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Remarks Prepared for Delivery

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Senator Hubert H. Humphrey (D., Minn.)

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Liberal Party 15th Annual Dinner, New York City Wednesday, June 10, 1959

I always feel at home at a gathering of the Liberal Party, for we have so much in common. In fact, if anything separates me from the Liberal Party, or the Liberal Party from me, it is nothing more than a couple of capital letters.

For you and I are both liberals -- only you sometimes spell yours with a capital L.

And you and I are both democrats -- only I often spell mine with a capital D.

But I have never heard of a couple of capital letters keeping good friends apart; and so as a liberal, and as a Democrat -- I welcome this chance to be with all of you.

There is much talk about the anti-intellectual atmosphere in Washington. But honestly, much of it is exaggerated. The atmosphere has really changed. It is no longer subversive in Washington to have an idea -- unless it costs money.

And the influence of Madison Avenue in Washington is on the wane, too. You may recall the tug-of-war a few years ago about what label to attach to "Modern Republicanism." The White House was reportedly split right down the middle. There were those who wanted to call it "Dynamic Progressivism." Others wanted to call it "Progressive Dynamism" -- still others "Dynamic Conservativism."

But all that has now been resolved. The official title for Modern Republicanism has been decided.

It is to be called Dynamic Apathy. odding yd dnemurevon gaisaepthy era ew

Yes, my friends, they said it couldn't be done. But this Republican Administration -- with the help of Madison Avenue -- did it. Apathy Can Be Dynamic!

But I don't need to tell the Liberal Party about the true meaning of the word dynamic, for it is synonymous with this party -- and for a very good reason. You may have thought that the man who has been one of the real sparkplugs of the Liberal Party for so many years was a two-D man. But he is actually three-D -- D for Dynamic, D for David, and D for Dubinsky.

And those of you who have watched that Dubinsky mind bubble over with new ideas and new projects must know that he is not only three-D, but capable of producing stereophonic sound!

Liberal party gatherings are always, for me, a unique experience. For there is always a mixture of many atmospheres.

Perhaps because of the many trade unionists here, these gatherings have all the vigor and excitement of a union meeting.

Perhaps because of the many distinguished educators in your party, these meetings have some of the flavor of a classroom.

Perhaps because of the many noted legal minds there, there is something of the atmosphere that pervades a great debate before the bar.

And finally, perhaps because of the many creative writers and artists that have been drawn to the Liberal Party, there is something here reminiscent of an academy of the arts and sciences.

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What a party -- made up of a mixture of brain and brawn, of dreamers and doers, of egg-heads -- and hard-boiled eggs!

Each of the men and women on this dais is, in a sense, a world unto himself. I see around me architects of great unions, writers of great books, inventors of philosophy, teachers of a new generation. Each is at or near the summit of his or her world, and could happily live within that world. But each chooses not to. They all choose to join together outside their personal and professional world in a common effort to deal politically with the problems of our society.

Your party is made up of specialists turned politicians; of dreamers turned doers; of men and women who know it is not enough to think liberal; one must also act liberal.

These are men and women who have succeeded in fusing the forces of intelligence and energy; and it is this fusion that transforms ideas into action.

These are men and women, too, who realize that, no matter how great any one man is, "no man is an island entire of itself," and no matter how important any one segment of our society may be, no one class, race, religion, country, or even continent can survive as an island unto itself.

This is the heart of Twentitieth Century liberalism: the search for individual independence in a world of interdependence.

A liberal philosophy begins with an understanding of this interdependence and of the intermingling of our various national policies.

We can not pursue a foreign policy that is contrary to our domestic policy: we can not have a liberal and flexible foreign policy based on the status quo and apathy at home.

What good is it to aim for increased production unless we also plan and provide for a similar growth in consumption?

We can not expect to explore new worlds if we deliberately go on depriving new generations of proper schools and the best of teachers.

We can not ask for ethical practices in trade unions, and expect to get them easily, unless we insist upon the same kind of ethics in business and government.

We are witnessing Government by Shibboleth -- policy by slogan.

For example, Inflation Is Evil: therefore virtually anything that is alleged to combat inflation is Good -- including the raising of interest rates, which puts a clumsy hand on the jugular vein of the economy and cuts off the blood supply.

To be sure, interest rates are raised in the name of fighting inflation. But what about the inflation they bring to the small businessman who is trying to expand his company? Or to the family that is trying to buy a home? Or to the city or county that is trying to build new roads or new schools?

Somehow, this kind of inflation does not seem to enter into the thinking of this Republican Administration.

Another example of Government by Shibboleth and slogan.

Communism is Evil; therefore anything that bears the label of Anti-Communist is Good -- even if it encroaches on such basic American precepts as freedom of thought and expression, freedom of association, innocence until proven guilty; the right of an accused to face his accuser. Government by Shibboleth would have us devote far more of our energies to investigating a Sara Lawrence professor seeking a Fulbright fellowship than in combatting the real Communists at the front lines of this battle: in Asia and Africa where uneducated peoples are struggling to win the war against poverty, disease and ignorance.

