Speech
by
Senator Hubert H. Humphrey
at
AFL-CIO Convention
Des Moines, Iowa
Wednesday, September 10, 1958

neighbor the. It is good to be with Governor Loveless again,
your able and dedicated chief executive during the past -- and
next -- two years. And it is good to have this opportunity to meet
and talk with the representatives of Iowa's AFL-CIO citizens.

developments in America's public life has been the expansion and diversification of the interests and activities of organized labor.

As members of the labor movement, you have always taken a broad / of human affairs. That view now encompasses the whole range of our community, state and national community, and extends to our relation-

contributions I the american fact manipulated that metato to a record of patriotic derical that metato to be tall a face feely against american others.

in money and leadership to the new trade unions is asia, Africa + Jalin america.

It is unnecessary, therefore, for me to remind you of the critical problems we face today. You are acutely aware of the mounting tensions which afflict the hearts and minds of all the citizens of the nation. You know that the events of the summer through which we have just passed have provided little aid and comfort to anyone but our enemies.

And you know the difficulties and anxieties that beset us on every side did not occur by a sort of spontaneous combustion.

They are the of six years of ineptitude, fumbling, and lead

lessness on the part of the Eisenhower-Nixon Administration.

In something less than six years, this Administration has brought America into the worst recession since World War II at home, and into morbal danger of war and we were the at abroad.

Under our form of Government the welfare and security

of the people are best served when the President and Vice President -
the only two officials elected by all the people -- give vigorous

leadership in the conduct of public affairs.

The present incumbents of those high offices have, not
males that also such
failed, as refused to fulfill the functions of leadership.
The President has not only failed to lead; he has not even Tried
The Republican administration
has rejected the obligations and responsibilities of
leadership. This rejection of leadership is typified by
tavo
en two momentum in connection with momentous questions -
integration of the public schools and the growing danger of war off
the China coast.
The China coast. The President
On both questions has refused to make clear what his
convictions, if any, what should be done or what he intends
to do. Drifto belay are the order 7 the Days
These are but two examples of the way in which the Republica

Eisenhower-Nixon Administration has failed to provide leadership to the nation -- a failure resulting in a surrender to old-guard conservative domestic policies and rigid, contradictory and disorganized foreign policies.

It is a failure which has brought this country to the

worst recession it has known since World War II. We are being that this recession is "bottoming out." deny that we have been and still are in serious economic trouble. Consumble n five million unemployed and prices are higher than they have ever been in history. America has suffered a grievous loss of influence and prestige everywhere in the world, and we are faced with threats of war in the Middle East and Far East. The Communist dictatorship has caught up with us in many areas of scientific skill, is speeding ahead at a faster rate of progress in power development, and expands production six or seven per cent a year, while ours slows to less than three per cent. Our military establishment is inadequate to meet the threat posed by the dictator ship and to keep our vast commitments, Our relations with Later american neighbors are Strained and fraged The Good Neighbor Policy of 7. D.R. has been

Cast axide by an Administration that concentrates on Posts, alliances, and Massime Retaliation. At home Rase relations have workined - The Arederal Court order is defen Enruation and influence requisitory agencies established to pretet the public intent that confront us as a result of the failure of the Eisenhower-Nixon Administration to give essential leadership and direction to the country. Yet, these problems alone are sufficient to explain why the Republican party would rather not discuss the issues They do, explain the gyrations of the Senate Republican policy committee and the sleight of hand tricks of the Republican National Committee in their efforts to avoid an accounting to the American voters in the but in mains the volers took a loss balance Sheet, and voted Ogmocratic The Republicans are too aware of the unflattering contrast between their achievements and those of the Democrats to risk running on the respective records of the two parties. They are unwilling to measure Republican performance sgainst Democratic performance on the do the samething his lavember - a great democra

prosperity and recession, between peace and threatening war under conditions that make our standing weaker, not stronger.

subject, to create a diversion that they hope may distract the attention of the voters from the depressing list of failures, defeats, and disappointments which constitute their actual record.

y have decided that it is essential to change the

The kind of diversion they have decided upon has been made clear by the attacks of the President upon the Congress, for, as he put it, failure to pass a strong labor reform bill, an attack in which he has been seconded, in more/deceptive way, by the

Secretary of Labor.

