrage Association, (New Jersey, dues, pledge) ... 650.00
Printing ... 305.15
Clerical work ... 480.24
Office Equipment ... 72.95
Office Expenses, postage, etc. ... 354.91
Individual Expense and Postage ... 148.82
Literature ... 136.44
Miscellaneous ... 182.74

Total ... $3986.39
Balance ... 44.97

PLEDGES MADE TO THE M. W. S. A.
AT AND SINCE CONVENTION,
OCT. 1914.

Minneapolis.
Mrs. Thomas Lowry ... $200.00
Mrs. C. S. Fillsbury ... 150.00
Mrs. R. M. Bennett ... 100.00
Mr. R. M. Bennett ... 100.00
Mrs. H. G. Harrison ... 100.00
Mrs. G. H. Partridge ... 100.00
Mrs. S. T. McKnight ... 100.00
Mrs. Angus Morrison ... 100.00
Mrs. A. L. Searle ... 100.00
Mrs. A. H. Potter ... 50.00
Mrs. F. B. Snyder ... 50.00
Mrs. Chas. E. Wales ... 50.00
Mrs. J. A. Bovey ... 25.00
Mrs. L. Christian ... 25.00
Mrs. W. N. Carroll ... 25.00
Mrs. A. E. Hendrickson ... 25.00
Mrs. and Miss McDonald ... 25.00
Dr. Margared Koch ... 25.00
Mrs. Clarkson Lindley ... 25.00
Mrs. Geo. Porter ... 25.00

St. Paul.
Mrs. C. P. Noyes ... $200.00
Mrs. G. M. Kenyon ... 200.00
Mrs. Alexander Colvin ... 50.00
Miss Cornelia B. Lusk ... 25.00
<table>
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<tr>
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<td>Mrs. and Miss Wells</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. C. C. Bovey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. A. A. Taylor</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miss M. M. Seward</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dr. Ethel Hurd</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Hugh Wilson</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mary G. Andrews</td>
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<td>Mrs. L. L. Corse</td>
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<td>Mrs. F. A. Gaus</td>
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<td>Mrs. A. B. Jackson</td>
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<td>Mrs. R. H. Passmore</td>
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<td>Mrs. David Simon</td>
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<td>Mrs. F. L. Washburn</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miss Anne Faries</td>
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<td>Mrs. James A. Peterson</td>
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<td>Mrs. F. W. Forman</td>
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<td>Mrs. Wm. C. Whitney</td>
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<td>Mrs. A. E. Zonne</td>
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<td>Mrs. V. H. Troendle</td>
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<td>Mrs. D. N. Winton</td>
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<td>Mrs. Walter Thorp</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Maud C. Stockwell</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mary E. Partridge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. E. E. Palmer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. G. H. Bridgman</td>
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<td>Mrs. F. A. Camp</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Lester Elwood</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. E. D. Durand</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Frank Finsterbach</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. D. P. Jones</td>
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<td>Mrs. F. A. Kent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miss Abbie Gail Mabee</td>
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<td>Mrs. F. K. Plant</td>
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<td>Mrs. G. F. Reynolds</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. S. R. Child</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elizabeth Woodworth, M.D.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. E. H. Day</td>
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<td>Mrs. C. S. Crandall</td>
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<td>Mrs. C. A. Clark</td>
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<td>Mary Hartzell</td>
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<td>Mrs. W. G. Hollis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miss Catherine Brazee</td>
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<td>Mrs. O. B. Gould</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mr. Emil Knips</td>
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<td>Mrs. B. B. Nelson</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Frank Crary</td>
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<td>Mrs. W. C. Cobb</td>
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<td>Mrs. Arthur Brin</td>
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<tr>
<td>Earl Partridge</td>
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<td>Mrs. H. A. Oftel</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miss Maude McMichaels</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. W. H. Ritchie</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Cora Ross Clark</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. M. S. Nichols</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. R. G. Roberts</td>
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PLEDGES MADE OUTSIDE OF THE TWIN CITIES TO THE M. W. S. A.

<table>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. P. L. DeVost, Duluth</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
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<td>Dr. Mary McCoy, Duluth</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. S. Beidleman, Sauk Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. P. J. Schwarg, Dodge Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mr. P. K. Smiley, Kellogg</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. L. B. Castle, Stillwater</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. G. M. Lawrence, Duluth</td>
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SUBSCRIPTIONS FROM CLUBS.

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<th>Club</th>
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<tr>
<td>Minneapolis Political Equality Club</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minneapolis Suffrage Association</td>
<td>100.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minneapolis Scandinavian Association</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Paul Political Equality Club</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ninth District (Mrs. S. A. Tenney)</td>
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Total                                      | $260.00|

MISCELLANEOUS.

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<td>Bank Balance, Oct. 1914</td>
<td>$24.02</td>
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<td>Collection at Convention, 1914</td>
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<td>Sale of Suffrage Film Tickets</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Fair (sale of pennants, etc.)</td>
<td>7.35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CONSTITUTION.

PREAMBLE.

Know all men by these presents that we, the undersigned, all residents of the State of Minnesota, have hereby associated ourselves together to become incorporated, and do hereby form a corporation under Sections 3102 to 3109 inclusive of the Revised Laws of 1905 of the State of Minnesota, and the acts amendatory thereof, and to that end have adopted and do hereby adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

NAME, OBJECT, PLAN OF OPERATION, LOCATION.

Section 1. The name of this organization shall be the "Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association."

Section 2. The object of this organization shall be to secure the right of suffrage to the women of Minnesota and of the United States, in order that they may obtain industrial and legal as well as political equality.

Section 3. The location of this corporation shall be in the city of St. Paul, Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

MEMBERSHIP.

Section 1. There shall be three (3) classes of members in this organization:

Legislative District Organizations, Suffrage Societies, and Life Members.

Section 2. Any suffrage society in this state numbering ten (10) members may become auxiliary to this organization.

Section 3. Any person who shall make a payment of fifty dollars ($50.00) into the treasury of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association shall become a life member of the organization.

Section 4. Each auxiliary society or club of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association shall send to the Treasurer of the state organization ten cents ($.10) per member on or before August 30th of each year.

Section 5. Each Legislative District of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association shall send to the Treasurer of the state organization five dollars ($5.00) on or before August 30th of each year.

ARTICLE III.

OFFICERS.

Section 1. The officers of this organization shall be—

a President,
five Vice Presidents,
one Recording Secretary,
one Corresponding Secretary,
one Treasurer,
one Auditor,
all to be elected from its membership.

Section 2. The vice-presidents shall be elected one from each of the cities of first class, Saint Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, and two from the state outside of these cities.

Section 3. The control and management of this organization shall be vested in an executive Board which shall be composed of its officers and eight (8) directors, all to be elected from the membership of the organization at the annual meeting, the chairmen of its standing committees and the state members from the legislative groups.

Section 4. The General Officers of this organization shall be elected on the last day of the annual meeting.
ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. The annual meeting of this corporation shall be held on the second Friday and following Saturday of October of each year at ten A. M., at the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, but said corporation may hold any of its meetings or transact any of its business at such other time, place, or places, within the State of Minnesota as the majority of its members may determine by vote direct or through its executive board. Other meetings may be called by the president with the consent, or at the request of three members of the executive board.

BY-LAWS.

ARTICLE I.

Section 1. Election shall be by formal ballot.

Section 2. All elections shall be by the Australian Ballot system.

Section 3. A majority of all votes cast shall be necessary for an election.

ARTICLE II.

DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

Section 1. The duties of all officers shall be such as pertain to their offices.

Section 2. The Vice Presidents, in order, shall perform the duties of president in her absence.

Section 3. The Treasurer shall keep books of itemized accounts. She shall render reports at all Executive Board meetings and at the annual Convention. She shall furnish credential blanks to all auxiliary societies. She shall pay bills only upon order of the Executive Board. She shall give bond in such sum as the Executive Board may require. The expense of such bond shall be paid from the treasury of the organization.

Section 4. The Auditor shall examine the books and reports of the Treasurer quarterly and report concerning them to the Executive Board.

Section 5. The Executive Board shall at all times carry out the will of the organization as expressed at any legal meeting.

ARTICLE III.

TERM OF OFFICE.

Section 1. Newly elected officers shall assume office directly after the last session of the annual meeting at which they have been elected.

ARTICLE IV.

ORGANIZATION.

Section 1. Each Legislative District in Minnesota shall be entitled to one District Suffrage organization, auxiliary to this organization.

Section 2. The Legislative District organization shall be presided over by a Leader who shall be a member of that District organization, elected for one year at the annual meeting of that District organization.

Section 3. The Legislative Districts of the state shall be combined into not less than eight groups.

Section 4. The Leaders of each group of Legislative Districts shall, before October eighth (8th) of each year select one of their number to be the state member for that group on the Executive Board.

ARTICLE V.

VACANCIES.

Section 1. The Executive Board shall have power to fill all vacancies which may occur in its membership during the year.
ARTICLE VI.
REPRESENTATION.

Section 1. All members of the Executive Board are entitled to vote at any meeting of this organization.

Section 2. The President and three (3) accredited delegates from each auxiliary club of ten members shall each have a vote.

Section 3. For each ten members, after the first ten, each auxiliary club may send one accredited delegate.

Section 4. Each Legislative District shall be entitled to ten (10) delegates who shall be chosen as the District organization shall decide.

ARTICLE VII.
MEETINGS.

Section 1. Three quarterly conferences, beginning in January, shall be held during the year outside of Saint Paul and Minneapolis.

Section 2. The Executive Board shall hold regular monthly meetings.

Section 3. Special meetings of the Executive Board may be called by the President, or at the request of five members of the Executive Board.

Section 4. Written notice of each meeting shall be sent to every member of the Executive Board.

Section 5. The Legislative District organizations of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association shall hold their annual meetings not later than September 30th of each year.

ARTICLE VIII.
QUORUM.

Section 1. Seven (7) members of the Executive Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Section 2. Thirty (30) members of the state organization shall constitute a quorum for the annual meeting.

ARTICLE IX.
COMMITTEES.

Section 1. The Standing Committees shall be:
1. Finance.
2. Press and Publicity.
3. Suffrage Periodicals.
5. Legislative.
6. State and County Fairs.
8. Member of National Executive Council.

Section 2. Special Committees shall be appointed from time to time by the Executive Board as it shall deem them desirable.

ARTICLE X.
PUBLIC AUDITOR.

Section 1. All accounts of the Treasurer shall be audited by a public auditor who shall report upon his findings at the annual meeting.

Section 2. This auditor, to be paid from the treasury of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association.

ARTICLE XI.
PROCEDURE.

Section 1. At all meetings of this organization the procedure shall be according to "Emma Laird Longan's Parliamentary Rules Made Easy," unless covered by this Constitution and By-Laws.
ARTICLE XII.
Section 1. All affiliations of this association shall be decided by the association at its annual meeting or at a special meeting of the body.

ARTICLE XIII.
AMENDMENTS.
Section 1. These By-Laws may be amended by filing notice of amendment with the Recording Secretary of the state organization, not less than thirty (30) days before the meeting at which the amendment is to be considered and appending notice of amendment to the call for the meeting.
Section 2. A vote of two-thirds of the members present shall be necessary to amend the By-Laws.
Miss Hendryx
Mrs. Child, Hill
and little girl to Russell & Daggett
MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

PRESIDENTIAL SUFFRAGE FOR WOMEN.

The bill pending in the legislature permitting women to vote for presidential electors has been under consideration by the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association for some months. The day after the amendment was lost in the Senate a conference of representatives of the suffrage organizations of the Twin Cities was held in Minneapolis and it was decided at that time to try for a bill for limited suffrage. In a number of states, among them Minnesota, it has been made so difficult to amend the constitution that it is considered wise to obtain, if possible, a measure giving limited suffrage which shall be a stepping stone to complete enfranchisement. The most notable effort in this direction was the successful one in Illinois which two years ago gave the women presidential and municipal suffrage.

In Indiana and Vermont, both states presenting unusual difficulties in the way of constitutional amendments, bills for limited suffrage have been submitted to the legislatures.

The right of the legislature to act independently of the state constitution is based on Section 1, Article II, of the Federal Constitution, which says:

"EACH STATE SHALL APPOINT IN SUCH MANNER AS THE LEGISLATURE THEREOF MAY DIRECT, a number of electors equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled by the Congress."

Citizenship in the United States is of a dual nature, national citizenship and state citizenship, and state constitutions cannot abridge rights conferred by the Federal Constitution.

There are a number of precedents in which state legislatures have acted independently of state constitutions in choosing presidential electors. In the early history of the United States there were several instances in which the State Legislatures themselves chose the presidential electors. This method was regularly followed in South Carolina up to and including the year 1860.

On several occasions State Legislatures have passed regulations for the presidential election enabling persons to vote who, by the State Constitution, would have been debarred from voting; and the right of the State Legislatures to do this has always been upheld by the courts. Thus the Maine Legislature, on March 24, 1864, passed an act to enable soldiers who were absent in the field to vote for presidential electors; and the next day it submitted an amendment to the State Constitution to enable soldiers absent in the field to vote for State officers. The latter required a constitutional amendment; the
former did not. New Hampshire (see Public Laws of 1864) passed a Soldiers' Voting Act for presidential electors, the legality of which was unanimously upheld by the State Supreme Court (45 N. H. p. 607), although the act was in conflict with the State Constitution. The Supreme Court took the ground that the question as to how the presidential electors should be chosen "is governed wholly by the Constitution of the United States as the paramount law, and the Constitution of this State has no concern with the question." The Vermont Supreme Court gave an opinion to the same effect (37 Vermont Appendix).

The National House of Representatives also upheld the constitutionality of the Michigan Soldiers' Voting Act. More than twenty years ago the Michigan Legislature departed from the custom of having the presidential electors chosen upon a general ticket. It divided the State into electoral districts, each district to choose one elector.

It is not possible for women of Minnesota to obtain full suffrage in less than four years, at best. By passing this bill at this time the legislature will give women of the state the right to vote for president at the next election, giving them an importance politically that unquestionably will enhance their prospects for complete enfranchisement. It is a measure which does not conflict with or involve any local issues and may be considered upon its merits. Those who believe in the justice of woman suffrage and in the extension of democracy have an opportunity of forwarding both causes in advocating this measure.
WHY SHOULD WOMEN VOTE?

This booklet contains all the OBJECTIONS to woman suffrage, their ANSWERS, and the CREAM of all that has been said or written on this subject from Moses and Plato down to Saint Paul and the year of our Lord 1915.

The map that's more than half woman suffrage already—what's the matter with making it ALL woman suffrage?

Illinois, 1913
Alaska, 1913

In the LIGHT States women enjoy full suffrage. In the SHADED States women have taxation, bond, or school suffrage. In Illinois women have Presidential, partial county and State, and municipal suffrage. In the DARK States women have NO vote at all.

AN APPEAL TO GALLANT MEN
little Jack Horner sat in a corner
Eating Political Pie
He put his thumb in and pulled out a plum.
And said What a Big Boy am I o-o-o-o-
Poor little Mary (not really contrary)
Had a good right to look glum
Why should Jack Horner on pies have a corner
And poor little Mary have none. o o o o

A WOMAN'S BURDEN.

At the End of the Season

Bringing in the Sheaves

The woman supports the world and protects her children, while the man wields property and kills each other. Woman suffrage will end such criminal foolishness. Only world suffrage means world peace.
A Half-Developed Democracy

If a Negro or an Indian is twenty-one years old, owns a dog, and pays taxes on it, he may vote in any State, but no matter how intelligent or wealthy a woman may be, she cannot vote in thirty-six States.