Another Shibboleth: Private Spending is Good -- Whether it be for longer, more powerful, chromier and finn-ier automobiles to replace the long, powerful, chrome-y cars that already fill our city streets and overflow our garages; but Government Spending is Bad -- whether it be for roads to put those larger cars on, or for schools for our children or for decent housing for the thousands of

Americans who live in slums, or for projects like hydro-electric dams that add to our national wealth.

The sad fact is, we are letting our national plant run down. Our economy is growing, but we are devoting a smaller portion of it to those public purposes -- that public investments, if you will -- that make a nation and a people not only rich but great and strong.

Twentieth Century Americannot only requires an up-to-date program but it demands an integrated and coordinated program.

We need a program that starts with the integration of our schools and ends with the peaceful cooperation of the world.

We can not fly to the moon while our political feet are stuck in the mud.

The Twentieth Century demands programs that have daring and design, where one detail fits another, as part of a long range plan.

To survive we must plan. In the second half of this interdependent and explosive century, to continue planless may be to end lifeless.

Permit me to cite one problem, probably the knottiest of our times: the problem of countering Soviet power. None of us can solve this problem here and now at this dinner. Indeed, that is precisely the point about the nature of this problem: it can not be solved with one act, one conference, one idea. We will have to wrestle with this problem over many years. And precisely for that reason, we must map an over-all policy, a long-range plan and be prepared to carry it out so that time may work for us and not against us.

Nor will America successfully counter Soviet power alone. We must act collectively -- together with all freedom loving peoples. And we must seek a many-sided solution through skillful negotiation.

Strengthening our alliances and conducting our negotiations with the Soviets are <u>not</u> two separated functions. The stronger our alliances, the greater can our successes be in negotiations. And the more successful our negotiations, the stronger can we build our alliances.

Above all, we must negotiate from strength, strength that is military, moral and economic.

Yet the moment we say this we begin to note both the complex and integrated character of this problem.

What makes up a nation's strength? To be sure, it consists in part of men and missiles. But this means an economic policy that will allow us to pay for these costly items. It means an educational policy that will provide the brain power to produce and to operate these amazing machines. It means a program of medical care and health protection capable of assuring us of a strong and vigorous people. Our defense strength means allies, not only in the traditional area of the North Atlantic, but allies and friends in Asia, Africa, and Latin America.

In short, a nation's strength is first of all founded in people, and only secondly in the products of their minds and muscles.

A nation's strength is not simply cold steel but warm hearts. And that is why America's strength must be rooted in the human and humane principles of liberalism.

A nation's moral strength is vital too, and this we must constantly build. We are in a peculiarly good position to do so, because America is the world in miniature, a composite -- a mosaic -- of peoples from everywhere. Assuring every man in America an equal place in the sun, be he white or colored, Catholic, Protestant or Jew, can give evidence to millions throughout the world that they too are entitled to and can enjoy their place in the sun. We must never forget that America's so-called minorities are the world's majorities.

We must build our economic strength. But what is economic strength? Surely, economic strength is not simply more factories with more machines. Unless there are buyers to purchase and use the constantly expanding output of these plants, both machines and factories will grind to a standstill. And then, the abundance

that should be a blessing becomes a curse and men walk the street unable to find work.

Building economic strength means encouraging full employment; it means helping every American family to balance its own personal budget, not by using less but by earning more -- and producing more.

Building economic strength means breathing new life into the distressed areas of our nation where for months and even years now supposedly productive men, machines, and buildings have been allowed to stand idle, unused and unwanted.

Building economic strength means sustaining the purchasing power of the jobless, the aged, the injured and the sick.

We must work ceaselessly for a high and ever higher standard of living not simply for the good, solid economic reason that this is the only way to provide a dynamic market for dynamic growth, but also for the good and convincing humane reason that people do not exist to run an economy, but that an economy exists to be run for the people.

We must build our international strength. This will demand a program of economic aid, not for today and for tomorrow, but for so long as there are haves and have-not nations in the world. We must demonstrate that our system can out-provide Soviet totalitarianism, not only for the benefit of our own citizens, but for have-not peoples everywhere.

Skilled diplomats alone cannot deal with the problem of Soviet expansion. We need the combined intelligence of economists, scientists, statesmen, legislators, judges -- and the good will, understanding, and energies of our own citizens and the people of this earth.

And such combined effort can not be left to chance and the moment. We need -- as a nation -- what you have around this dais as a party -- a combination of talents contributing to a program of human progress.

Unhappily, this national need is not being met today -- mostly, I am constrained to say, because the White House is not occupied by a liberal -- and you can take your pick between a big L and a little 1.

Regrettably, a conservative government finds itself incapable of appreciating or understanding the full meaning of the political, economic, and social revolution that is underway today throughout the world, and indeed has been underway in many parts of the world for the past two generations.

The Conservative government sees the problems, but never comes up with the answers.

It is more concerned about the traditions and institutions of government, than it is about the people that the government is designed to serve.

Above all, it has demonstrated an utter incapacity and inability to identify with people -- the needs of people, the hopes and wants of people here and abroad.