The nature of the diversionary tactic adopted by the Republicans was, in fact, made clear by the sof the Kennedy-Ives Labor-Management Republicans act.

For why was it lost? Who opposed it?

You know the answer to that. It was opposed by the

National Association of Manufacturers, the United States Chamber	1. 1.00
of Commerce, the American Retail Federation, the Beamsters, and My	felled
the Republican Party. The Republicans killed the Kennedy-Ives	74-CO
Bill because they wanted to Shaut about Correct law beats "rette they sither killed the Bill of law beats "rette they take action s law beats "rette they are the companies. They had a fake issue,	
a synthetic issue, but it was the only one they had and they were determined to hang on to it. It was necessary for them to hang on	ua)
to it to carry out the strategy upon which they had declary and which	tempt to
to transform the organized labor movement of	Y

the United States into a monster stranger than any known to mythology,

Use it as both a scape goat and a smoke screen, and then to run full-steam against the monster.

You and I are determined that corruption and racketeering must not

be permitted to exist in organized labor. You and I, along with

all the decent members of labor unions -- the vast overwhelming

majority -- are determined that corruption and racketeering must

be way uprooted wherever it exists. Labor or Management.

That is why the Kennedy-Ives Bill had the support of your national leaders, George Meany and Walter Reuther. They understood that while the Bill had its limitations, the good in it far outweighed the bad. They understood that it would strengthen the hand of decent labor leaders in eliminating abuses and corruption, and in cleaning the House of labor.

But in spite of all the pious protestations of the necessity of "cleaning up unions," a majority of Republicans in the

House of Representatives chose to hang on to their solitary, imitation issue like grim death, to sacrifice the objectives to which they publicly proclaimed loud allegiance and to resort to shabby political expediency.

They preferred to kill the bill so that they could avoid facing their real opponents in this campaign, the Democrats, and instead set up and run against a set of straw-man opponents labeled "The Labor Bosses, America's Third Party."

That's the title printed boldly across the covers of a book issued by the Senate Republican Policy Committee last July. In case there are any lingering doubts as to the particular brand of political parlor magic the Republicans will use this fall in an effort to bewitch, bother and bewilder the American voter into voting for that Grand Old Party in November, here's the proof.

But, my friends, the Republican hand isn't going to be quicker than the voter's eye. The old, threadbear, hidden extends

play isn't going to gain ground for them this year either.

You and I are going to see to that.

We are going to make sure that the people of this country vote on the issues. The Democrats are going to make plain to the country the real issues of this contest throughout all the states of the Union. And we will welcome your advice and counsel in doing the job.

You have given us the benefits of your work and wisdom in the past, and I know you will give it wholeheartedly again now. I am confident that George Meany, Walter Reuther, George Harrison,

Joe Keenan, Jim Carey, Dave McDonald, Al Hayes, and others of their caliber, will stand beside us in this contest, as they have in others.

They have supported us in the past because they have believed we shared their convictions and worked toward the same goals. And in the past we have been honored to have them stand

the tax payers seven times as much to run the agriculture program under Benson as it did when the Democrats turned the Administration over to the Republicans in 1952.

Under the Eisenhower-Nixon-Benson Administration, we have experienced a farm slump that has lowered the prices the farmer receives for what he produces while raising those he must pay for what he requires. Republican politics have lowered farm income and increased farm costs.

that remain are morer—in spite of temperature.

because of the deliberate policy of independent

farm liquidation instituted and steadily pursued by the spite of the spite of temperature.