"A woman coming in!"

Cleveland Photo Dealer.

1. "I have been absolute monarch of the world since government began. I will not change my sovereignty."

"GOVERNMENT"

"THE VOTE"

"A government of the people, by the people, for the people."

Women Voters Demand: Enfranchise Women.
IT MAKES A DIFFERENCE WHO SAYS IT.

“Suffrage—taxation without representation is tyranny.”

Victor—“You unwomanly creature!”

Reasons Why Women Want to Vote

Bright, thoughtful, efficient, progressive women can put two and two together. They know that woman has always been the slave of man. What caused the patriarch to claim the woman for his own? Because the woman was his wife. Because she was his slave. Why should woman feel better now? Because she is not a slave? Because she is not a wife? She is a woman. The whole idea of a woman is her femininity. She is a woman. She is not a slave. She is not a wife. She is a woman. She is a woman. She is a woman. She is a woman. She is a woman.

Directly or indirectly our women are all tax-payers. But Sambo, the colored man, who cannot read his own vote, can see the poll and help to dispose of the wrongs of the world, if he can but see the truth of things. What written more humiliating can be imagined?

"Equal pay for equal work" will never be the rule while women are disfranchised. At woman's feet, they must pay the same as men, just costs. The same for the wages as for the man. A woman pays no less than a man. For a sight of corn, a pound of beef, a bish of potatoes, or a quart of milk, a woman's clothing costs as much as a man's, but it is not woman's work. The work is the same, yet the result, store, is female. It only one-half to two-thirds of the pay, a man gets for the same kind of service. In that case, the woman is obviously cheated. "The mother that nurses the child of the world" is truly only window; it cannot be politically or practically true, until the ballot is in her hands. The hand that holds the ballot rules the world.

The Woman's Right

BALKET

"The widows' rights."

"Life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness."

BROD, DULZ, NEW YORK.

The Duty of Women to Vote

It is as much the duty of a woman to vote as it is a man's duty. It is her government as much as his; it is her country, as well as his; the same laws control her that control him, and as fair and impartially as it is as urgent for him as it is as urgent for her. It is as much as his as it is as urgent for her. It is as much as his as it is as urgent for her. It is as much as his as it is as urgent for her. It is as much as his as it is as urgent for her. It is as much as his as it is as urgent for her.

Some men try to hide behind the veil of woman's rights. But they are not women's rights. They are not women's rights. They are not women's rights. They are not women's rights. They are not women's rights. They are not women's rights. They are not women's rights. They are not women's rights.

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The drive, the child labor exploiter, the saloon keeper, the white slave, and the crooked politician are all their tax and equal suffrage.

"He might as well submit gently!"

St. Paul, Minn.

He might as well submit gently!"

The drive, the child labor exploiter, the saloon keeper, the white slave, and the crooked politician are all their tax and equal suffrage.

He might as well submit gently."

St. Paul, Minn.
"Both caged".

"You get too much." If the woman could vote, she would get her fair share of the profit of an hour's work.

If a woman owns back stock, railroad stock, or stock in manufacturing, mining or other profit-sharing establishments, she votes on the same constituted as her husband for president, representatives, and directors of manufacturing corporations, but in thirty-six out of forty-eight states she has no right to vote as a citizen. The idea of a woman voting as a citizen is out of the question for the present.

The real moments to women's suffrage are comparatively few. The great majority of men and women have never given the subject due consideration. And yet the existence of women is as real as the sun in its orbit. No man can vote against the sun.

In Great Britain, of course, we read "Bible and Realities" written by them. And God blessed them, and God said unto them, be fruitful and multiply and replenish the earth and subdue it. You see He created them equal and set them both at the same task of work, namely, domesticating and cultivating the earth, not each other.

WHO SAYS THAT WAR IS MAN'S BUSINESS?

Napoleon fully realized the value of woman to the State when he said: "The great root of France is mother." If women did not fight in war, they give to the State all its soldiers.

And they, let women's sense of happiness give their social pleasures to the State, let women's love of work, save the State from the barrenness of their political careers.

"Of about 30,000 ministers of all denominations in the United States before the Civil War, not one out of a hundred was animated by a feeling that the employment of millions of Negroes was a duty. The negroes were looked upon by the great masses of the people as a part of the waste-products in the world. Now, if the negroes are to be treated as God intended them to be treated, the Minister of the Gospel must be an embodiment of the Gospel of God, and an embodiment of the Gospel of God must be an embodiment of the Gospel of God.

"The great root of France is mother."

And God said unto them, be fruitful and multiply and replenish the earth and subdue it. You see He created them equal and set them both at the same task of work, namely, domesticating and cultivating the earth, not each other.
DOMESTIC CROAKERS.

When the Government Was Elect...
The Antique

The New York Tribune.

The Unfair Taunt of the Highbrow.

The Highbrow.—"If you see my mental equal why have you no mandate?"

If Western men in twelve Western States can trust their women with the ballot, why cannot gentlemen in thirty-six Eastern and Southern States trust their women with the ballot? "Universal representation is tyranny" declared the founders of our Republic, and hastened not to lay down their lives to hold up this prejudice.

What caused the down-fall of ancient Tyre and Sichem, of cultured Greece and mighty Rome? Not their virtues, their thrift, their tempers, their culture, but their vices, their blindness, their insensibi- lity, their dissipation, their dissipation. America will go down with them, unless the solemn warning of women's votes is brought to bear in our political life.

A woman's vote can't be blamed for a mistake made in electing J. Bush to the office of the President. But when her conscience was chosen, it can very reasonably be inferred from the Bible narrative that women participated in the election. "They all continued with one accord in prayer and supplication, with the women. And they gave forth their voice, and the lot fell upon Matthias." Acts 1:26.
"Woman is not fit for the Ballot."

They say: "Women have no time to vote." It requires less time to rule for good government than to take care of the results of bad government.

Effect of Woman Suffrage for Women.

All work and no power—no pull—no citizenship—brings self-respect and sex-respect broadens woman's mind and fits her better for motherhood and usefulness makes her no less [sic] because it makes her stronger; increases charity for a "reason"—the victim woman of the West was saved with greater courtesy by the men than their Eastern sisters who cannot vote; does not enter politics, but will vote for the man who will do the job, and vote for the man who is fit to save the country, in a lower sphere has anywhere and never been fulfilled.

Women were the givers, their brother a priest, and their sister Miletus a prophetess—a office less honorable, distinctive and important than either of the other two. Delilah was not a prophetess and judge only but a warrior too, who conquered the mighty General [illegible].

A Washington, D.C. correspondent writes to the paper: "I am in favor of giving [illegible] one woman in members of the House of Representatives, one woman in Senate or one woman suffrage. The plan is so good that to fit two hours in it in bed, sleeping at the stove completely probably gives one. What the plan needs is a regular housedoctor. If these women down women members, their would not be in the House a week before they would have the last-smelling of them ready to vote in. It is not the life to live in the women's will drive out and only transistor, smoke and whiskey."


"Many don't they go home where their friends still wish to have the right to help elect those that are sent to the House, but they will have the right to put up and put down from politics."
The Right to Vote Is An Inherent Right

The right to own property, the right to get married, and the right to vote are all rights of the same kind. If they are inherent rights, law may regulate their exercise, but law cannot confer them, nor justify them. The Roman law, the Declaration of Independence, nor the Constitution of the United States, conceded the right to vote to anybody male or female, since men and women had an inherent right to vote for or against those documents before they existed.

His speculations of prejudice sex brackets in shackles! If he were looking through spectacles of common sense, he could see better.

A professor of history in a college one day explained the cause of the great variety of flowers in the world. He claimed that the greater number of flowers are native to Europe, because the soil of Europe can carry the pollen, the fertilizing dust of flowers—fertilize the plant in cooler and in this way the varieties are created. Field mice eat broccoli, bees eat field mice, and old mice eat potato cats. Therefore, the more old mice, the more cats to destroy field mice, the fewer varieties of flowers and vegetables.

A class thought it high jinks worth trying to turn over the ace of spades, high collar, lacy vest, his brainy beady eyes, his panting face, and his amused manner in the other. Placing it upon his nose and stretching out his neck like a prince bearing the insignia of office, Francis--"what is the law and sense of this"

"I don't know, sir," confided the professor. "Perhaps Miss Jones could answer." And Miss Jones replied with dignity, "Dude.

If dudes are the cause of old maids, what is the cause of dudes? If men's laughter was a menace, who was the mother's father of the terrible results predicted by the opponents of woman suffrage? Who ever happened where it is practiced? In Wyoming there is not a woman who will assert above her own cause and address the woman suffrage. Miss Jones had any bad results. The response has this far failed.

A better day is coming on when woman suffrage will bind the ruthless hands of War with iron fetters of justice, and sentence him to millennium imprisonment.

We cannot get the women out of our politics as long as we get our politics out of the women's hands, and neither can we expect to educate them unless we educate them to think independently, for the Chinese will be there to stuff their minds with empty phrases and dooms, and make people will unintel
Which Side Will Get YOUR Vote?

WAITING IN AMBUSH.

The anti-suffragette cuts a small figure in her gang. The vote of enlightened public opinion escorts the suffragette to victory.

Horace Greeley was once angered by Democrats in a public meeting, and said: "I do not say that every Democrat is a horse thief but I do say that every horse thief is a Democrat." We do not say that every opponent of woman suffrage is a scoundrel, but we do say that every scoundrel is an opponent of woman suffrage.

Chief Justice Green of Washington said: "The opponents of woman suffrage in Washington find themselves allied with a solid phalanx of gamblers, pimps, prostitutes, drunkards and drunkard-makers."

When respectable people find themselves in alliance with scoundrelism, is it not worth while to stop and consider whether they have not taken their stand in the wrong company?

Courtesy of Maryland Suffrage News
Woman Suffrage Gains in State Legislatures of 1915

NEW YORK
Amendment Passed. Senate Unanimous
House Unanimous

Massachusetts
Amendment Passed. Senate 33 to 3
House 196 to 33

NEW JERSEY
Amendment Passed. Senate 17 to 4
House Unanimous

WEST VIRGINIA
Amendment Passed. Senate 29 to 1
House 76 to 8

TENNESSEE
Amendment Passed. Senate 26 to 3
House 74 to 14

ARKANSAS
Amendment Passed. Senate 23 to 12
House 51 to 18

Pennsylvania
Amendment Pending. Senate 38 to 11
in favor

INDIANA
Bill pending giving women limited suffrage. Senate
37 to 3 in favor. Gov, Ralston has stated he will sign bill

IOWA
Amendment Passed. Senate 38 to 11. House 84 to 14

VERMONT
Bill pending giving women presidential suffrage.
Senate 29 to 10 in favor.

TEXAS
Committee on Constitutional Amendments by a vote of
16 to 2 reported Woman Suffrage Amendment favorably

MINNESOTA?
SUFFRAGISTS know that, apart from whether she desires or not, woman must share "the obligations time and custom have given man." They see the "father-right" and the "mother-right" supplementing each other throughout the whole of life.

Knowing that the "world do move," suffragists believe that this "initial form of woman’s influence as developed through the ages" must keep pace with man. As he has progressed from primitive conditions, woman, advancing with him, has shared the blessings of education and enlarging vision.

Suffragists see that political development has been logical, but is incomplete. The governing class, originally only chiefs, kings and priests, was extended to include knights and nobles. And then, as masses of men demanded it, further extended until now men are generally enfranchised.

Woman’s Life follows parallel lines. Absorbed in primitive industry within the home, she has been overtaken by modern industrialism that transforms her environment. Light, water, sewage, food, fuel, spinning, weaving, all have been commercialized. The home is subject to municipal regulation. Schools take over the teaching of the children. Lost woman forfeit her heritage as wife and mother, she must follow these interests with her care and guidance into the larger life of the city which has absorbed them.

Gradually economic changes have forced approximately 8,000,000 women into bread-winning occupations. And mother-care is as necessary in the streets and council chambers as between the four walls of home. Women could not neglect these significant changes, so the best among them have for many years been feeling their way to larger service.

Many tools have been ready to their purpose, character, personal influence, uniting effort. But politics has laid over-emphasis upon the means of living and underestimated the quality of life. Women find their tool chest incomplete. As much as man, they need this other implement, the ballot. It is no more, no less important to woman than to man. It does not take the place of any of her other tools, but it will re-enforce them, dignify and relate her work to the issues of the time.

Many men, also, have come to realize that democratic ideals demand that political development, to be a fair expression of humanity, must include woman. Should she alone be disfranchised, it will handicap her evolution and, through her, the evolution of the race.

Suffragists differ radically from the dictum that "patriotism is distinct from politics." Patriotism must inspire the whole of life; nowhere is it more urgently needed than in politics and government.

Suffragists believe responsibility will ennoble woman as it has ennobled every class to whom it has been given. Believing in man, they believe, also, in woman.

The franchise for woman cannot correct all evils, but its influence, like that of the church, will be on the side of good. This is proven by experience in countries and states where it exists.

During the last half century the women most distinguished for social service have felt the need of the ballot and have left a strong suffrage literature.

But suffrage for women is primarily a question of right and justice. Under republican form of government every one should have a right to a voice in the laws they are forced to obey, irrespective of whether they desire to exercise that right or not.

Suffrage does not depend for its argument upon the vast number of women asking for it, though it is a rising wave and in spite of any quibbling, is recognized as a world movement, spiritual, significant and steadfast.

Neither can it be overlooked that approximately 4,000,000 women already have the ballot. Suffragists believe that Minnesota should not longer disfranchise Minnesota women who would be welcomed to effective citizenship in many other states of the Union.

The effort of women, both for and against suffrage, conclusively proves how vitally interested they are in public affairs and in itself is proof of their fitness to use the franchise.

And finally, suffragists hold that the voters of the state should decide this issue. And that, consequently, it is the manifest duty of the Legislature to submit it to them.

—From the St. Paul Pioneer Press.
Voters--Save for Reference
Senate Resolution 130, and House Resolution 1
(Known as the Bristow-Mondell Resolution)

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress Assembled (two-thirds of each House con-
ccurring therein), That the following article be proposed to the legislatures
of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of the said legislatures, shall
be valid as part of said Constitution, namely:

"Article.—SEC. 1. The right of citizens of the United States
to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by
any State on account of sex.

"SEC. 2. Congress shall have power, by appropriate legisla-
tion, to enforce the provisions of this article."

You will observe—
1st. That—this amendment does not directly give the franchise to
women. It merely forbids any state to disfranchise because of sex,
as the 15th amendment forbade disfranchisement because of race,
color, etc.
It is the logical and inevitable extension of democracy.

2nd. That—the passage of this, the Bristow-Mondell Resolution by both
branches of Congress does not make it operative until further ratified
by a majority vote of the legislatures of three-fourths of all the
states.
This is the careful and conservative method provided by the
Framers of the Constitution for its adaptation to the growing needs
of the people.

3rd. That—this provision of the Constitution for its own amendment
has been subscribed and agreed to by each and every state at entry
into the Union.

4th. That—after this amendment is passed by Congress and ratified by
the legislatures it then becomes the privilege and the duty of each
state legislature to fix and define the terms upon which the women
of its commonwealth may exercise the franchise.
This ensures the conformity of woman suffrage to local issues
and conditions, precisely in the way that manhood suffrage is regu-
lated, now, to that end.

5th. And that, finally, the widespread, earnest and long-continued de-
mand for this constitutional amendment entitles the people through
their respective legislatures to a voice in its consideration and
decision.

MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION.
POLITICAL EQUALITY CLUB OF ST. PAUL.
POLITICAL EQUALITY CLUB OF MINNEAPOLIS.
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION, Minneapolis.
WOMAN'S WELFARE LEAGUE, St. Paul.
SCANDINAVIAN WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE CLUB, Minneapolis.
FOURTH DISTRICT CONGRESSIONAL UNION FOR WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

This Resolution is on the Calendars of the United States Congress
and is set for consideration by the House on January 10th. If you believe
in the justice of Woman's Suffrage or even in the right of the people to
vote on the question, please, at once, write or telegraph your Congress-
man, asking him to vote for this Resolution.
CORRECT PRINCIPLE

But How Can the Whole Public Wish
Be Voted Without the
Women?

The fundamental principle of our government is that every person should express the wish by the vote, and that the majority should rule. This principle is not fully carried out except in those states which comprise nearly half the territory of the United States, where women have the franchise.

The Legislature of Wyoming, after twenty-five years of experience with woman suffrage, sent the following proclamation to all the Legislatures of the country:

"Whereas, Wyoming was the first state to adopt woman suffrage, which has been in operation since 1869, and was adopted in the constitution of the state in 1890; during which time women have exercised the privilege as generally as men, with the result that better candidates have been elected for office, methods of election purified, the character of legislation improved, civic intelligence increased, and womanhood developed to a greater usefulness by political responsibility; therefore,

"Resolved, by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that in view of these results the enfranchisement of women in every state and territory of the American Union is hereby recommended as a measure tending to the advancement of a higher and better social order."
Woman Suffrage Federal Amendment

Senate Resolution 130, and House Resolution 1

(Known as the Bristow-Mondell Resolution)

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled (two-thirds of each House concurring therein), That the following article be proposed to the legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of the said legislatures, shall be valid as part of said Constitution, namely:

"Article.—SEC. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

"SEC. 2. Congress shall have power, by appropriate legislation, to enforce the provisions of this article."

The Bristow-Mondell Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending the right of suffrage to women is now on the calendar of the Senate and House of the U. S. Congress. Jan. 10th is the date set for the vote on the measure in the House. If you believe in the RIGHT of the PEOPLE TO RULE and that WOMEN ARE PEOPLE, write or telegraph your Congressman at once to vote for House Resolution I.

You will observe—

1st. That—this amendment does not directly give the franchise to women. It merely forbids any state to disfranchise because of sex, as the 15th amendment forbade disfranchisement because of race, color, etc.

It is the logical and inevitable extension of democracy.

2nd. That—the passage of this, the Bristow-Mondell Resolution by both branches of Congress does not make it operative until further ratified by a majority vote of the legislatures of three-fourths of all the states.

This is the careful and conservative method provided by the Framers of the Constitution for its adaptation to the growing needs of the people.

3rd. That—this provision of the Constitution for its own amendment has been subscribed and agreed to by each and every state at entry into the Union.

4th. That—after this amendment is passed by Congress and ratified by the legislatures it then becomes the privilege and the duty of each state legislature to fix and define the terms upon which the women of its commonwealth may exercise the franchise.

This ensures the conformity of woman suffrage to local issues and conditions, precisely in the way that manhood suffrage is regulated, now, to that end.

5th. And that, finally, the widespread, earnest and long-continued demand for this constitutional amendment entitles the people through their respective legislatures to a voice in its consideration and decision.

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WOMAN'S WELFARE LEAGUE, St. Paul.

SCANDINAVIAN WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE CLUB, Minneapolis.

FOURTH DISTRICT CONGRESSIONAL UNION FOR WOMAN SUFFRAGE.
Mrs. F. W. Plant, 201 Clifton Av.
Mrs. Alden H. Potter, 2849 Irving Av. S.
Miss Ella Probst, Lake Harriet School.
Mrs. Wm. G. Purcell, 2328 Lake Pl.
Mrs. Milton D. Purdy, 2706 Lake of Isles Bvd. W.
Mrs. C. M. Pyke, 1918 Humboldt Av. S.
Miss Emily Pyke, 1918 Humboldt Av. S.
Mrs. George W. Porter, 2600 Euclid Place.

R.
Mrs. A. W. Rankin, 916 5 St. S. E.
Mrs. G. F. Raynolds, 65 So. 11 St.
Mrs. J. A. Ridgway, 4255 Lake Harriet Bvd. E.
Mrs. Wm. Ritchie, 2687 Lake of Isles Bvd. E.
Miss Lillian Ritchie, 2687 Lake of Isles Bvd. E.
Mrs. George Rust, 2311 Pleasant Av.
Mrs. F. A. Reid, 1709 Irving Av. So.

S.
Professor Maria Sanford, 1530 13 Av. S. E.
Mrs. James Sanderson, 603 12 Av. S. E.
Mrs. Erle Savage, 2600 Portland Av.
Miss Josephine Schain, The Tribune.
Mr. Louis L. Schwartz, 3034 Knox Av. S.
Mrs. Louis L. Schwartz, 3034 Knox Av. S.
Mrs. A. L. Searle, 1936 Aldrich Av. S.
Mrs. George H. Selover, 1770 Knox Av. S.
Mrs. F. C. Shenon, 2109 Blaisdel Av.
Miss Margaret Sheridan, Handicraft Guild Bldg.
Mr. David F. Simpson, 1508 Harmon Pl.
Mr. David Simon, 2122 Aldrich Av. S.
Miss Katherine Smith, 435 N. W. Noll Life Bldg.
Mrs. F. B. Snyder, 120 W. 22 St.
Mr. F. B. Snyder, 800 Sec. Bank Bldg.
Mr. Howard Strong, 436 Sec. Bank Bldg.
Mrs. Howard Strong, 2120 Oliver Av. S.
Mrs. David Swenson, 979 14 Av. S. E.
Mrs. D. Edmund Smith, 2601 Pleasant Av.
Mrs. Harvey B. Smith, 4929 Lake Harriet Bvd.
Miss Laura Sikes, Hampshire Arms.
Miss Margaret Sweeney, 424 5 St. S. E.
Mrs. C. F. Struck, 2432 Bryant So.
Mrs. A. W. Strong, 2324 Pillsbury Av.

T.
Mr. Charles S. Thompson, 4808 Nicollet Av.
Mrs. Charles S. Thompson, 4808 Nicollet Av.

Mrs. H. G. Thompson, 2109 Harriet Av.
Miss Blossom Thompson, 1809 Vine Pl.
Miss Bess Thomas, 67 12 St. S.
Mr. Walter Thorp, 1600 Central Av.
Mrs. Walter Thorp, 4709 Emerson Av. S.
Mrs. James Thurston, 2421 Pillsbury Av.
Mrs. Victor Troendle, 1636 W. 26 St.
Mrs. Harry Tuft, 1710 Dupont Av. S.
Miss E. Louise Tuxbury, Graham Hall.

U.
Mrs. Andreas Ueland, Richfield Av. & Cal. Bvd.
Dr. Mabel Ulrich, 1718 Oliver Av. S.

W.
Mrs. E. G. Walton, 802 Mt. Curve Av.
Miss Audrey Walton, 802 Mt. Curve Av.
Mrs. F. L. Washburn, 1112 6 St. S. E.
Mrs. Charles E. Wales, Plaza.
Mrs. Thomas B. Wells, 2226 Pleasant Av.
Miss Anne Wells, 2226 Pleasant Av.
Mr. E. P. Wells, 230 Oak Grove St.
Mrs. E. P. Wells, 230 Oak Grove St.
Miss Marguerite Wells, 230 Oak Grove St.
Mrs. Stuart B. Wells, 11 Dell Pl.
Mrs. Henry Weiskopf, 2440 Bryant Av. S.
Mrs. Wm. C. Whitney, 2314 4 Av. S.
Mrs. Helen Whitney, 312 Belvedere Hall, U. of M.
Mrs. F. H. Wendell, 2848 Irving S.
Mrs. Bert Winter, 1717 Logan Av. S.
Mrs. David N. Winton, 1784 Dupont Av. S.
Miss Stella Wood, 315 11 Av. S. E.
Mrs. Richard P. Woodworth, 2205 Pleasant Av.
Mrs. Phelps Wyman, 5017 3 Av. S.
Judge E. F. Waite, The Court House.
Mr. Frederick B. Wells, 2119 Park Av.
Mrs. Carl Wallace, 2003 Queen Av. S.

Z.
Mrs. Ary Zonne, 910 Mt. Curve Av.

Mrs. George W. Porter, 2600 Euclid Place.
THE BOWDLE SPEECH

As delivered in the House of Representatives in Washington, D. C., January 12, 1915.

Excerpts printed from the author's manuscript before being expurgated for the Congressional Record.

[Introductory Note: From the anti-suffrage side of the debate on the Mondell resolution in the House of Representatives on Tuesday, January 12, 1915, Representative Stanley Bowdle, of Cincinnati, Ohio, made a speech which was loudly applauded and enjoyed by the majority of the House. When his time had expired, and he asked for an additional ten minutes, there were cries of “Give it to him, give it to him!”], and by unanimous consent of the House the extension was granted. When Mr. Bowdle had finished, members rose from their seats to greet and congratulate him with handshakes and spoken approval.

For printing in the Congressional Record, Mr. Bowdle furnished an expurgated copy of his speech. The Congressional Committee of the National American Woman Suffrage Association was able, however, to obtain a manuscript copy of the speech as delivered on the floor of the House, and to consult, besides, the stenographic report taken down by the official reporter. The Committee has reproduced here, with the larger part of the speech in its original language, for the purpose of informing the public what manner of thing was permitted and applauded by the majority of the National Congress, during the serious consideration of a public question and in the presence of women auditors.

ANTIONETTE FUNK,
Vice Chairman Congressional Committee, National American Woman Suffrage Association.

Mr. Speaker, I rise to voice the position of an unnumbered multitude of good women of America relative to the suffrage movement. A multitude of women whose voices are not heard in the street: who do not seek the restorum of political debate: who, though life is not exactly what some of them would have, do not defame their husbands and brothers because they have been unable to declare the kingdom of Heaven to be at hand: women who are not ashamed of their sex-blot, though it disqualifies them from many functions allowed to men. These I represent.

Yes, Mr. Speaker, the women of this smart capitol are beautiful—indeed, their beauty is positively disturbing to business: their feet are beautiful; their ankles are beautiful—but here I must pause (prolonged laughter)—all this I do assert on that kind of evidence required by Greenleaf’s first rules (applause and laughter)—but they are not interested in affairs of state; they are not interested in politics; insofar as I can judge, they are getting their information on these subjects from the source commanded by St Paul, for which I do heartily commend them. (Laughter.)

Who knows, maybe we shall live to see a Mrs. at the other end of Pennsylvania Avenue as President of the United States. Who knows, a Mr. may hook up and unhook the nation’s Chief. (Laughter.)

Mr. Speaker: the functions of women are of a character that disqualifies them from acting as jurors or judges. If I were to defend a man on a capital charge, and a woman were to offer herself as a juror, there are some very intimate questions that I should insist on putting to her as to her then condition and were she over forty-eight, I should want to know something about her change of life. And that man or woman does not live who would want to submit his or her personal property rights to a judge or juror who was with child.

It is the great distinctive function which is at the basis of that consideration which men instinctively show to women in so many ways; even to the point of suspending the criminal laws in their favor.

There are a thousand duties to which you cannot summon women who are gestating or rearing children. And every vigorous woman, even though unmarried, may be invited into that legal relation which brings those powers into play.

Women have a great function. Her functions are not man’s functions. Men and women are different. They are different in every atom. Right here is where women set up a grouch. Many women resent the limitations of sex. But they quarrel with God, when he has the final word. I might as well weep because I cannot gestate a child.

This world is not just what each of us would have it. But, Mr. Speaker, blessed is that man who recognizes the fact cheerfully. Were I given the making of this world, I don’t know just what I should do. Ingersoll said he would make it not rain so hard in the Sea; but coming from Ohio, where we have had terrible floods, I should make it not rain so hard on the land. Of course, the Suffragettes would recommend some changes. One said to me that she would make papas bear the children. (Laughter.) And this, Mr. Speaker, only bears out the claim that this movement, like the whole modern feminine movement, is a simple expression of sex resentment. Only the other day some sociological person examined the roster of a certain Woman’s Club of a western city, and, of out of seventy-two women members, all married and able, not a child had been born within the year.

I would respectfully suggest to the patriotic ladies that when next they meet, instead of denouncing the distinguished member from New York, Mr. Levy, because of the condition of the back gate of Monticello, they resolve on an investigation of this race suicide question; that they give some attention to the feminine clothing question and the millinery question.

Edmund Burke used to say that every law of the British Empire had for its ultimate object the getting of twelve honest men in the jury box. I think he overstated it, for there is something that precedes even the administration of justice—it is marriage. The ultimate object of every law of every civilized country is to get one man in love with one woman. Unless that is the object the Nation must come to an end. Mr. Speaker, a civilization cannot be erected that favors celibacy. If it could, the arrangement would be quite temporary. There might be some justice in giving unmarried women the ballot, but every unmarried woman is ready to marry, and she should sacrifice something (if it be a sacrifice) to the institution which all the world hopes she will finally enter. It is best for the unmarried that our laws should favor the married. The unmarried need no special laws. And the unmarried know this, and hence unmarried suffragettes claim that their special value at the polls and in the legislative halls will be to reduce infant mortality. They need not concern themselves. The married will care for the children of this world. Should suffrage become a fact, the Old Man will parade the floor as usual in his night-shirt. (Laughter and applause.)

All history, Mr Speaker, is nothing but the record of an affair with a woman. Happy is that man whose affair is honorable.

I saw smoke curling up from a cottage chimney in a mountain glen. I followed it, and entered the house—it was an affair with a woman.

(Continued on other side)
man. I looked into the dimpled face of a babe—it told of an affair with a woman. I saw a myriad of black-grimed men emerge from the mine's mouth with lamps and dinner pails, and they smiled and went each his way, and I wondered why they worked amid such dangers, but I followed and found—it was an affair with a woman. I was in the cab of an express locomotive hurling up through darkness towards the city. I wondered at his willingness to endure the dangers, as block signals and switchers and cars shot by: but I saw his face for a moment by the steam gauge light and he smiled, as we approached the division line—and I knew it was simply an affair with a woman. I was with the inventor in an upper room at night, where he had slaved for years on the turbine principle, and I marvelled at his constancy, but he showed me her picture, and, Mr. Speaker, it was an affair with a woman. And the words of Swedenborg came to me, "though men know it not, love is the life of this world."

Women, have they a mission? Yes, it is to rule in the world of love and affection—in the home. It is not to rule in the state. They have a function to perform which precedes the latter sort of rule. Man in King of this universe. Woman is Queen. The Queen rules when the King is dead—or becomes a Molliecoddle, and the American man is not that yet.

The great need of America today is more marriage. But many men are afraid to attempt to support the modern woman. And this suffrage question is making the women less attractive to men. Who would care to marry a pronounced suffragist? (Laughter.)

Yes, the need is more marriage. America needs a new Baptism of the old-time masculinity; and the Baptism should be by immersion. We need the old type of feminine woman.

I know that marriage is by the economic condition unduly postponed or prevented altogether, and I deplore this; but I have never yet heard that the way to treat a disease was to make it worse.