We counter attack -- we react -- rather than design a program that we know to be right and sound, and worthy of our efforts, our tradition, and our sacrifice.

We have insisted upon allies, when it would have been better if we sought to make friends.

But the most depressing picture of all is how we have lost the mantle of the peace-maker.

The slogans of this Republican Administration are evidence enough to demonstrate to any person how we have played right into the hands of the Communist propagandists who accuse us of aggression, and of war-like aims.

While the American citizen may understand these slogans for what they are --mainly political palavar, or, in more sophisticated words, "public relations" -- the people in other parts of the world do not always comprehend our rather shoddy colloquial expressions.

When you talk of a 'bigger bang for a buck,' 'massive retaliation,' 'massive

deterrent, and you explain in screaming headlines the destructive power of the new fantastic nuclear and thermo-nuclear weapons -- when day after day you attempt to satisfy the American public's desire for an adequate defense structure by headlines announcing another new missile, or plans for an even bigger and more deadly missile and rocket, is it any wonder that millions and millions of people throughout the world doubt our dedication to peace?

We have talked ourselves out of the role of peacemaker.

And this Administration has done it without even providing the nation with the defense that it requires.

What an ironical situation!

Public relations has been used as a substitute for public policy.

Propaganda has been substituted for preparedness.

The political slogan of a balanced-budget has been substituted for the maintenance of a proper balance of power in the world.

Even massive deterrence has given way to a new kind of jargon called 'mini-mum deterrence.'

Anything, any word, any scheme, any gimmick to satisfy the Republican hard-money, tight-credit, high interest, balance-the-budget, tax loophole, special privilege, economic royalist credo.

And we find ourselves with an Administration that is more concerned over inflation than it is with a world conflagration.

Its spokesmen say quite openly, inflation is our greatest danger -- even as Khrushchev threatens us again and again, and as the power of the Communist military and economic machine expands every day.

The tragedy of all this, however, is that the people of this country are truly dedicated to peace.

Ours is a tradition of peace and generosity, of compassion and humanitarianism.

What is more, there is nothing incompatible about having a strong defensive shield to give us the security and the sense of inner strength that makes possible the fulfillment of our mission as the peacemaker.

Let us never forget that there are many more people in this world who want to live, than want to die.

Let us not forget that millions of people have lived under conditions of tyranny and terror for so long that there is nothing more that can be done to frighten them.

What they seek is help, guidance, friendship, understanding.

What this world needs today is not massive retaliation, but massive doses of health, education, and food.

We need some guided missiles to the hearts and minds of men -- missiles of technology and science, missiles of schools and education; yes, missiles of medicine and medical care -- of jobs and industry, of public works and public welfare.

It is to the creation of these missiles that we must dedicate our talents and our energies.

We must wage peace, while we defend ourselves against attack.

We must move on the offensive, and declare war against mankind's most ancient and terrible enemies of hunger, disease, poverty, and ignorance.

It must be a war of deeds -- the kind of deeds that we Americans have demonstrated our ability to accomplish and perform.

We need a bold, new "Food for Peace" program, dedicating our God-given abundance to serving the needs of humanity -- rather than complaining about it.

We need a dramatic, worldwide "Health for Peace" program, with vastly expanded international medical research.

We need to launch a broad program of world educational development -- a plan of "Education for Peace."

These are truly the "Works of Peace."

These are the kinds of deeds that made America what it is today.

This is the concept of government that might have been in the mind of the poet, John Donne, when he wrote that "No man is an island."

What John Donne referred to, when he wrote those words in the 16th Century, was the spiritual kinship of man to his fellow man.

Today, in the 20th Century, this kinship is more than spiritual: it is economic, it is scientific, it is intellectual -- yes, and it is political.

Hence we, today, can say with John Donne, that when the bell tolls for poverty, for disease, for death, or for the loss of liberty anywhere, "never send to know for whom the bell tolls; It tolls for thee" -- and me.

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N o T e

From Address of Senator Hubert Humphrey - Liberal Party Dinner, Hotel 4 Commodore, June 10, 1959.

...."Now my good friends, we cannot pursue a foreign policy that is contrary to a domestic policy. You can't have a liberal, effective and enlightened foreign policy when you adhere to an apathetic, indifferent, conservative domestic policy.

What good is it? I ask. To aim for increased production unless we have plans to provide for a similar growth in consumption. We cannot expect, can we, to explore new worlds - outer space - if we deliberately go on depriving new generations of proper schools and the best of teachers? And I ask you, we cannot ask, can we, for ethical practices in trade unions and expect to get them easily unless we insist upon the same kind of ethics in business and in government?