Benson's philosophy that there are too many farmers.

He obviously believes that farming is destined to come under the



control of enormous, corporate entities in which there will be no place for the farm family living on, and giving their work and allegiance to the acres that provide them with a source of livelihood and with a home.

The good earth, in Benson's philosophy, is to be exploited by the vast and efficient corporation. And its good people are to become the displaced persons of Republican bigness that knows the price of everything and the value of nothing.

And there is a part of this Benson program of independent farm family liquidation that is of immediate and intimate concern to you, the members of organized labor. It is that part of his program which aims at driving a wedge between farmers and workers.

He has followed a successful strategy of divide and conquer.

We must close the rift between farmer and labor by carrying to the farm families of this nation the truth about their situation, and by bringing home to them the fact that the prosperity

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of farmer and worker are not divisible but are inseparable.

"Government by veto" frustrated efforts of Congress to provide

more adequate legislation to improve our farm situation. When the

President, advised by Secretary Benson, vetoed my resolution,

adopted by Congress early in the year, to prevent any further cuts

in farm prices, he and Benson served notice that any farm legis
lation would be on their terms or would not be accepted.

We had the votes in Congress to pass better farm bills.

But we did not have the votes to override a Presidential veto. As a result some simply surrendered to Benson -- unconditionally.

Some others of us refused to surrender, as a matter of principle.

I voted against that Bill because it completely neglected the Midwest and completely ignored the lessons we have had on farm legislation. It did meet some serious cotton and rice problems

which confronted the South. But it did nothing to bolster Midwest farm income. It offered nothing whatsoever to dairy farmers, who make up an important part of our Midwest farm economy. It did nothing toward curbing surpluses. And it meant and means that the tax payers pay more for fewer results.

while were able to retain in the farm bill the partiy

concept which the Administration is seeking to destroy, our

success amounted to little more than a gesture. Our fight to improve

the bill in Committee and on the Senate floor was against hopeless

(hereuse of fletheration veto)

odds. The Senate even rejected my absolute minimum offer of in
creasing dairy support to \$3.15 per hundredweight -- a compromise

from the \$3.25 "freeze" voted earlier in the Senate

Three dollars and fifteen cents is an absurdly low protection for the dairy industry. But only six Republican Sentors
would risk opposing Benson discipline enough to vote for that figure
and with Cotton state senators compelled to bow to Benson or get

nothing at all, there was no chance of our winning out.

The full impact of the Bill voted may not be felt for some years. It is a "cheap feed" bill, which appeals to some people. But in the long run it will mean cheap hogs, cheap cattle, because cheap milk --/secu-se the production of all of them will be encouraged. Reliable estimates say that it will mean a corn crop of over four million bushels next year at a time when we already have a surplus.

So the predictable result will again be lower purchasing power for our family-size farms and a poorer economy for all of us who live in farm states.

I have discussed this farm situation with you because I know you are concerned with all aspects of our economy. I happen to know, too, that the Republicans have decided that after all there is some hope of their winning the farm vote this year. Their optimism about this has been deflated by the fact that the Agriculture Department report on farm prices shows that they have

are apparently nevertheless determined to bring out to the

Midwest their most prominent Republican spokesmen -- including

"Ike" himself -- to "ferrifize the farmers" in hope of reaping a

large crop of farm votes.

They will preach the virtues of Republicanism to the farmers -- those of them whom Republicanism has not liquidated out of farming -- and they will attempt to prove once more that the Eisenhower-Nixon-Benson team is the farmer's friend.

This reminds me, my friends, of a story about President
Woodrow Wilson and the farmers of our Midwest. It seems he was
campaigning in the farm belt and happened to be speaking in an open
field to a gathering of farm folk. There was no platform for him to
stand upon so that those people in the rear of the gathering could
see and hear him, but there happened to be a manure spreader handy,
and he stepped up on that to speak and began his remarks by apologizing

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