Mr. Speaker: Many things are to be changed by female suffrage. One of them is the "double standard," so-called. Mrs. Pankhurst lately in this city assured us that this change is the first thing upon the suffrage programme. I should like to have her exhibit to me the statute she would pass on this subject. Its wording would be interesting. But pray—and let us be frank—who is it that treats fallen women most harshly? Is it not woman herself? Her bill would have to be entitled "An Act to Reform Women's Views of Women." And who is it that treats a disappointed man with the most consideration? Is it not women?

But are not women's instincts right in this somewhat easier treatment accorded the young man? Here he is, equipped by nature with powerful passions, out daily in the broad and tempting world, subjected to temptations which rarely encompass young women: shall he not be accorded this charitable treatment? What would Mrs. Pankhurst do with him? Let this famous lady try to put some legislative stigma upon him, (say on his forehead,) and the first persons to protest would be the young man's mother and sisters.

I deplore the immoralities of this age. I know how the energies of thousands of young men are dissipated. I would to God that every young man knew the true dignity of pure manhood. I would that every young man had written over the lintels of his heart the 7th Chapter of Proverbs as my Mother bade me write it. But this thing is unreachably by law. Self restraint is not begotten by statute.

And we all weep too much over prostitutes. Reform for them is easy. Any one of them in any American city, desiring to reform, can wash the paint off, clean up, go to the next town and get honest house work. Laziness and vanity are largely responsible for their chosen vocation. We are too lugubrious anyhow over evil people, lazy people, and criminals generally. Our stamina seems to be breaking down in this matter. It would be better were we sadder over the plight of some honest people. My sympathies are with the hard-working and honest.

Word has gone forth that nothing unflattering shall be said of women. But if women want to jump into politics they must not be astonished to have their pedestals jarred by an occasional truth. Hold on to your halo, when you enter politics, is a good motto. Women surely can't burn property and assault and insult State Ministers without hearing something about themselves.

Having declared man to be a tyrant, they must not get embarrassed when sternly asked to name the day and date when he became so, for our mothers did not regard him so.

Mr. Speaker: there is in America today a forgotten institution known as the "Old Man." I know him—you know him. Our mothers knew him and honored him, and he honored them. But he is now forgotten and often derided. Suffragists insult him. I looked upon his frozen features as he conquered the Antarctic Zone, while women burned up five millions of his property at home, made by him with back-breaking labor. I have seen his face in the deadly flames of molten metal, where a mis-movement meant death. I have been with him in the bowels of steamers and have seen him wipe the scalding sweat from his face as he fed hellish furnaces. I have been with him working on great engines, in work taxing nerves and strength, where a mistake of a thousandth of an inch meant ruin. I have been with him in the grease and slime of repairs to great engineering apparatus. I have gotten up with him in the frosty darkness of the morning to go to the great shops of the cities, while leisure America slept. I have eaten with him his spare breakfasts. I have been with multitudes of him around the forges of the world at noon dining from buckets, yet always cheerful. I have seen him pinned beneath locomotives, with his flesh frying on his bones, and his hand still gripping the throttle, when his last question was to the passengers and his last message was to a woman. * * *

This, Mr. Speaker, is man "the Tyrant." This is the being of whom Miss Shaw said the other day, "all we ask of man is that he stand out of our sunshine." This is the being who is no longer able to represent women, who indeed misrepresents them, though he furnishes the world its meal ticket. (Laughter.)

This is the last attempt of the "Old Man" to save his pants. (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. Speaker: the women of this land, who do not want the suffrage, are entitled to be heard on this floor and at the ballot box. Their case has seldom been adequately stated. Fear among men, I regret to say, has usually prevented its statement—fear of alienating votes. I have stated their case without fear. My personal regret is that a statement of the case wears the aspect of hostility to women and the suffrage. But no thoughtful person will say that this is so, for I have taken the position occupied by Mr. Roosevelt, which is that those whose status is to be changed shall themselves vote upon the question, democratically. In taking this position I am aware that many anti-suffragists do not concur, believing that men alone should settle this question; but in a democracy it should be evident to any man that society could not long withstand even a twenty-five per cent demand for the ballot. A ten percent today is quite sufficient to embarrass legislators and arouse their fears.

Mr. Speaker: I love masculine men and feminine women—not women of the rostrum, not senatorial ladies who cross their limbs in political wigwams. I love those women whose functions are so beautifully described in Byron's tragedy of Sardanapalus:

"The first of human life is drawn from woman's breast, Our first small words are taught us at her knee, And our last sighs are too often breathed out in a woman's hearing, when others have fled the ignoble Task of watching beside him who led them."
Minnesota
Woman Suffrage Association

2849 Irving Av. S.
Minneapolis
January 20, 1915.

State Capitol,
St. Paul, Minn.

Dear Sir:

Under the instructions of the executive board of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association, I am sending you the "Woman's Journal on Suffrage News", a weekly published in Boston.

We hope that you will read it, and see how successful and popular Woman Suffrage is in the states where it has been tried, and how rapidly Woman Suffrage sentiment is growing in all parts of the country.

If you have a wife or grown daughter and will give me her address, I shall be glad to send her also some copies of the Woman's Journal.

Respectfully,

Jane Bliss Potter
(Mrs. Alden H. Potter)
January 20, 1915

Dear Suffragist:

The Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association has appointed Monday, February 15th (Susan B. Anthony's Birthday) as "Organization Day."

On that day we wish to have meetings in as many legislative districts of the state as possible in order that the plan, an outline of which I enclose, may be put into operation at once.

Will you not help us to make this effort a success by calling together the friends of our great cause, whom you know, to make preparations so that a meeting may be arranged in your legislative district on February 15th that will be worthy and memorable?

Will you please give the enclosed slip to your local newspaper and otherwise give the matter as much publicity as possible.

If the suffragists in your neighborhood are few in number we hope you will have the courage to make a beginning anyway. By this plan and the enthusiasm of a few the work is sure to grow.

We will send literature and enrollment blanks upon application, and if it seems wise to do so, we may be able to send an organizer into your district before long.

Faithfully yours,

Clara Ueland, President
"I should like to say that for women to work against the woman’s vote seems to me entirely unnecessary. If Suffrage is granted, no wrong is done the women who do not wish to vote—nothing will compel them to do so. But it is only fair that the women who wish to express themselves on social, moral and political questions should have an opportunity so to do."

CYRUS NORTHRUP,
President Emeritus, University of Minnesota
IN MINNEAPOLIS TRIBUNE, JAN 26, 1915
My dear Miss Fisher:

Will you be good enough to let me have a line as to the hour and place of my meeting on Feb 22? Also how long they wish me to speak and whether there is to be any other speaker with me? I shall arrive in Minneapolis some time during the afternoon and may I ask that you also let me know with whom I shall communicate upon my arrival?

I am leaving for the West on the 7th so trust I might have a line before I go. My Chicago address will be @Cliff Dwellers, Club.

With all best wishes, I am,

Cordially,

Miss Aimee Fisher
403 Essex Bld
Minneapolis, Minn.
My dear Miss Fisher:

Thanks for the information. I will phone upon my arrival which will probably be about noon, coming from Chicago. The title of my talk is "WOMAN SUFFRAGE AND MEN."

Cordially,

[Signature]
EQUAL SUFFRAGISTS TO ORGANIZE STATE

STATE ASSOCIATION INTRODUCES PLAN OF ORGANIZATION ON BIRTHDAY OF SUSAN B. ANTHONY

On Feb. 15, a plan of State organization by legislative districts will be introduced simultaneously into the districts of Hennepin, Ramsey, St. Louis, Winona and other counties.

This plan has recently been adopted by the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association, and has been ratified by the different Suffrage Clubs of the Twin Cities.

According to the plan, a leader will be appointed or elected from each district, and a chairman from each precinct. The precinct chairman will divide the precinct among the local suffragists, who will wherever possible make a house to house canvass, distributing literature, and getting names of friends of the cause.

This plan is modeled after that in use by the Woman Suffrage Party of N. Y. State, and is considered the most effective way of doing systematic work and of reaching the individual voters.

All who are interested and wish further information are asked to write to the Headquarters of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association, 403 Essex Building, Minneapolis, and a detailed plan will be sent upon application.
ENROLLMENT BLANK.

I, __________________________________________________________________________

of ____________________________________________________________________________

Street _________________________________________________________________________

City, believing that women as well as men should vote, hereby join the

MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION,

on a non-dues paying basis and with the understanding that it is non-partisan

in character.

Legislative District ____________________________________________________________________
SUFFRAGE ORGANIZATION DAY

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915

Meetings are to be held on this day in each of the nine legislative districts of Hennepin County to put into effect the plan of organization recently adopted by the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association—the most important work for suffrage yet undertaken in Minnesota.

You are urged not only to attend the meeting in your district but to bring with you others from that district.

District ........................................ Date ........................................

Hour ........................................ Place ........................................
MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
403 ESSEX BUILDING, MINNEAPOLIS.

I BELIEVE IN WOMAN SUFFRAGE

MR.
MRS.
MISS

ADDRESS

CITY

WARD PRECINCT

LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT
Plan of Organizing the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association by Legislative Districts

PROGRAM OF WORK.

1st STEP.—The appointment of an Organizer or an Organizing Committee for each Legislative District. These appointments may be made from the existing suffrage clubs and need not be of residents of the district.

2nd STEP.—The provision of a large amount of “Rainbow Literature,” and of enrollment blanks. The money for this purpose may be supplied by the State Association or existing clubs.

3rd STEP.—The calling by each Organizer, or the Organizing Committee of a local convention in the District which she is organizing composed of all the known suffragists, both men and women, who reside in her District. For this purpose, the boundary lines of the District must be studied and all names set into the proper District according to residence. Do not hesitate to call the convention even if not more than a few persons are known to be suffragists. The object is only to make a start. At this convention a District Leader must be chosen who must reside in the District and who will be known as the Leader for the District. Also, an attempt must be made to secure as many persons as possible who will act as Chairmen of the Election Precincts, serving under the Leader.

4th STEP.—As soon as possible, the District Leader should call her chairmen together to consult as to the best way in which to proceed to cover the work in hand. This is to enroll every man and woman in the District as a member of the association by signing of an enrollment blank. She should tell them the exact boundaries of their Precincts, give them a full supply of “Rainbow Literature,” enrollment blanks, and if possible, lists of names of residents, voters’ lists, church lists, etc., to aid them in their work. She should fill them with enthusiasm, suggesting various methods of getting the registration, such as house-to-house canvass, small parlor meetings, big public assemblages, sociables, suffrage teas, dissemination of literature by hand or by mail, persuasive argument, outdoor speaking, debates, automobile trips, etc. Upon the enthusiasm of the Leader and the diligent work of the Chairman depends everything.

5th STEP.—The District Leader may form a District Club, with dues, composed of all those who are willing to pay dues and direct the activities of the District work. The Leader may or may not be the President. The Chairmen may well belong to this Club, as well as anyone who is desirous of taking a more active part than that of an enrolled member merely. The financial burden of the work must be solved by the Club, and it should be the center of activity for the District. There should be a Secretary and Treasurer, officers to be elected annually. Clubs joining the State Association pay dues at the rate of ten cents each member. The Club should meet at least once a month.

6th STEP.—The extension of this plan over the entire State, conventions of Leaders being called to elect a County Committee (if there is more than one District in the County) and a State Committee. These conventions are to be called once a year, with duly elected delegates; and the procedure should follow as closely as possible the political organizations of the men.

7th STEP.—Put the full force of your membership behind your Representative in the Legislature, and compel him to favor the Woman Suffrage Bill. Do the same thing in regard to your Senator.

Remarks.—In those districts in which there are no organizations one woman may volunteer as a Precinct Chairman, or a group of women may form themselves into a volunteer band of organizers, and follow the same general line of procedure. Maps showing boundaries of Districts and Precincts may usually be secured from the headquarters of the political parties. Each Election Precinct Chairman should keep a copy of the signatures she gets, but should send the enrollments themselves to her Leader. As soon as possible a County Headquarters should be established, and full lists of the enrolled membership kept there.

ENROLLMENT BLANK.

I, ___________________________________________ of __________________________ Street ___________________________, City, believing that women as well as men should vote, hereby join the MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION, on a non-dues paying basis and with the understanding that it is non-partisan in character.

Legislative District ___________________________________
### The Vote on Suffrage in Minnesota Senate.

**FOR**

- Alley
- Andrews
- Benson
- Blomgren
- Campbell (W. A.)
- Carley
- Denegre
- Dunn (R. C.)
- Dwinnell
- Gandrud
- Gardner
- Gillam
- Gjerset
- Griggs
- Hanson
- Holmberg
- Jones
- Lende
- Lobeck
- O’Neill
- Orr
- Palmer
- Peterson (E. P.)
- Peterson (F. H.)
- Potter
- Putnam
- Rustad
- Rystrom
- Sageng
- Turnham
- Vermilya
- Vibert
- Wallace

**AGAINST**

- Adams
- Baldwin
- Bonniwell
- Buckler
- Callahan
- Campbell (A. S.)
- Collister
- Dunn (W. W.)
- Duxbury
- Glotzbach
- Grose
- Handlan
- Healy
- Hegnes
- Hilbert
- Jackson
- Johnston
- Knopp
- McGarry
- Millett
- Nelson
- Nord
- Pauly
- Peterson (G. M.)
- Ries
- Rockne
- Steffen
- Sullivan (G. H.)
- Sullivan (J. D.)
- Swenson
- Van Hoven
- Ward
- Wels
- Westlake

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### How Hennepin Senators Voted on Suffrage.

**FOR**

- Campbell (W. A.)
- Dwinnell
- Palmer
- Turnham
- Wallace

**AGAINST**

- Callahan
- Grose
- Pauly
- Westlake
FOR

Anderson
Baker
Bendixen
Bartin
Bernard
Bartet
Bernard
Borgen
Borglund
Bosch
Branson
Brown
Boehmke
Burrows
Christianson
Carmerdel
Coring
Condon
Darce
Davis
Dealnd
Dunleavy
Erickson
Dwyer
Flin
Ferrier
Frye
Gazlch
Gill
Girling
Gordon
Greene
Grant
Hafften
Harrierson, J. M.
Haislet
Harrington
Hogenson
Harrison, H. H.
Hogenson
Hinds, E. R.
Hogenson
Hynes, J. H.
Horn
Indrehus
Hubert
Kutz
Johnson, T. J.
Larimore
Johnson, M.
Lennon
Kneeland
Leonard
Kozen
Lydierd
Larson
McLaughlin
Lettin
Malmborg
Lee
Mines
Madigan
Minneste
Marachalk
Moller
Marwin
Mueller
Morkon
Murphy
Nordgren
Nelson
Norton
Nielsen
Ollen
Nimocks
Parker
North
Peterson, A.
Novak
Peterson, A. M.
Papke
Pike
Pendegraast
Pfiff
Pless
Frunam
Ribenack
Sanborn
Rodenberg
Searls
Schwer
Sorsten
Seebach
Southwick
Schroeten
Sponer
Scott
Stenvik
Slater
Stevens
Smith
Swanson
Stein
Teigen, A. F.
Stoettz
Teigen, L. O.
Sudheimer
Thompson, A. L.
Swenson
Thompson, H. O.
Svysven
Tolleson
Thornton
Vaux
Welch
Werner
Wilkins
Weld
Welford
Wendall
Woodfill
Total, 66.