Let me address myself more specifically to this matter. We must not be stampeded into adopting or passing any old kind of labor-management bill just for the sake of passing a bill. The American people want a bill. The American labor movement wants a bill. And we need a bill, a law which will help and aid and assist the honest labor leaders remove the cancer of corruption from the American labor movement. That we need. (applause)

But we do not want and we should not have a bill or a law which will weaken or cripple the American labor movement or weaken or cripple the democratic processes of honest American trade unionism. (applause)

And I might add that we have been blessed in this nation with great, enlightened, civic minded and responsible trade union leaders. When I think of names such as a George Mead, a Walter Reuther, an Al Hayes, a David Dubinsky, an Alex Rose, a George Harris, a Jim Carey, a Dave McDonald, a Jack Petofsky, a Joe Burns - only to mention a few. There are many others here tonight. I say to my fellow Americans, you can thank God you had such kind of labor leaders for a free labor movement. (applause)

HONORABLE HUBERT HUMPHREY SPEECH

M.C.: WOR now brings you a special program from the Hotel Commodore in New York. Tonight is the 15th Annual Dinner of the Liberal Party of the State of New York. The principal speaker before this assembly of labor leaders and prominent New York citizens will be the Honorable Hubert Humphrey, Senator from Minnesota.

And now our first speaker, Professor Paul R. Hayes of Columbia University.

HAYES: I take this opportunity to welcome the radio audience to the 15th Anniversary Dinner of the Liberal Party, where over 1,500 members and friends of the Liberal Party are gathered in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Commodore. We have already heard inspiring addresses from party leaders.

We now are turned to our next speaker. Among the spokesmen for liberalism in this country no voice is more eloquent, no name more honorable than that of Senator Humphrey. (APPLAUSE) There are others who will think of who may claim what we call a perfect voting record. Senator Humphrey has the right to claim a second record - a record of vigorous action and effective headership on the issues

which for Liberals are the vital issues of democracy. (APPLAUSE)

Ladies and gentlemen, I have the pleasure to present to you Senator Hubert Humphrey. (APPLAUSE)

HUMPHREY: Thank you very much. Thank you very much. Thank you very much. Thank you very much, Professor Hayes. David Dubinsky, Alex Rose, my dinner companions, two illustrious liberal leaders, the many others who are here at the dais and in the audience.

You know, it's been a long time since I've been to a Liberal Party dinner. I think it's about ten years or eleven. And during that period of time many wonderful things have happened. I know that you've been under outstanding leadership, leadership of great intellectuals and great minds of America. Such distinguished liberal educators as our own Adolph Burley, former Undersecretary of State; Professor of Law at Columbia, Dr. John Childs whom we heard this evening, and George Counts(?) who has left Columbia to teach at Pittsburgh; your present acting chairman of tonight's dinner, Paul Hayes, Columbia Professor of Law. Many others.

My, when you start to mention names, what a dangerous pursuit this gets to be! Because you just leave out the names of so many good people whom ought to be mentioned. But let me just say that if anything I can say

tonight would be a tribute to any of you, you have it.

And you have it in generous and sincere measure.

I always - I always feel at home at a gathering of our Liberal Party, for we have so much in common. In fact, if anything separates me at all from the Liberal Party, or if there is anything that separates the Liberal Party from me, it is nothing more than just a couple of capital letters. For you and I are both liberals. Only you sometimes spell yours with a capital L. And you and I are both democrats, only I often spell mine with a capital D.

Now when - I - I've never heard of a couple of just ordinary capital letters in the English alphabet keeping good friends apart. And so - and so as a liberal and as a democrat, I welcome this chance to speak to you and to be with you.

Now you know my friend Alex Rose said to me, Senator, we've had a long meeting tonight, and, he said, I do hope you will never forget that keaghers speeches do not have to be eternal to be immortal. And I - I'm - I'm mindful of this. I may may - I may have taken a little editorial license here but not much.

And then David Dubinsky looked at me and with all - really - sort of affection this evening he said, Ah, he said, there's Senator Hubert Humphrey going to fix his

attention upon notes and script. This is a good sign for one and all. So with that lean back, enjoy the evening.

Now you know there is much talk these days in Washington about the anti-intellectual atmosphere of that city. But honestly I have some good news for you. This is exaggerated. The atmosphere has actually changed. It is really no longer considered even subversive in Washington to have an idea.

What Wait a minute! Unless it costs money. And then you have to take another look. And the influence of your own Madison Avenue in Washington is on the wane too. I can't say that Wall Street is, but Madison Avenue is. And you may recall, for example, the tug of war a few years ago about the kind of a label to attach to this so-called modern republicanism.

Now of course that's a play on words itself.

This is like talking about new antiques. But having said that - having said that, all of this is now resolved, so rest in peace. The official line of modern reputy republicans has been decided. They've got a new title for it. It's called dynamic apathy.

Somebody once asked. They said, What's the difference between a good old-line republican and a modern republican. And the answer was that there was considerable difference. The old-line republican says change never.

The modern republican says change, yes, but not now. So I think dynamic apathy fits the situation quite well.

But I don't need to tell this Liberal Party about the true meaning of that wonderful word dynamic, for it is synonymous with this party. And for a very good reason. You may have thought that the man who has been one of the real sparkplugs in the Liberal Party for so many years was what we call a 2-D man. But I have news for you. He's actually a 3-D man. D for dynamic; D for David, and D for Dubinsky.

And I forgot - he's a 4-D man. D for Doctor - Doctor Dubinsky. And when you pin a rose on him, Alex, that even gets better.