AGAINST

Baldwin
Barten
Bessette
Borgen
Boack
Brown
Burrows
Carmichael
Condon
Davis
Dunleavy
Dwyer
Ferrier
Gazlch
Girling
Greene
Hafften
Haislet
Harrison, H. H.
Hinds, E. R.
Hynes, J. H.
Indrehus
Kutz
Larimore
Lennon
Leonard
Lydierd
McLaughlin
Malmborg
Mines
Minneste
Moller
Mueller
Murphy
Nelson
Nielsen
Nimocks
North
Papke
Pendegraast
Pless
Ribenack
Rodenberg
Schwer
Seebach
Schroeten
Scott
Slater
Smith
Stein
Stoettz
Sudheimer
Swenson
Svysven
Thornton
Welch
Wilkins
Welford
Wendall
Woodfill
Total, 66.

Absent because of illness: Boyd.
Not voting: Devold.

How Hennepin Solons Voted

FOR

Norton
Marwin
Kozen
Swanson
Teigen, A. F.
Teigen, L. O.
Thompson, A. L.
Thompson, H. O.
Tolleson
Vaux
Werner
Weld
Wilson
Weld
Woodfill
Total, 66.

AGAINST

Lennon
Dunleavy
Condon
Nimocks
Sawyer
Larrimore
Lydierd
Girling
Total, 62.

Not voting: Devold.

County Option Action.
Conference of District Chairmen of Hennepin and Ramsey Counties.

2/24/15.

On Wednesday, February 24, at 11:00 A.M., a conference of District leaders was held in the Club rooms of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association in the Essex Bldg., Minneapolis, with Mrs. Ueland in the Chair.

Mrs. Finsterbach was appointed Secretary Pro Tem.

The reports of the various states in which the equal suffrage amendment or bill has passed were discussed.

The principal discussion was the organization work.

Owing to the size of the districts, more than one leader is needed, but it was decided that one person must be responsible. In canvassing, a record should be kept of the suffragists, the anti-suffragists, and the good workers. The workers might take notes on all the individuals in her precinct, and turn her lists over to the Precinct Chairmen, and in turn to the District Leader.

In discussing the servant question, it was suggested that the names of all persons in the home over 18 be taken.

Since this is a permanent work, it was decided that it need not be finished at any specified time.

Canvassers are recommended to take the Rainbow leaflets with them.

It was recommended that neighborhood meetings be held.

Meeting adjourned on motion.

Mrs. Frank Finsterbach,
Sec. Pro Tem.
MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION  
Headquarters, 403 Essex Building  
Minneapolis  

Chairman  

County  

Ward  Precinct or Township  

Report for Month of  

Number of Registered Voters.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No. Men Enrolled, brought forward</th>
<th>No. Women Enrolled, brought forward</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Men Enrolled during month</td>
<td>Women Enrolled during month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Money Raised, $  Money Expended, $  

Record activities for month—
MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION  
Headquarters, 403 Essex Building  
Minneapolis  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leader</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Legislative District</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number of Precincts or Townships</td>
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<tr>
<td>Report for Month of</td>
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<tr>
<td>No. Men Enrolled, brought forward</td>
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<td>Men Enrolled during month</td>
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<td>Total</td>
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<td>Women Enrolled during month</td>
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<td>Total</td>
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<tr>
<td>Money Raised, $</td>
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<td>Money Expended, $</td>
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Record activities for month—
Voting of Chicago Women Pleases and Disgusts Sex

Claimed Tea Party Threw Many Votes to Thompson for Mayor.

Ella Flagg Young Says Women Are Worse Than Men in Politics.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Some women, in their analysis of the women’s vote in the primaries, were well pleased with their sex. Others, though ashamed of the feminine voters, forgave them their election trespasses. And still others remembered and did not forgive.

Many reasons were advanced explaining why Democratic women voted overwhelmingly for Sweitzer and why Republican women divided their votes almost equally between Olson and Thompson. The reason varied from the desire of some women to see the beautiful home of the sister of one of the candidates, who gave a political tea, to their desire for a wide open town.

It was claimed also by some Republican women that the Republican organization did not urge the women to get out and work for Olson, believing that the vote of the women would come without work.

Mrs. Young Disgusted.

“Don’t talk to me about women,” said Mrs. Ella Flagg Young. “I always knew that if women got into politics you never could tell what they would do. They are worse than men. I shall not be surprised if the 35,000 women who voted for Olson will vote for Sweitzer in the election merely because they think it will be the winning side. I lost my vote.”

Mrs. Young voted for Harrison.

Mrs. Bass Delighted.

“I am delighted,” declared Mrs. George Bass, “not only with the large vote of the Democratic women for Sweitzer, but with the number of women who voted in the primaries. Some of the men prophesied 50,000 or 60,000 women would vote. I have maintained from the start that the real test of the use of the ballot by women would come in the Mayoralty election. I expected a vote near the 200,000 mark.”

“I guess the women got what they wanted,” most mournfully asserted Mrs. E. L. Stillman of the State Suffrage Board. “They voted for a wide open town and now I guess they will get it. I think it is terrible.”

Mrs. Crower Not Surprised.

“I’m not surprised,” said Mrs. William Frederick Crower. “Women are apt to do anything. Now, William Hale Thompson got a lot of votes because Mrs. William Pelouse—that’s his sister, you know—gave a tea. Women like to see other women’s homes; you know.

“I voted for Mr. Harrison myself, but Mr. Harrison made a mistake when he wouldn’t put anyone from the Municipal Art League on the City Art Commission. We asked him too, but he sent us a very curt note—he doesn’t like women, you know—saying it couldn’t be done. He lost a great opportunity there.”
The New York Evening Post

WOMAN
SUFFRAGE
NUMBER

COMMITTEE FOR EDITING THE SUFFRAGE ISSUE OF
The New York Evening Post

Appointed by

International Woman Suffrage Alliance
National American Woman Suffrage Association
Collegiate Equal Suffrage League
Empire State Campaign Committee
Equal Franchise Society
Massachusetts State Woman Suffrage Association

New York State Woman Suffrage Association
New Jersey Woman Suffrage Association
Pennsylvania State Woman Suffrage Association
Women's Political Union of New York
Women's Political Union of New Jersey
Woman Suffrage Party
Men's League for Woman Suffrage

Thursday, February 25, 1915
We are preparing a remarkable edition. Last year we did the same and it was an enormous success. The date will be Thursday, February Twenty-fifth. On that day one whole section of The New York Evening Post will be devoted to a résumé of the Suffrage Situation.

Q The editors of it will be women. They have been especially appointed by the International, National, State and allied organizations for this purpose.

Women will also sell this issue on the street, and one-third of the proceeds of such sales will go to the public fund for the relief of the unemployed and one-third to the women.

There will be twenty pages at least; probably more. And as 1914 was an interesting year in the suffrage movement, and 1915 promises to be even more interesting, the editors have some good reading in prospect. And from the encyclopedic point of view, they are providing the most complete and authoritative exposition of the Woman Suffrage Movement ever published in any newspaper.

The articles will be contributed by experts and leaders, both women and men. Whether you are for the cause or against it, you will find the recital and tabulation of facts interesting and valuable.

Some of the Features:

Five States Where Campaigns Are On—New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Iowa have passed the Constitutional Amendment. If they pass it again—and the New Jersey legislature may act—women's voting will be extended in this field. The various suffrage organizations will tell how they got this Amendment through the first time and what they think the prospects are.

The Political Status of Woman Suffrage Today—Where women have won the right, figures and testimony from the twelve States where Suffrage is already established. The "Assistant Governor" of Colorado. Social progress in the Suffrage States. A Foreword.

Woman Suffrage and the War—How the war has affected the cause in France, England, Belgium, Germany, and Austria. How the war has benefited the cause in the Scandinavian countries. Suffrage women in America since the war began.

Woman Suffrage and Peace—What some of the present men and women here and abroad have said on this subject since the war began.

Woman Suffrage, a Presidential Issue in 1916—There will be an interview with Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, President of the National Association, on this subject.

For a Woman's College in New Jersey—A movement is on foot to establish one in New Jersey, and to establish one in Virginia, also.

This number, then, naturally, will provide an exceptional opportunity for advertisers, especially advertisers who sell to women. What better medium than an issue that every woman will read? It will go, not only to all our regular subscribers, but to many other readers, men and women, for whom special deliveries of this issue are made by the tens of thousands through the various suffrage organizations.

The sale of this issue will be promoted to the limits of the facilities that can be provided by all the great organizations interested in the Woman Suffrage Movement, local, national, and international.

Papers will be sold from automobiles by the Woman Suffrage representatives, in all sections of New York City and Brooklyn, on the day of issue; also in other cities, either on the day of issue or the following morning.

The issue will be exploited in the meetings of the suffrage organizations of the several campaign states, locally and nationally, and provision will be made to supply copies wherever the demand is created.

Women interested in the Suffrage Movement will unquestionably look with pleasure upon the announcements that appear in their special number, as they will have an interest in all the special advertising secured.

Therefore the 20-page (or larger) section gotten out by the Woman Suffrage Committee will have special value to advertisers for this reason.

Notwithstanding the tremendously increased circulation, the regular card rates of THE EVENING POST will be maintained for this issue.

Of course demand for space will be very large and best care can be taken of those advertisers whose reservations are made promptly after the receipt of this announcement.

For further information, address

Advertising Manager, The Evening Post
20 Vesey Street, New York
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The Evening Post

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The Evening Post
20 Vesey Street    New York

THE NATION PRESS, Inc.
MRS. ELLA FLA GG YOUNG EXPLAINS VIEWS ON WOMEN.

Says 35,000 Who Voted for Olson Will Ballot Independently at Election in Chicago.

Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, superintendent of schools, who gave out an interview following the primaries, in which she commented on the action of the women voters at the polls, has offered a clearer explanation of her views on the subject in this letter to THE TRIBUNE:

"Evidently I failed to make clear to THE TRIBUNE reporter my reason for concluding long ago that one cannot predict what women will do in politics. Opponents of suffrage for women have contended that women would have no individuality in voting, that they would simply 'follow the leader.' Recently, before the primaries were held, the air was filled with guesses about the woman's vote, as if the women would all vote the same ticket. As to the probable transfer of the 35,000 votes cast for Judge Olson by the women, only one prophecy is safe: Before casting her vote every one of those 35,000 women will weigh carefully the merits of the candidates up for election. I believe in women as independent voters.

"With a full appreciation of the difficulties attendant upon reporting for the press, I have made it a rule not to rush into print whenever I think I have been misunderstood. In this instance, however, I cannot ignore that which places me among those who despise the women voters."

Robbed by Negroes.

John Kaskaras of 1300 Fifty-fifth street was robbed last night by two negroes at Thirty-ninth street and Shields avenue.
LIST OF MEMBERS

EQUALLY SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
MINNEAPOLIS

[March 1, 1915]
N.
Mrs. Louise B. Newell, 2006 Blairsdell Av.
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Miss E. Nelson, 1125 9 St. S. E.
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Miss Maude J. Norris, 3129 Dupont Av. S.

O.
Mrs. Joan D. O'Brien, 3317 W. 44 St.
Miss Helga Olson, 36 Spruce Pl.
Dr. Alfred Owe, 2109 Blairsdell Av.

P.
Mrs. James Page, 420 Oak Grove St.
Mrs. Earl Partridge, 912 Mt. Curve Av.
Mr. George Partridge, 1 Groveland Ter.
Mr. George H. Partridge, 1 Groveland Ter.
Mrs. M. E. Partridge, 1676 Hennepin Av.
Mrs. Regina Passmore, Flour Exchange.
Miss Char. Passmore, Hopkins, Minn. R. F. D. 2.
Mrs. E. E. Palmer, 1425 Vine Pl.
Mrs. James Peterson, 2727 Chicago Av.
Mrs. A. G. Perry, Curtis Court.
Miss Ruth Phelps, 2523 Park Av.
Mrs. Roy Pierson, 228 Clifton Av.
Mrs. Charles S. Pillsbury, 100 East 22 St.
Dr. Anna Helmholz-Phelan, 612 10 Av. S. E.
Mrs. F. W. Plant, 201 Clifton Av.
Mrs. Alden H. Potter, 2849 Irving Av. S.
Miss Ella Probat, Lake Harriet School.
Mrs. Wm. C. Purcell, 2328 Lake Pl.
Mrs. Milton D. Purdy, 2706 Lake of Isles Bvd. W.
Mrs. C. M. Pyke, 1918 Humboldt Av. S.
Miss Emily Pyke, 1918 Humboldt Av. S.
Mrs. George W. Porter, 2600 Lucid Place.
Mrs. H. E. Partridge, 15 Groveland Terrace.

R.
Mrs. A. W. Rankin, 916 5 St. S. E.
Mrs. G. F. Raymond, 65 So. 11 St.
Mrs. J. A. Ridgway, 4255 Lake Harriet Bvd. E.
Mrs. Wm. Ritchie, 2687 Lake of Isles Bvd. E.
Miss Lilian Ritchie, 2687 Lake of Isles Bvd. E.
Mrs. George Rust, 2311 Pleasant Av.
Mrs. F. A. Reid, 1709 Irving Av. S.
Miss H. M. Ryan, 1220 Mary Pl.
Miss E. V. Ryan, 1220 Mary Pl.

S.
Professor Maria Sanford, 1530 13 Av. S. E.
Mrs. James Sanderson, 605 12 Av. S. E.
Mrs. Erle Savage, 2006 Portland Av.
Miss Josephine Schain, The Tribune.
Mr. Louis L. Schwartz, 3034 Knox Av. S.
Mrs. Louis L. Schwartz, 3034 Knox Av. S.
Mrs. George H. Selover, 1770 Knox Av. S.
Mrs. F. C. Shenehon, 2109 Blairsdell Av.
Miss Margaret Sheridan, Handicraft Guild Bldg.
Mr. David F. Simpson, 1508 Harmon Pl.
Mr. David Simon, 2122 Aldrich Av. S.
Miss Katherine Smith, 435 N. W. Nail Life Bldg.
Mr. F. B. Snyder, 120 W. 22 St.
Mr. F. B. Snyder, 800 Sec. Bank Bldg.
Mr. Howard Strong, 436 Sec. Bank Bldg.
Mrs. Howard Strong, 2120 Oliver Av. S.
Miss David Swensen, 970 14 Av. S. E.
Mrs. D. Edmund Smith, 2601 Pleasant Av.
Miss Harvey B. Smith, 4929 Lake Harriet Bvd.
Miss Laura Sikes, Hampstone Arms.
Miss Margaret Sweeney, 424 5 St. S. E.
Mrs. C. F. Struck, 2422 Bryant So.
Mrs. A. W. Strong, 2244 Pillsbury Av.
Mr. A. L. Searle, The Leimington.
Mrs. A. L. Searle, The Leimington.
Mrs. B. B. Sheffield, 509 Elwood Av. N.
Mrs. Orren Safford, 1519 Spruce Pl.
Miss Payson Smith, 2541 3 Av. S.

T.
Mr. Charles S. Thompson, 4808 Nicollet Av.
Mrs. Charles S. Thompson, 4808 Nicollet Av.
Mrs. H. G. Thompson, 2109 Harriet Av.

U.
Mrs. Andreas Ueland, Richfield Av. & Cal. Bvd.
Dr. Mabel Ulrich, 1718 Oliver Av. S.

W.
Mrs. E. G. Walton, 802 Mt. Curve Av.
Miss Audrey Walton, 802 Mt. Curve Av.
Mrs. F. L. Washburn, 1112 6 St. S. E.
Mrs. Charles E. Wales, Plaza.
Mr. Robert W. Webb, 1920 Pillsbury Av.
Mrs. Thomas B. Wells, 2226 Pleasant Av.
Miss Anne Wells, 2226 Pleasant Av.
Mr. E. F. Wells, 230 Oak Grove St.
Mrs. E. F. Wells, 230 Oak Grove St.
Miss Marguerite Wells, 230 Oak Grove St.
Mrs. Stuart B. Wells, 11 Dell Pl.
Mrs. Henry Weisskopf, 2440 Bryant Av. S.
Mrs. Wm. C. Whitney, 2514 4 Av. S.
Mrs. Helen Whitney, 312 Folwell Hall, U. of M.
Miss F. H. Wendell, 2348 Irving S.
Mrs. Bert Winter, 1717 Logan Av. S.
Mrs. David N. Winton, 1784 Dupont Av. S.
Miss Stella Wood, 315 11 Av. S. E.
Mrs. Richard P. Woodworth, 2205 Pleasant Av.
Mrs. Phelps Wooten, 5017 3 Av. S.
Judge E. F. Waite, The Court House.
Mr. Frederick B. Wells, 2119 Park Av.
Mrs. Carl Wallace, 2003 Queen Av. S.
Miss Bertha Beile Warner, 2517 Third Av. S.

Z.
Mrs. Ary Zonne, 910 Mt. Curve Av.
Mr. Ary E. Zonne, 910 Mt. Curve Av.
My dear Madam,

I am very much flattered that the Equal Suffrage Association of Minneapolis should wish me to address them on the Cause, but I must tell you that I have made it a rule never to address Suffrage meetings in America. I made one exception when I was entertained by the ladies of San Francisco, and I then spoke, congratulating them on having got the vote.

I and my wife, Miss Gertrude Elliott, have always been keen suffragists. My father and mother were suffragists right from the very early days of the great John Stuart Mill, Professor Masson, Mrs. Henry Fawcett, and many others who were of that distinguished group who believed the importance of the Franchise for women. It is only a question of time, when all the civilized countries will admit the other half of humanity to what is only their right; not only the vote, but the entire sweeping away of sex disqualifications.

With every good wish to you and the ladies of your Association, believe me to be,

Yours very truly,

[Signature]

Miss Anne J. Wells.
CALL TO THE
Fourth Mississippi Valley Suffrage Conference
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., MARCH 7, 8 and 9, 1915

In 1912 the woman suffragists of the Mississippi Valley States met in Chicago to discuss methods of work generally and conditions in the middle west in particular. So successful and beneficial was this Conference that a second one was held in St. Louis in 1913 and a third in Des Moines in 1914.

Last year five of the Mississippi Valley States had campaigns and since some of the states of this region will have campaigns till final victory much of the time of this Conference will be devoted to campaign methods.

There will be a Sunday Mass Meeting with speakers of national reputation, and a dinner on Monday evening with speeches. The rest of the time will be occupied with the work program.

Hotel headquarters Hotel Claypool.

General local chairman, Dr. Amelia R. Keller, 816 Odd Fellow Building, Indianapolis.

Local chairman of Hotel accommodations, Mrs. F. R. Wands, 816 Odd Fellow Building, Indianapolis.

Local chairman of program, Miss Harriet Noble, 707 E. 20th Street, Indianapolis.

Local chairman on Monday dinner, Mrs. J. F. Barnhill, 1933 N. Delaware Street, Indianapolis.

Local chairman press work, Mrs. Julia Hendrum, 816 Odd Fellow Building, Indianapolis.

All meetings save Sunday will be held at Hotel Claypool.

The Indianapolis women are sparing no pains to make this Conference a success and we must all of us lend a hand. Those who have attended the Conferences of the past have declared them to be of great value; let us make this the very best.

MRS. HARRIET TAYLOR UPTON, Chairman
Warren, Ohio.

MRS. JOHN PYLE, Huron, South Dakota.
MISS LAURA CLAY, Richmond, Kentucky.

Anyone wishing information in regard to Conference, may address
Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton, Warren, Ohio.

Presidents of the State Association represented at the Conference:

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<th>State Association</th>
<th>President</th>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. Pattie Ruffner Jacobs</td>
<td>Ala. E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Grace Wilber Trout</td>
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<td>Amelia R. Keller, M. D.</td>
<td>Ind. W. F. L.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Anna Dunn Noland</td>
<td>Ind. W. S. A.</td>
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<td>Miss Flora Dunlap</td>
<td>Iowa E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Genevieve H. Chalkley</td>
<td>Kan. E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Desha Breckinridge</td>
<td>Kentucky E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Miss Kate M. Gordon</td>
<td>Louisiana W. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. O. H. Clark</td>
<td>Michigan E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Andreas Ueland</td>
<td>Minnesota W. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Anna K. Kent</td>
<td>Miss. W. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Walter McNab Miller</td>
<td>Mo. E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Draper Smith</td>
<td>Nebraska W. S. A.</td>
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<td>Miss Anne Martin</td>
<td>Nevada W. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Clarence M. Darrow</td>
<td>North Dakota V. for W. L.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton</td>
<td>Ohio W. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Cora B. Gotech</td>
<td>Oklahoma W. S. A.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. John Pyle</td>
<td>South Dakota U. F. L.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Crozier French</td>
<td>Tennessee E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Annette Finnegan</td>
<td>Texas E. S. A.</td>
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<td>Mrs. Theodora Youmans</td>
<td>Wis. W. S. A.</td>
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March 8, 1915.

Mrs. David F. Simpson,

President, Equal Suffrage Association

of Minneapolis, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Dear Madam:

It gives me pleasure to send you the enclosed clipping, which clearly expresses my opinion. It is unfortunate that I was misunderstood.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

Superintendent of Schools.
WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The bill printed below is similar in form to the tax-paying woman suffrage bill presented to the last Legislature and endorsed by the Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs and other leading women's organizations. This bill, however, omits the tax-paying qualification and includes the names of a few more officials. A constitutional amendment would be needed to extend full suffrage rights to women.

A BILL

for an Act granting women the right to vote for Presidential Electors and certain other officers, and to participate and vote in certain matters and elections.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That all women, citizens of the United States above the age of 21 years, having resided in the state one year, in the county ninety days, and in the election district thirty days next preceding any election therein, shall be allowed to vote at such election for Presidential Electors, Member of the State Board of Equalization, Clerk of the Appellate Court, County Collector, County Surveyor, Members of Board of Assessors, Members of Board of Review, Sanitary District Trustees, and for all officers of cities, villages and towns (except police magistrates) and upon all questions or propositions submitted to a vote of the electors of such municipalities or other political divisions of this State.

SEC. 2. All such women may also vote for the following Township Officers: Supervisor, Town Clerk, Assessor, Collector and Highway Commissioner, and may also participate and vote in all annual and special town meetings in the township in which such election district shall be.

SEC. 3. Provides for separate Ballots and Ballot Boxes, and for Registration.

This bill has been endorsed by Chicago Woman's Club, Catholic Woman's League, Illinois Equal Suffrage Association, Lake View Woman's Club, Neighborhood House Woman's Club, Chicago Teacher's Federation, Maywood Woman's Club, Ella F. Young Club, Evanston Woman's Club and Hull House Woman's Club.

Please present it to your organization for endorsement.
March 31, 1915.

Dear Legislatures,

I enclose an explanation of the bill giving Women the right to vote for Presidential electors. Thank you for voting to advance the bill to general orders last Thursday. I hope you will support the measure when it comes up for a final vote.

Sincerely yours,

Clara Ueland
I enclose an explanation of the bill giving Women the right to vote for President which has been introduced in the Legislature. If this bill should pass, Women could vote for President at the next election. I do not need to point out to you that this would give the Women of Minnesota a very great advantage when we come to ask for full Suffrage. Will you not at once get as many letters as possible sent to the Representatives from your District, urging them to support this measure?

Sincerely yours,

Clara Ueland
A bill for an act to empower women to vote at presidential preference primaries and for the nomination and election of presidential electors:

Section 1. Every woman, of the age of 21 years and upwards, possessing the qualifications requisite to a male voter, shall be entitled to vote the same as men, at presidential primary elections and at any election of presidential electors, for the party nomination of president and vice-president, for the nomination of presidential electors, for the election of delegates to the national convention and for presidential electors.

Every woman entitled to vote as aforesaid, as a qualification for voting at such elections, shall comply with such statutory regulations as are required of male electors.

MEMORANDUM.

Section 1 of Article II of the Constitution of the United States provides as follows:

"EACH STATE SHALL APPOINT, IN SUCH MANNER AS THE LEGISLATURE THEREOF MAY DIRECT, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the Congress." It is thus apparent that the Legislature has the power to give women the right to vote, as provided in this bill.

The Senate of the Vermont Legislature has passed a bill giving women presidential suffrage, by a vote of 29 to 10. Illinois has given women presidential suffrage. The Indiana Legislature has just passed a bill giving women presidential suffrage, which passed in the Senate 37 to 3.
A bill for an act to empower women to vote at presidential preference primaries and for the nomination and election of presidential electors:

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Illinois has given women presidential suffrage.
PRECEDENTS OF PRESIDENTIAL SUFFRAGE BILL.

By the United States Constitution, which is the supreme law of the land, the presidential electors from each State must be appointed "in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct." In the early history of the United States, there were several instances in which the State Legislatures themselves chose the presidential electors. This method was regularly followed in South Carolina up to and including the year 1860.

On several occasions State Legislatures have passed regulations for the presidential election enabling persons to vote who, by the State Constitution, would have been debarred from voting; and the right of the State Legislatures to do this has always been upheld by the courts. Thus the Maine Legislature, on March 24, 1864, passed an act to enable soldiers who were absent in the field to vote for presidential electors; and the next day it submitted an amendment to the State Constitution to enable soldiers absent in the field to vote for State officers. The latter required a constitutional amendment; the former did not. New Hampshire (see Public Laws of 1864) passed a Soldiers' Voting Act for presidential electors, the legality of which was unanimously upheld by the State Supreme Court (45 N. H. p. 607), although the act was in conflict with the State Constitution. The Supreme Court took the ground that the question as to how the presidential electors should be chosen "is governed wholly by the Constitution of the United States as the paramount law, and the Constitution of this State has no concern with the question." The Vermont Supreme Court gave an opinion to the same effect (37 Vermont Appendix).

The National House of Representatives also upheld the constitutionality of the Michigan Soldiers' Voting Act. More than twenty years ago the Michigan Legislature departed from the custom of having the presidential electors chosen upon a general ticket. It divided the State into electoral districts (and was accused of having gerrymandered it), each district to choose one elector.

In Henry M. Field's work on Election Law, the Michigan case is well stated. The United States House of Representatives decided that the Michigan Constitution could not govern the matter, as the United States Constitution gave the State Legislature absolute power over it. There are no decisions the other way.
A BILL for

An act extending to women the elective franchise pertaining to the nomination and election of president, vice-president and presidential electors.

Section 1. Every woman of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, possessing the qualifications requisite to a male voter, shall be entitled to vote the same as men, at any election held for the purpose of nominating or electing presidential electors, at any primary election held for the purpose of choosing delegates and alternates to the national conventions of political parties, and at any presidential preference primary election held for the purpose of allowing a popular expression for the party nominations of president and vice-president.
THE EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

INVITES YOU TO A TEA

MONDAY, APRIL FIFTH, AT
403 ESSEX BUILDING, MINNEAPOLIS. AN AUTO RIDE
WILL PRECEDE THE TEA
AND CARS WILL BE AT THE
STATE CAPITOL AT 2 O’CLOCK
Equal Suffrage Ass'n,
403 Essex Bldg.
Town
AS THE CLOSING CELEBRATION OF SUFFRAGE DAY
THE EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
ANNOUNCES THE PLAY

"HOW THE VOTE WAS WON"

AT THE WOMAN'S CLUB ASSEMBLY, SATURDAY,
MAY EIGHTH
RESERVE YOUR SEATS EARLY AT THE
CABLE PIANO COMPANY

TICKETS FIFTY CENTS

EIGHT FIFTEEN P. M.
“MELTING POT”
AND OPEN AIR SUFFRAGE MEETING

AT THE HOME OF MRS. H. G. HARRISON, 1112 NICOLLET AVENUE. ARRANGED
BY THE HENNEPIN COUNTY SUFFRAGE CLUBS FOR FRIDAY, JULY SECOND,
FROM 11:00 A.M. TO 7:00 P.M., WEATHER PERMITTING, OTHERWISE POSTPONED
UNTIL SATURDAY. ☳️ ☳️ ☳️ SHORT SUFFRAGE TALKS AT FREQUENT INTERVALS
BETWEEN THESE HOURS. ☳️ ☳️ ☳️ DISCARDED JEWELRY, BROKEN BITS OF SILVERWARE,
GOLD, SILVER AND COIN WILL BE COLLECTED, AND THE MOST VALUABLE WILL BE SOLD AT
AUCTION AT 4 P.M. W. D. GORDON, AUCTIONEER

COFFEE, SANDWICHES, HOME MADE CANDY, LEMONADE, ICE CREAM CONES, ETC. WILL
BE SOLD AT SUFFRAGE BOOTH.

CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES
MELTING POT MRS. A. L. SEARLE
PROGRAM MRS. DAVID F. SIMPSON
DECORATION MRS. J. D. McMILLAN
FEATURE MISS KATHERINE SMITH
LITERATURE MRS. ALDEN H. POTTER
FLOWER MISS KATHERINE McMILLAN
REFRESHMENT MRS. V. H. TROENDLE
PUBLICITY MRS. WALTER THORP

INFORMATION MAY BE HAD AT SUFFRAGE HEADQUARTERS, 403 ESSEX BLDG. PHONE NIC. 6312

[June 24, 1915]
The Suffrage Headquarters
402 Essex Bldg.
City
Dear Sir:

The Suffragists of Minnesota wish to express to you their appreciation and approval of Americanization Day. It is fitting that so important an event as receiving full Citizenship should be accompanied by impressive and dignified Ceremonial. We are glad to unite in welcoming to Minnesota so many new Citizens.

We wish, however, to call attention at this time to the fact that thousands of Minnesota Citizens who are law-abiding, and order loving, and who wish more fully to serve the State, are asking the men of Minnesota to confer upon them the same symbol of respect and confidence which is freely given to our foreign born Citizens.

We respectfully urge therefore that in your public address on Independence Day as well as in your private capacity, you will express your approval of Woman Suffrage and urge upon your hearers and associates the duty of forwarding this just cause, thus making Minnesota a democracy in fact as well as in name.

Mrs. Andreas Ueland, Pres.
Woman Suffrage Association of Minnesota.

Dr. Ethel Hurd, Pres.
Political Equality Club of Minneapolis.

Mrs. David F. Simpson, Pres.
Equal Suffrage Association of Minneapolis.

Mrs. Luth Jaeger, Pres. Scandinavian Woman Suffrage Association of Minneapolis.

Miss Abbie Gail Mabie, Pres.
Women Workers of Minneapolis.

Miss Lillian Ritchie, Pres.
1915 Club of Minneapolis.

Mrs. Charles P. Noyes, Pres.