Now those of you who have watched this Dubinsky mind bubble over with new ideas and new projects, must know that he's not only 3-D, but capable of what they call producing stereophonic sound. And I might even add high fidelity political action. Thank goodness!

So Liberal Parties are always fun for me, and they are a unique experience too. For there is always a mixture of many atmospheres here. Perhaps because of the many trade unionists, these gatherings have all of the vigor, the excitement of a good old-fashioned union meeting. And perhaps because of the many distinguished educators in your party, these meetings have the - some of the

flavor of a class at a university, a great scholarly seminar. And perhaps because of the noted legal minds that I see here tonight, there is something of the atmosphere that pervades a great, decisive moment in the argument before a court. And finally perhaps because of the many creative writers and artists that have been drawn to this liberal party there is something here reminiscent of the Academy of Arts and Sciences.

party! In fact, it's made up of a wonderful mixture of brain and brawn, of dreamers and doers, of eggheads and hard boiled eggs, too, may I add. And each of the men and each of the women on this dais is in a sense a world unto himself. I see around me tonight architects of great unions, writers of great books, teachers and philosophers of the new generation. And each is - each one is at or very near the summit of his or her world and could live within very happily/in that world.

But each chooses not to do so. They all choose to join together outside of their own personal and professional world in a common effort to deal politically with the problems of our society. Yes, your party is made up of specialists turned politicians, of dreamers turned know doers, of men and women who knin that it is not enough to know think liberal, but/also that one must act liberal. And

these are the men, these are the men and the women who have succeeded in fusing the forces of intelligence and energy. And it is this kind of fusion that transforms ideas into action. And I tell you that's what American politics needs today. (APPLAUSE)

Yes, these are the men and women, too, who realize that no matter how great one may be, as John Donne, that great poet has written: No man is an island entire of itself. And no matter how important any one segment of our society may be, no one class, no one religion, race, country, or even continent can survive as an island unto itself.

Now this is the heart of the 20th century liberalism, the search for individual independence in a world of interdependence. And a liberal philosophy begins with the understanding of this interdependence, and an intermingling of our various national politics.

Now my good friends, we cannot/presume a foreign policy that is contrary to a domestic policy. You can't have a liberal, effective and enlightened foreign policy when you adhere to an apathetic, indifferent, conservative domestic policy.

What good is it? I ask. To aim for increased production unless we have plans to provide for a similar growth in consumption. We cannot expect, can we, to explore

new worlds - outer space - if we deliberately go on depriving new generations of proper schools and the best of teachers? And I ask you, We cannot ask, can we, for ethical practices in trade unions and expect to get them easily unless we insist upon the same kind of ethics in business and in government?

Let me address myself more specifically to this matter. We must not be stampeded into adopting or passing any old kind of labor-management bill just for the sake of passing a bill. The American people want a bill. The American labor movement wants a bill. And we need a bill, a law which will help and aid and assist the honest labor leaders remove the cancer of corruption from the American labor movement. That we need. (APPLAUSE)

But we do not want and we should not have a bill or a law which will weaken or cripple the American labor movement or weaken or cripple the democratic processes of honest American trade unionism. (APPLAUSE)

And I might add that we have been blessed in this nation with great, enlightened, civic minded and responsible trade union leaders. When I think of names such as a George Mead,/Walter Reuthers, an Al Hayes, a David Dubinsky, an Alex Rose, a George Harris, a Jim Carey, a Dave McDonald, a Jack Petosky, a Joe Burns - only to mention a few. There are many others here tonight. I say to my fellow Americans,

you can thank God you had such kind of labor leaders for a free labor movement. (APPLAUSE)

Now can I just give a word of caution and of admonition if you will permit me to my friends in labor?

And I am your friend and you've been mine. The labor movement in American is not a business. It is a cause.

To my

And it must have a philosophy. /Myxfriends in the trade movement I say that if you treat your activities as if they were a business you will be so regulated. But if you develop your NEMBERER movement on the basis of a cause, a faith, a purpose for the members and for the good of the American people you have every right to be treated as a voluntary association of free men and women. (APPLAUSE)

And there are those of us who will stand guard to see that such treatment is afforded. Now the sad fact is, fellow Americans, that we are sort of letting our national plant run down. Our economy is growing; everybody knows that, but not at a rapid enough rate. But we are devoting a smaller proportion every year of that sample economy to those essential public expenditures, public investments that make a nation and a people not only rich but great and strong.

The 20th century America not only requires an up to date program but it demands an integrated and coordinated program. We need a program that starts with the

integration of our schools and ends with the peaceful cooperation and integration of our world. You know, we
cannot fly to the moon while our political feet are stuck
in the mud and the muck of political mediocrity. It just
can't happen.

The 20th century demands programs that have daring and have design, for one detail fits into another as a part of an interdependent society in a long-range plan. And I for one am prepared to state that to survive we must plan. Wall Street Journal not to the contrary.

In the second half of this interdependent and explosive century to continue planless may be to end up lifeless. I have said before and I repeat it here tonight that good old-fashioned planning, the use of our human and natural resources is good solid American doctrine.