Dr. Mary Hartmann, Pres.
Political Equality Club of St. Paul.
COMMITTEES OF MELTING POT DAY - 1915

MELTING POT
Chairman Mrs. A.L. Searle, 1781 Logan Ave.
Assisting,
Mrs. Frank Finsterbach
E. Dana Durand
Edward Nelson
C. M. Pyke
S. A. Stockwell
A. Ueland
M. D. Purdy
Chas. Loss
W. M. Morse
Miss Abbie Gail Mabee
Mrs. F. A. Kingsley
Miss Anna E. Carey (A. E. V.)
Mrs. Nellie H. Nelson
Edward W. Hawley
Richardson
Mrs. Richardson D. Barrett
Edwin J. Kraft
C. M. Braseen
Geo. S. Grimes
A. P. Erickson
L. L. Law
Ralph Crosby
Phelps Wyman

MELTING POT
Chairman Mrs. David F. Simpson
Miss Anne Wells
Miss Nellie Merrill

DEcoration
Chairman Mrs. J. D. McMillan
Mrs. Luth Jeager
Mrs. L. L. Schwartz

FEATURE
Chairman Miss Katherine Smith, Hotel Leamington
Mrs. H. W. Briggs
Harvey Smith
Miss Elsa Ueland
A. W. Fisher
M. M. Trimble
Margaret Sheridan
LITERATURE
Chairman Mrs. A.H. Potter

PUBLICITY
Chairman Mrs. Walter Thorp

FLOWER
Chairman Miss Katherine McMillam
Assisting-
Miss Lillian Winston (in charge with Miss McMillan)
Alice Corrigan
Georgiana Partridge
Ruth Bovey
Josephine Velie
Katherine Gardner
Evelyn Gardner
Sallie Hunt
Mary Stuart Snyder

REFRESHMENTS
Chairman Mrs. V.H. Troendle
Assisting-
Mrs. W.A. Jordan
E. Dana Durand
C.M. Pyke
A.E. Jackson
J.J. Hawe
C.J. Staples
Miss Betty Grimes

Tea Tent
Mrs. E.G. Walton in charge
Orren Safford
Richardson Barrett
Miss Marjorie Boardman
Elizabeth Campbell
Janet Gilbert
Adelle Bardwell
Helen Hyde
Grace Walton

Suffragæade
Miss Emily Pyke in charge
Mary Louise Turner
Mary Young
Mary Richardson
Constance Sargent
Lois Hegaard
Mrs. Harriet North

Candy Booth
Miss Mary Gale
Candy Booth, cont.

Miss Hilda Gale
Jane Gale
Genevieve Smith
Gertrude Smith
Betty Grimes
Helen Bennett
Irene Weir
Charlotte Thomas

Peanuts & Suffrage Crispets

Mrs. W.A. Jordan in charge
Miss Edith Schibbsby
Ruth Farrell
Margaret Bardwell
Annette Bardwell
Harriet Warner
Helen Leavitt
Beatrice Lambrecht and two guests

(Miss Florence Wilson of Pittsburgh
(Miss Donna Jones of Marcellus, Mich.

Louise Gedney
Amy Sheffield

Ice Cream Cones

Miss Agnes Bright in charge
Katherine Pond
Adrianna Warner
Muriel Thayer
Marjorie Mix
Maud Briggs
Margaret Sanborn
Alice McCoy
Ruth Harding
Mrs. M.C. Barnum

SPEECHES

12:15 Rev. Harry Deiman
1:00 Miss Josephine Schain
2:00 Allen D. Albert
2:30 Mary G. Andrews
3:00 Rev. J.W. Powell
3:30 Miss Mabel Vernon
4:00 AUCTION — W.D. Gordon
5:00 Congressman Geo. R. Smith
6:00 Mrs. Andreas Ueland
CARS IN PARADE

Mrs. S. T. McKnight
C. H. Partridge
J. D. McMillan
A. L. Searle
R. M. Bennet
C. C. Bovey

Number of Tables for Booths

2 for Melting Pot
6 for Cafeteria
2 for Flowers
1 for Literature
2 for Tea-house
1 for Ice Cream Cones
1 for Crispets
1 for Candy & Peanuts
2 for Drinks
1 for Suffrage queen
Minnesota
Woman Suffrage Association

Letter thanking the Editors for the space given our Melting Pot publicity,

My dear Mr. Jones

I want to thank you in behalf of the Minnesota suffragists for the space and the satisfactory account of our Melting Pot Fete.

I am sure our great success was due to the Publicity so generously given.

Thanking you for this and many other favors,

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Clara Ueland.
MINNESOTA

Woman Suffrage Association

Letter of thanks sent at the
men who helped us at the M.P.

My dear Mr. Hadley,

We want to thank you for your generous
help at our Melting Pot meeting, July 2. We think
your services helped greatly in making the occasion such
a success.

We are all very grateful and appreciate
greatly what you did for us,

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Andreas Ueland.
Good Things To Eat
TROT=INN
1722 Hennepin Ave.

July 5, 1915
To Every American Citizen

GREETING:—

You are proud of being a citizen of the world's greatest Republic. To the native-born young men of the land citizenship means the attainment of full manhood. To the foreign-born it means even more, for only as a citizen can he enter into that complete fellowship with other men which marks him an American.

Now, has it ever occurred to you that there are millions of persons in this glorious land of ours to whom full citizenship is denied, because they are your mothers, sweethearts, wives and sisters, because in short, they were born women and not men?

You may not have seen the matter in this light. But here we are, women of Minnesota, without a voice in the public life of the community, without the vote, by which alone we can attain the ripe measure of citizenship and share in the larger work which only voting citizens can perform.

You citizens of Minnesota and of America can give us the vote, and in this hour of civic consecration we ask you to do so.

Our ambition is to stand by your side as equal fellow-workers.

We, therefore, appeal to you men to give us our rights and admit us into civic partnership.

As we make this direct appeal to you, so do we, through you, urge upon your representatives in the Minnesota legislature and in Congress to work and vote for all measures that will hasten the day, when American citizenship shall mean the entire American people, not only one-half thereof, as it does now.
THE EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION OF MINNEAPOLIS WILL HOLD A MID-SUMMER BUSINESS AND SOCIAL MEETING AT THE HOME OF MRS. ANDREAS UELAND CALHOUN BOULEVARD ON FRIDAY, THE SEVENTH OF AUGUST AT THREE O'CLOCK

THE FUND FOR THE CAMPAIGN STATES WILL BE STARTED AT THIS TIME AND EVERYONE IS ASKED TO BRING ODDS AND ENDS OF JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE FOR "THE MELTING POT"

MEMBERS ARE URGED TO BRING THEIR FRIENDS
Suffrage Garden Party at Ueland's Friday Afternoon and Evening

Tennis - Girls' Track Meet
"How the Vote Was Won" by the Linden Hills Players
Picnic Supper
Speeches Dancing
Admission 10c, 25c, 50c
Everybody Welcome!!
SUFFRAGE GARDEN PARTY

for the benefit of Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association

Friday Afternoon and Evening, August 20th,
at the residence of Mrs. Andreas Ueland

Calhoun Boulevard, corner Richfield Road

Tennis Matches   Fortune Telling
Girls Track Meet The Hoppetaria (A Newport Specialty)
Folk Dancing    Country Store

Picnic Supper   Suffrage Speeches   Dancing
“How the Vote Was Won” — Play by Linden Hills Troupe

ADMISSION 25 CENTS  VOTERS 50 CENTS

Suffragists are asked to bring supplies for Country Store—jellies, pickles, cakes, pies, etc.

Lake Harriet or Como Cars to 39th and 40th Street. Follow the Flag!

EVERYBODY WELCOME! In case of rain garden party will be postponed until the next day, Saturday, August 21st.

[Aug. 20, 1915]
The MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
ANNOUNCES
A MOVING PICTURE SHOW AT
THE STATE FAIR
ASSISTED BY

Monday—The 1915 and the Scandinavian Suffrage Clubs of Minneapolis
Tuesday—The Woman’s Welfare League of St. Paul.
Wednesday—The Political Equality Club of St. Paul.
Thursday—The Equal Suffrage Association of Minneapolis.
Friday—The Political Equality Club of Minneapolis.
Saturday—Women Workers Suffrage Club of Minneapolis

3. A Popular Comedy.

Tent opposite the New England Bldg. Help to advertise the Show!
Votes For Women

Minnesota

[Sep 1915]
VOTES for Women a Success

THE MAP PROVES IT

Given away at State Fair 9/9/15,
by E.S.A. 9/11/15, by 1915 Club.
Why Women Want to Vote
WOMEN ARE CITIZENS
And Wish to Do Their Civic Duty

WORKING WOMEN need the ballot to regulate conditions under which they work.

HOUSEKEEPERS need the ballot to regulate the sanitary conditions under which they and their families must live.

MOTHERS need the ballot to regulate the moral conditions under which their children must be brought up.

TEACHERS need the ballot to secure just wages and to influence the management of the public schools.

BUSINESS WOMEN need the ballot to secure for themselves a fair opportunity in their business.

TAX PAYING WOMEN need the ballot to protect their property.

ALL WOMEN need the ballot because they are concerned equally with men in good and bad government; and equally responsible for civic righteousness.

ALL MEN need women’s help to build a better and juster government and

WOMEN need MEN to help them secure their right to fulfill their civic duties.
THE OPENING MEETING OF THE
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
WILL TAKE THE FORM OF A LUNCHEON ON
TUESDAY, OCTOBER FIFTH, AT ONE O'CLOCK,
AT THE LEAMINGTON,
FOR MISS LUTIE STEARNS,
WHO WAS FORMERLY IN CHARGE OF
TRAVELING LIBRARIES, UNDER
THE WISCONSIN FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION

MEMBERS ARE URGED TO BRING THEIR FRIENDS.
TELEPHONE RESERVATIONS TO MISS FISHER, NICOLLET 6312,
BEFORE TUESDAY. PLATES SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS
Equal Suffrage Ass'n.
403 Essex Bldg.
Town
MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
Headquarters, 403 Essex Building
Minneapolis

191

I agree to pay to Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association the amount checked hereon, on or before October 1st, 1915.

Name

Address

Send to Mrs. V. H. Troendle, State Treasurer, 1626 West 26th St., Minneapolis

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CALL TO THE THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

To the women of Minnesota:

The Annual Convention of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association will be held in the St. Paul Hotel, St. Paul, October 7, 8 and 9, 1915.

All women interested in the cause of human freedom are invited to the meetings of this Convention.

The very rapid growth of sentiment throughout the world, for our great cause, makes this meeting of extraordinary interest to us.

In nearly one-half of the territory of the United States women are politically free.

Eleven of the United States and one territory have granted full suffrage to women.

One state has given presidential and municipal suffrage.

In twenty states women have partial suffrage.

Four great Eastern states are to vote upon the question this fall.

In Congress one-fourth of the Senate, one-sixth of the House and one fifth of the electoral vote comes from suffrage states.

Minnesota women are rapidly organizing the state by legislative districts and voting precincts, and in most of the congressional districts of Minnesota, committees have been formed to influence federal legislators.

Success for the cause in the United States is in sight.

Come to the Convention and help us to make it a memorable one.

CLARA UELAND,
SOPHIE KENYON,
EVA W. MORSE,
MAUD C. STOCKWELL,
ISABEL TROENDLE.

Officers of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association.
The Convention is held by invitation of the Political Equality Club and the Welfare League of St. Paul.

Committee:
Mrs. H. A. Tomlinson,
Mrs. Eugenia B. Farmer,
Mrs. Henry Carling,
Mrs. Frank Williams,
Mrs. A. R. Colvin.

All meetings will be held in the Palm Room of the St. Paul Hotel.

HOTEL RATES.
Single rooms, $2.00 to $4.00 per day; double rooms, $3.00 upwards.
Special rates for delegates occupying apartments jointly, obtained from hotel management.

Luncheons, 60 and 70 cents; dinners, $1.00; banquet, $1.25.

The Entertainment Committee will furnish private hospitality, that is, room and breakfast, for such out-of-town delegates as may wish it.

For information write to Mrs. John M. Guise, 651 Portland Ave., St. Paul.

Chairman of the Entertainment Committee, not later than October third.

OUTLINE OF PROGRAM.

Program Committee:
Mrs. George M. Kenyon, Chairman,
Mrs. A. H. Bright,
Mrs. A. R. Colvin,
Mrs. Luth. Jaeger,
Mrs. S. A. Stockwell.

Thursday Morning.
Presentation of program, Mrs. George H. Kenyon, Chairman.
Address of Welcome, Mrs. Charles P. Noyes, St. Paul.
Response, Mrs. W. W. Lawrence, Duluth.
Report of Officers.

Thursday Afternoon.
Report of Credential Committee.
Adoption of revised constitution.

Thursday Evening.
Mass Meeting.
Speaker, Mrs. Albion Fellows Bacon, Indiana.
(Mrs. Bacon was the means of reforming the housing laws of Indiana. Her experience with the Indiana Legislature convinced her of the need of political power for women).

Friday Morning.
Reports from clubs and legislative districts.

Friday Afternoon.
Fraternal Greetings.
President's Address.

Friday Evening.
7 o'clock—Banquet, St. Paul Hotel.

Saturday.
Election of Officers.
Election of Officers, Mrs. Jessie Hardy McKay.
Unfinished Business.
4 o'clock, Automobile Ride for out-of-town delegates.

DELEGATES.

Each club is entitled to four delegates, including the president, and one additional delegate for each ten members.

Delegates must come to the convention with credentials, properly signed by the president and secretary of the club.

Each club is urged to send its full quota of delegates. The association needs the co-operation and advice of all its members.

It is hoped that each club will instruct its delegates to make a liberal pledge for this year’s work.

NOTE.—According to the present constitution, which was based on an association of clubs, the legislative districts are not legally entitled to delegates, but one of the chief purposes of the convention is to change the constitution so that the legislative work may legally as well as in reality become a part of the work of the association. One of the most interesting as well as significant features of the convention will be the reports of those newly-organized legislative districts.

REPORTS.

The secretary or president of each club, and legislative district should report all activities of her club or district for the past year. If it is not possible for a representative of the club or district to be present, this report should be mailed to the corresponding secretary before Oct. 7th.

REVISION OF CONSTITUTION.

Notice is hereby given that at this convention a revision of the Constitution to fit the present plan of organization will be presented by a committee of which Mrs. Albert R. Hall, of St. Paul, is chairman.
THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

OCTOBER 7th, 8th and 9th, 1915
ST. PAUL HOTEL, ST. PAUL
THIRTY-FOURTH
ANNUAL CONVENTION
OF THE MINNESOTA
WOMAN SUFFRAGE
ASSOCIATION

Palm Room, St. Paul Hotel
October 7, 8 and 9, 1915
PROGRAM COMMITTEE.
Mrs. George M. Kenyon. Mrs. Luth Jaeger.
Mrs. A. H. Bright. Mrs. Alex. Colvin.
Mrs. Maud C. Stockwell.

COMMITTEE ON LOCAL ARRANGEMENTS.
Mrs. H. A. Tomlinson. Mrs. Henry Carling.
Mrs. M. O. Graves. Mrs. Frank Williams.
Mrs. John M. Guise. Dr. Mary Hartman.
Mrs. Eugenia B. Farmer. Mrs. J. C. Holman.
Mrs. C. P. Noyes. Mrs. A. H. Bostrom.
Mrs. Bryant White.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7.
10:00 o'clock.
Convention Called to Order - - - - -
- - - - - By President Mrs. Andreas Ueland
Invocation - - - - Rev. A. C. Stevens
Address of Welcome - Mrs. C. P. Noyes, St. Paul
Response - - Mrs. W. W. Lawrence, Duluth
Presentation of Program, - - - - - - - -
- - - - - Mrs. Geo. M. Kenyon, St. Paul
Appointment of Committees

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.
Recording Secretary - - Mrs. Eva W. Morse
Corresponding Secretary - Mrs. Maud C. Stockwell
Treasurer - - - - Mrs. Victor H. Troendle
Auditor - - - - - - Mrs. H. A. Tomlinson
Report of State Clubs:
Duluth.
Winona.
Luverne.
Austin.
Excelsior.
St. Paul Political Equality Club.
Minneapolis Political Equality Club.
Minneapolis Scandinavian Woman Suffrage Assn.
Minneapolis Equal Suffrage Association.
Minneapolis Woman Workers Suffrage Club.
Minneapolis Socialist Suffrage Club.
Minneapolis Home Study Suffrage Club.
Minneapolis Learners' Equal Suffrage Club.
THURSDAY AFTERNOON.
1:30 o'clock.
Report of Credentials Committee.
Adoption of New Constitution.

THURSDAY EVENING.
8:00 o'clock.
Address—“Suffrage and Labor Unions” — Senator Richard Jones, Duluth
Address—“Women on the Grand Jury” — John Mitchell, St. Paul
Address—“The Home in Politics” — Mrs. Albion Fellows Bacon, of Indiana

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8.
10:00 o'clock.
Reading of Minutes of Thursday Sessions.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.
Press — Mrs. Engenia B. Farmer
Woman's Journal — Mrs. Alden H. Potter
Ways and Means — Mrs. Sumner McNight
Organization — Mrs. Albert McMahon
Congressional — Mrs. Alden H. Potter
Constitution — Mrs. A. R. Hall

SPECIAL COMMITTEES.
State Fair — Mrs. J. C. Holman
County Fairs — Mrs. A. B. Jackson
Report of National Convention at Nashville — Mrs. Andreas Ueland
Report of Mississippi Valley Conference — Mrs. A. B. Jackson
Report of Chicago Convention — Mrs. A. H. Bright

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.
1:30 o'clock.
Fraternal Greeting.
Federation of Women's Clubs — Mrs. Wm. Coe
W. C. T. U. — Mrs. Julia Mandigo
Peace Society — Dr. Cyrus Northrop
Minnesota Educational Society — H. L. Merrill
Ladies of the Maccabees — Mrs. Jessie K. Fager
Minnesota Federation of Fraternal Women — Dr. Auten Pine
President's Address — Mrs. Andreas Ueland
Collections and Pledges — Mrs. H. G. Harrison
Federal Amendments — Mrs. Jessie Hardy MacKeye

FRIDAY EVENING.
7:00 o'clock.
Banquet at The St. Paul Hotel.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 9.
9:30 o'clock.
Reading Minutes of Friday Sessions.
Unfinished Business.
New Business
Final Report of Credentials Committee.
Election of Officers and Directors.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
2:00 o'clock.

Unfinished Business.
New Business.
Reports of Legislative District Chairmen.
Report of Resolutions Committee.
Address in Memory of Julia B. Nelson, Dr. Ethel Hurd
Reading of Minutes.

Automobile Ride.

OFFICERS.
President—Mrs. Andreas Ueland, Minneapolis.
Vice- Presidents—Mrs. George M. Kenyon, St. Paul.
Dr. Mary McCoy, Duluth.
Mrs. C. L. Atwood, St. Cloud.
Miss Florence Youmans, Winona.
Mrs. Edgar H. Loyked, Faribault.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. Eva W. Morse, Excelsior.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Maud C. Stockwell, Minneapolis.
Treasurer—Mrs. Victor H. Troendle, Minneapolis.
First Auditor—Mrs. H. A. Tomlinson, St. Paul.
Second Auditor—Mrs. Russell M. Bennett, Minneapolis.

DIRECTORS.
Dr. Ethel E. Hurd, Minneapolis.
Mrs. A. M. Burt, St. Paul.
Mrs. A. B. Jackson, Minneapolis.
Dr. Mary Hartman, St. Paul.
Mrs. Luth Jaeger, Minneapolis.
Mrs. James A. Peterson, Minneapolis.
Mrs. Alex. Colvin, St. Paul.
Miss Anna Carey, Minneapolis.

STANDING COMMITTEES.
Constitution—Mrs. A. R. Hall, St. Paul.
Literature—Mrs. J. C. Holman, St. Paul.
Church—Mrs. V. C. Sherman, Minneapolis.
Lecture Bureau—Dr. Annah Hurd, Minneapolis.
Ways and Means—Mrs. Sumner McKnight, Minneapolis.
Woman's Journal and Congressional—Mrs. A. H. Potter, Minneapolis.
Member National Executive Council—Mrs. A. H. Bright, Minneapolis.

Banquet Tickets $1.25.
Secure tickets of Mrs. John M. Schwartz.
Banquet

Minnesota Woman's Suffrage Association

St. Paul Hotel

Friday, October 8, 1915

Mrs. Clinton J. Backus, Toastmistress

Pipe Dance

Mr. Nicholas R. Cheesebrow

ADDRESSES

Chalk Talk

By BART of the St. Paul Daily News

"The Campaign in New Jersey"

Senator Moses E. Clapp

"Are Women Changing?"

Mrs. Andreas Ueland

"Why is a Representative at Large?"

Hon. James Manahan

"Cranks"

Professor Maria Sanford

Recitations

Mrs. Charles Sterling

Representation

Alice Duer Miller

A Modern Proposal

""

Evolution

""

Columbus

Joaquin Miller

"Suffrage at the Federal Capital!"

Mrs. Jessie Hardy Mackaye

"What the Feminist Movement Ultimately Leads to"

Mr. Tyler McWhorter
The Useful Enemies of Suffrage

If a man be known by the company he keeps, political parties, being made up of men, may also be judged by the society which they cultivate. And if political parties may be so appraised, not only men but women may be put in the balance and judged.

Let us have a look at the associates of the Anti-Suffragists; not a look of mere curiosity but a look with a purpose. In New York State this fall, the question of Votes for Women will be settled through a referendum on a constitutional amendment, and before any citizen casts his ballot against that amendment, let him face a few facts and ask himself a few questions.

Is it a coincidence that the riffraff of politics are lined up solidly behind the opponents of Woman Suffrage? The Antis declare that suffrage for women is but a fad, that the desire for the vote is but a whim. They aver that no good purpose would be served by extending the franchise; that there would be an increase in the quantity of votes cast, but no improvement in the quality; that the influence of women at the polls for intelligent reform would be practically negligible. If this is true, why is it so many mortal enemies of reform, of radical reform, are so vigorously opposed to Woman Suffrage? Is it, as we have said, a coincidence?

Is it a coincidence that the lowest type of male politician is ardent in his opposition to Woman Suffrage? Or, knowing something about the ways of voters in the polling place, does he think that women would be less easy to drive than men? Is it a coincidence that sweat-shop owners, and the employers of child labor, look with disfavor at the idea of woman suffrage? Or, fearing the power of those closest to the home, do they feel that woman with the ballot in her hand might be more relentless than man in the pursuit of social wrongs? Is it a coincidence that the whole underworld of vice, which is so mysteriously interwoven with the underworld of politics, scoffs and sneers at the mention of woman suffrage? Or, knowing upon whom has fallen heaviest the weight of underworld outrage, does it rightly detect in Woman Suffrage a hand that will avenge as well as correct?

It may be a coincidence, but if so, it is the most remarkable coincidence that has appeared in American politics. Those who wish to take it as such are privileged to agree with the guileless Anti that suffrage is but a fad; that no good purpose would be served by extending the franchise. Those who, like Puck, assume it to be something else, something of much greater significance, will agree that the opponents of Woman Suffrage—not the dainty type of afternoon tea opponents but the grim opponents of the sweat-shop and the dive—give the cause its mightiest justification.
Mrs. Walton's Vaudeville Frolic for Suffrage

Wednesday Evening, November 17th
at 8:15 p.m.

Woman's Club Theatre
15th Street and Harmon Place

Admit One Price 50 Cents
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

Announces

Regular Monthly Meetings

On Mondays at three o'clock

Speakers for Monday, October 25th

Dr. Alix Westerkamp
Of Marburg, Germany

Subject, "The Status of German Women"

Mr. Hymen V. Mendell
Subject "The State and Legal Aid"

Tea at Five O'clock

Committee

Mrs. W. C. M. Pyke
Mrs. C. S. Struck
Miss Vera Cole

Hostesses

Mrs. David P. Jones
Mrs. Alfred H. Bright
Mrs. J. T. Baxter
Equal Suffrage Ass’n.

403 Essex Bldg.

Town
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
ANNOUNCES
REGULAR WEEKLY MEETINGS
ON MONDAYS AT THREE O’CLOCK
TEA AT FIVE O’CLOCK
PROGRAM
MONDAY, NOVEMBER FIRST

MRS. KATHERINE WILLIAMSON, OF DENVER, SUBJECT: THE WOMAN’S VOTE IN COLORADO
MRS. D. F. SIMPSON. SUBJECT: THE CAMPAIGN IN NEW YORK,
MISS MARGUERITE WELLS. SUBJECT: THE NEW YORK PARADE
HOSTESSES: MRS. J. A. LARIMORE, MRS. LEOPOLD METZGER

MONDAY, NOVEMBER EIGHTH

MR. KARL DELAITRE, SUBJECT: THE CITY GOVERNMENT
HOSTESSES: MRS. ROY PIERSON, MRS. STUART WELLS

FOOD SALE. CONTRIBUTIONS OF HOME-MADE FOOD ARE SOLICITED FOR MONDAY, NOVEM-
BER FIRST, FROM WOMEN LIVING IN THE EIGHTH WARD. CHAIRMAN, MRS. MILTON PURDY
FOR MONDAY, NOVEMBER EIGHTH, THE WOMEN OF THE FIFTH WARD ARE ASKED TO CON-
TRIBUTE. CHAIRMAN: MRS. I. L. CORSE.
Equal Suffrage Ass'n.
403 Essex Bldg.
Town
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
PROGRAM
MONDAY, NOVEMBER FIFTEENTH
THE QUESTION OF THE MERGING OF THE
EQUAL SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION INTO THE
HENNEPIN COUNTY WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION
WILL BE PRESENTED AND VOTED ON AT THIS MEETING

MME. MARIA BELOUSEFF, A RUSSIAN POLITICAL REFUGEE, WILL SPEAK ON "THE STATUS OF
RUSSIAN WOMEN." HOSTESSES: MRS. J. T. GEROULED, MRS. C. B. NEWTON, MRS. PHEILPS WYMAN

MONDAY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-SECOND

MISS ELIZABETH HALL, SUPERVISOR MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS, WILL SPEAK ON "WHAT THE BALLOT OUGHT TO MEAN TO TEACHERS."
HOSTESSES: MRS. JOHN H. GRAY, MRS. GORDON HAYES, MRS. ARTHUR TODD

FOOD SALES--THE THREE FOOD SALES ALREADY HELD HAVE SHOWN THAT DOUGHNUTS
CAKES AND OTHER HOME-COOKED FOODS ARE ESPECIALLY IN DEMAND.
FOR MONDAY, NOVEMBER FIFTEENTH, CONTRIBUTIONS OF HOME-MADE FOOD ARE ASKED FROM
THE WOMEN OF THE THIRTEENTH WARD. CHAIRMAN, MRS. J. T. KEAN.
FOR MONDAY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-SECOND, THE WOMEN OF THE SECOND WARD ARE ASKED TO CONTRIBUTE. CHAIRMAN, MRS. E. DANA DURAND.
Equal Suffrage Ass'n.
403 Essex Bldg.
Mpls.
Enclosed please find two tickets for
MRS. PHILIP SNOWDEN'S LECTURE
on "WOMEN AND LABOR"
Saturday evening, November 20th, at 8:15
in the Unitarian Church
Please return money or tickets to Miss Fisher,
403 Essex Bldg., before that time

MRS. SNOWDEN is closely identified with the Labor party in England and has a wide acquaintance among legislators. A biographical sketch of Mrs. Snowden in Harper's Weekly of November 28th, 1898, asserts that not since Frances Willard has there been an English-speaking woman with such a gift of oratory, so much magnetism, or such persuasive sweetness of manner and ability to move great bodies of men and women.
MRS. PHILIP SNOWDEN

"WOMEN AND LABOR"
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20TH
8:15 P.M.
UNITARIAN CHURCH
EIGHTH STREET AND MARY PLACE

TICKETS 50 CENTS  ADMIT ONE
MRS. WALTON’S VAUDEVILLE FROLIC
FOR SUFFRAGE

WEDNESDAY EVENING
NOVEMBER SEVENTEENTH
WOMAN’S CLUB THEATRE
PROGRAMME

1. "Classical Selections".............The Tynphony Orchestra
   Miss Linda McLain, Leader.

2. "Just Come Over"..........................Miss Dorothy Walton, Mr. Victor Troendle, Jr.
   Music by the Tynphony Orchestra.

3. Danse Characteristique...........In the Forest
   Miss Claire Shenehon.

4. "The Naugthy Little Girl's View of Things"
   Mrs. Edmund G. Walton.

5. Danse Aesthetique...................."Sylphette"
   Miss Stella Metzger.
   Music by the Tynphony Orchestra.

6. BACK OF THE BALLOT.
   A Farce by George Middleton.

   CHARACTERS:
   Jennie Martin...............Miss Jean Russell
   Mr. Martin (her father)...Mr. Albert Robertson
   Bruce, ((their butler))...Mr. Kenneth O'Brien
   The Policeman................Mr. Raymond Gruitzmacher
   The Burglar..................Mr. W. F. McWade

   Scene: Jennie Martin's Boudoir.
   Time: Near Midnight.
   Music by the Tynphony Orchestra.

7. "Dance of the Harlequins"........(arr. by Mrs. S. C. Noble)
   Miss Audrey Walton, Mr. Charles Woehler.

8. "Good Night Ladies"...........The Tynphony Orchestra

PATRONESSES.

Mrs. Andreas Ueland..................Mrs. A. L. Searle
Mrs. David F. Simpson...............Mrs. A. M. Fish
Mrs. A. H. Bright...................Mrs. Irving Corse
Mrs. A. H. Potter...................Mrs. Russell Bennett
Mrs. Victor Troendle.................Mrs. Frances Shenehon
Mrs. George H. Partridge...............Mrs. Geo. W. Porter
Mrs. Charles Pillbury................Mrs. Geo. H. Bridgman
Mrs. John D. McMillan...............Mrs. W. A. Eggleston
Mrs. Anson Jackson, Sr................Mrs. David P. Jones
Mrs. H. G. Harrison................Mrs. Sumner McKnight
Mrs. Lester Elwood

Stage furnishings by courtesy of Moore & Scrivver.
Floral decorations by courtesy of H. B. Whitted.
MRS. WALTON’S VAUDEVILLE FROLIC
FOR SUFFRAGE

Wednesday Evening, November 17th
at 8:15 pm.

WOMAN’S CLUB THEATRE
15TH ST. AND HARMON PLACE

Admit One  Balcony  Price 25 Cents
The Hennepin County Woman Suffrage Association, which has absorbed the Equal Suffrage Association, will continue the popular plan of weekly meetings on Mondays at three o'clock at 403 Essex building, which was put into practice by the latter organization.

Tea at five o'clock

Program

Monday, November Twenty-Ninth

A constitution will be presented for consideration and adoption.

Mr. Yun Tai Miao of the province of Yunnan Fu, China, will speak on "The Status of Chinese Women."

Mr. Yun Tai Miao was educated in the government schools of China. Spent last year at the University of Illinois, and is now specializing in mining engineering at the University of Minnesota.

Hostesses: Mrs. Al P. Erickson, Mrs. Edward W. Hawley, Mrs. Edward Nelson.

Food Sale---For Monday, November 29th, contributions of home-made food are asked from the Women of the Twenty-Eighth and Thirty-Fifth Districts. Committee: Mrs. Charles Loss, Mrs. Luth Jaeger, Mrs. Frank Finsterbach.