And planning ought to be taken out of the doghouse and put smack brag bang into the White House. That's where it belongs. (APPLAUSE)

Now permit me to sike cite just one problem where I think there is a necessity for planning. Probably the knottiest, the toughest problem of our time. The problem of countering Soviet Communist power. It cannot be resolved by any one act. No miracle, no one conference, no one idea. We will have to wrestle with this problem over many years. And precisely for that reason we must

map an over-all plan, an over-all policy, and be prepared to carry it out, so that time may work for us and not against us.

And I think it's well that we remember that

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Soviets are not me two separate functions. The stronger
our alliances the greater can be our success in negotiations. And the more successful our negotiations the stronger
will be our alliances.

Above all, fellow Americans, we must negotiate only from strength, and strength that is military to be sure, but strength that is moral and strength that is economic.

Tarry
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To be sure, it consists of men, munitions and missiles. But that's not all. And this requires an economic policy that will allow us to pay for these costly items. It means also educational policy that will train the minds and the brainpower to produce and operate these amazing machines. Our national strength also means a program of medical care, of health protection, capable of

assuring us a strong and vigorous America. Our defense strength means allies, not only the traditional allies of the North Atlantic community either, as important as they are. But allies and friends in Asia, in Africa, and in Latin-America.

A nation's strength is not simply cold steel.

It is in fact very much a warm heart. And I think that's why America's strength must be rooted deep in the human and humane principles of liberalism. A nation's moral strength is very vital too. And this we must constantly attend to inxhibit and build. We are in a peculiarly good position to do this because America is a world in miniature, a mosaic, a composite of peoples from everywhere. And who knows this better than a New Yorker?

Assuring every man in America of an equal place in the sun, be he white or colored, Catholic, Protestant or Jew, can give evidence to millions and millions throughout the world that they too are entitled to and can enjoy their place in the sun. And we must (APPLAUSE) - and we in America must never forget that America's so-called minorities are the world's majorities.

And we must build our economic strength. But economic strength is not simply more factories with more machines. Building economic strength means encouraging full employment. It means building and helping every

American family to balance its own personal budget, not by using less by but by earning more, and producing more.

And building economic strength me to me means breeding new life in those distressed or less fortunate areas of our own nation; building economic stress trength means sustaining the purchasing power too of the jobless, of the aged, the injured, and of the sick.

And policies and programs must be designed, my friends, to make these hopes a reality. We must therefore cease and work ceaselessly for a high and an ever higher standard of living. Not simply for the good old economic reason that this is the only way to provide a dynamic market for dynamic growth, but also for the good and convincing humane reason that people do not exist to run an economy, but rather that an economy exists to be run for the people. (APPLAUSE)

And we must build international strength. We must demonstrate unqualifiedly that our system can out-produce, out-provide Soviet totalitarianism, not only for the benefit of our own citizens but for the have-not peoples throughout the world. Skilled Min diplomats alone cannot deal with this problem, my friends, of Soviet expansion. We need them combined intelligence of the economosts, the scientists, the statesmen, the legislators, the judges and we need the good will and the understanding and the energy

of our own good citizens and the people of the m earth.

and to the moment. We need as a nation what this political party has, this great liberal party has, we need a combination of talents, such as we see here in this banquet hall tonight, contributing to a program of human progress. And unhappily the national need that I have outlined is not being met today. And mostly I am constrained to say because the White House is not occupied by a liberal. And you can take your pick between a big L or a little L.

We are in fact my friends the victims of a conservative caretaker government. In an age of revolution, of violent change and turbulence. And regrettably a conservative government that finds itself utterly incapable of appreciating or even understanding the full meaning of political, economic and social revolution that grips this world.

My, they have **x*** study commissions for every problem.

But it never comes up with the answers. Remember that when I spoke of those Ds tonight, there are three Ds in democracy too. There is debate, dissent and decision. But we have lived through a period in which debate and dissent has been frowned upon and decision is a lost art. (APPLAUSE)

This conservative government is concerned more

about institutions and formalities than it is about the people that the government is designed to serve. And above all it has demonstrated an utter incapacity to identify itself with people, with the needs and the hopes and the aspirations of people, not only here, but abroad.

You know what we do. We counterattack. We react rather than design a program that we know to be right and sound and worthy of our efforts and of our tradition and our sacrifice. But the most distressing of all things to me is how we have allowed this country of ours to lose the mantel of the peacemaker.

We've lost the identity with people. We've become the defender of the status quo rather than progress. And regretably in many areas of the world we are not identified as the peacemaker but rather ask the warmonger. And I say that the slogans of our own government, of this present administration are evidence enoughk to demonstrate to any person that we have played right into the hands of the Communist propagandists.

Massive retaliation. Bigger bang for a buck.

Massive deterrents. Screaming headlines of some terrible news missile rocket or thermonuclear weapon. Is it any wonder? Is it any wonder that millions of people throughout the world doubt our dedication to peace?

Yes, we are talking ourselves out of one of the

most important roles in history, the role, the opportunity of being the peacemaker, a just peace - and this administration, mind you, has done it without even providing the nation with the defense that we need.

What an ironical situation we find! Public relations kare has been substituted for public policy. Propaganda has been substituted for preparedness. The political slogan of a balanced budget has been substituted for the maintenance of a proper which balance of power, in the world.

Even massive deterrents now has given way to a new slogan, a new jargon called minimum deterrents. Anything, any word, any scheme, any gimmick to satisfy the republican conservative hard-money, tight-credit, high-interest, budget-balance, tax-loophole, special-privilege economic royalist credo. That's what we've been through. (APPLAUSE)

Indeed we have witnessed government by cliche.

For example, here's a good cliche for you in the present jargon of politics. Inflation is evil, say the men at Therefore

1600 Pennsylvania Avenue. Therefore, it follows, according to the cliche and the jargon, that virtually anything alleged to combat inflation is good supposed to be good.

Including raising the interest rates, which puts a clumsy hand on the jugular vein of our economy and chokes the

lifeline. Now, but I ask what about the inflation that interest rates bring to the small businessman who is trying to expand his company, or to the family that's trying to buy a new home, or the city or the county that is trying to build new roads or new wirsex schools?

Yet, somehow this kind of inflation doesn't seem to enter into the thinking of this republican administration. There is another kind of clicke too.

Private spending is good and government spending is bad.

Private spending even when it's for longer cars with public chromier fronts and finnier tails. But spending is bad even if it's for roads to put those larger, chromier, finnier cars on, or for schools for our children, or for decent housing for thousands of Americans who live in slums, or for projects like hydro-electric dams at that add to our nation's wealth.

The republican spokesmen are quite frank about it. You know what they say, Inflation is our greatest danger, they say. Even as Nikita Kruschev threatens us again and again and as the power of the Communist empire grows militarily and economically every day. What lack of vision, what dangerous indifference! And the tragedy of all of this is how our people really long for something different, of how the American people are truly dedicated to the concepts of peace and justice and freedom.

Because you know ours is a tradition of peace and generosity, of compassion and humanitarianism. And what is more, there is nothing incompatible at all, my friends, with a strong defensive shield invincible and a sense of inner strength that makes possible the fulfillment of our mission as a peacemaker. Let us never forget for one moment that there are many more people in this world who want to live than want to die.

And I, for some reason or another, find myself very interested in living too. What this world needs to-day is not massive retaliation but massive doses of health, of education, of food, of opportunity. We need some guided missiles indeed, many kinds. But we need some guided missiles for the hearts and minds of men. Mixi Missiles of technology and science, and missiles of schools and education, and missiles of medicine and medical care and of jobs and of industry, of public works and public welfare.

Let America be identified with these things as she raises her mighty shield of military invincibility.

And it is to the creation of these missiles that we as liberals must dedicate our talents and our energies. I say that we must wage peace while we defend ourselves against attack. And we must move on the offensive and declare war against mankind's most ancient and terrible EMERY EMERGENT ATTACK.

And it must be a war of deeds, not phrases and slogans or words. Yes, we need a bold food for peace program that will put to work the tremendous abundance of food and fibre by which we are blessed in this nation.

And put it to work to serve humanity rather than to complain about it and to store it in warehouses at a billion dollars a year cost to the American taxpayer. (APPLAUSE)

And my friends and neighbors, we need a dramatic worldwide health for peace program with vastly expanded international medical research to wage relentless war against disease that afflicts and cripples millions and millions of people throughout the world. And finally we need and we must launch a great and broad program of world educational development, a plan for education for peace, striking literally body blows against the terrible burden of illiteracy that besets millions of people throughout the world.

Now these are truly the works of peace. And they are the kind of deeds, my friend, that made America great and built great unions, great cities, great states. This is the concept of gavernment government, yanks you know, that might have been in the mind of that poets that I quoted earlier in my remarks, John Dunne, when he wrote that no man is an island unto himself.

What John Dunne referred to when he wrote those

words in the 16th century was the spiritual kinship of man to his fellow man. But today in the 20th century that kinship is even more than spiritual. It is economic. It is scientific. It is intellectual. It is political.

Hence, we today can say with the poet, John Dunne, that when the bell tolls for poverty, when the bell tolls for disease or for death, or for the loss of liberty anywhere, never send(?) to know for whom the bell tolls. It tolls for thee. And it tolls for me.

Thank you very much.

(APPLAUSE)

END.

Prof Harp - mi Dub. maly Roso
OUR LIBERAL FAITH TOULOSS

Remarks of Senator Hubert H. Humphrey at the Liberal Party 15th Annual Dinner, New York City, June 10, 1959.

I always feel at home at a gathering of the Liberal Party, for we have so much in common. In fact, if anything separates me from the Liberal Party, or the Liberal Party from me, it is nothing more than a couple of capital letters.

For you and I are both liberals -- only you sometimes spell yours with a capital L.

Both Donnersch

And you and I are both democrats -- only I often spell

mine with a capital D.

But I have never heard of a couple of capital letters

keeping good friends apart; and so as a liberal, and as a

Democrat -- I welcome this chance to be with all of you.

There is much talk about the anti-intellectual atmos-

phere in Washington. But honestly, much of it is exaggerated.

The atmosphere has really changed. It is no longer subversive

in Washington to have an idea -- unless it costs money. And the influence of Madison Avenue in Washington is on the wane, too. You may recall the tug-of-war a few years ago about what label to attach to "Modern Republicanism". The white House was reportedly split hight down the middle But all that has now been resolved. The official title for Modern Republicanism has been decided. (and line Rep. - Neur charge mode)

It is to be called Dynamic Apathy. THOGO, GOSLOW,

HOT NOW - UETO Yes, my friends, they said it couldn't be done. But this Republican Administration -- with the help of Madison Avenue -- did it. Apathy Can Be Dynamic! So they say,

But I don't need to tell the Interal Party about the true meaning of the word dynamic, for it is synonymous with this

party -- and for a very good reason. You may have thought

that the man and has been one of the real sparkplugs of the

Liberal Party for so many years was a two-D man. But he is

actually three-D -- D for Dynamic, D for David, and D for

Dubinsky.

Dubinsky.

Dubinsky.

And those of you who have watched that Dubinsky mind bubble over with new ideas and new projects must know that he

is not only three-D, but capable of producing stereophonic

sound: and Hi - Fidelity Pal. Action!

Liberal party gatherings are always, for me, a unique

experience. For there is always a mixture of many atmospheres.

Perhaps because of the many trade unionists here, these gatherings have all the vigor and excitement of a union meeting.

Perhaps because of the many distinguished educators in your party, these meetings have some of the flavor of a class room.

M

We are witnessing Government by Shibbeleth -- policy by

slogan.

001058

For example, Inflation Is Evil; therefore virtually any-

thing that is alleged to combat Inflation is Good -- including

Perhaps because of the many noted legal minds there, there is something of the atmosphere that pervades a great design of before the ber.

And finally, perhaps because of the many creative writers and artists that have been drawn to the laberal Party, there is something here reminiscent of an academy of the arts and sciences. - made up of a mixture of brain and brawn, of dreamers and doers, of egg-heads -- and hard-boiled eggs; Day-ass Each of the men and women on this dais is, in a sense, a world unto himself. I see around me architects of great unions, writers of great books, inventors of philosophy, teachers of philosophy, of a new generation. Each is at or near the summit of his or her world, and could happily live within that world. But each chooses not to. They all choose to join together outside their personal and professional world in a common effort to deal

politically with the problems of our society.

ord

Your party is made up of specialists turned politicians; of dreamers turned doers; of men and women who know it is not enough to think liberal; one must also act liberal.

These are men and women who have succeeded in fusing the forces of intelligence and energy; and it is this fusion that transforms ideas into action.

These are men and women, too, who realize that, no

as John Donne the foot has walken

matter how great any one man is, "no man is an island entire

of itselfe," and no matter how important any one segment of

our society may be, no one class, race, religion, country, or

even continent can survive as an island unto itself.

This is the heart of Twentieth Century liberalism: >the search for individual independence in a world of interdependence.

A liberal philosophy begins with an understanding of this interdependence and of the intermingling of our various

Jahronnument & cause - not a businest [174-C10K Meany, Reuther Hayeger Brothermores
Dubusk, Rose Harrism Carey
Prodorald Jorgot of sky Bearing We must not be Hampeded in Passing anyold bill - Just for the salle of passing A bell The downcan people want a held the American Rator modernent wants ay held We neld alow which will peop Clean out the honest labor leaders and the sense chanced to the plan remove the Consunt Consuption from the american follor movement. But We do not want a hill which Will seeaking Oright the front or weaking or englished bemoosatie productions national policies.

001062

We can not pursue a foreign policy that is contrary
to our domestic policy: we can not have a liberal and flexible
foreign policy based on the status quo and apathy at home.

What good is it to aim for increased production unless
we also plan and provide for a similar growth in consumption?

We can not expect to explore new worlds if we deliberately go on depriving new generations of proper schools and the best of teachers.

We can not ask for ethical practices in trade unions, and expect to get them easily, unless we insist upon the same kind of ethics in business and government.

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We are witnessing government by Click - Policy by Slogan - foreyangle - Inflation is level - therefore virtually anything alleged to combat inflation is supposed to the good (the raising of interest rates, which puts a clumsy hand on the jugular vein of the economy and cuts off the blood supply. to be sure interest rates are raised in the name of fighting inflation But what about the inflation they bring to the small businessman who is trying to expand his company? Or to the family that is trying to buy a home? Or to the city or county that is trying to build new roads or new schools? Somehow, this kind of inflation does not seem to enter into the thinking of this Republican Administration. rliche Another example of Government by Shillingth and slogan. Communism is Evil; therefore anything that bears the label of Anti-Communist is Good -- even if it encroaches on such basic American precepts as freedom of thought and expression, freedom of association, innocence until proven guilty the right of an accused to face his accuser. Government by shipped h would have us devote far more of our energies to investigating a Sara Lawrence

and any -8professor seeking a Fulbright fellowship than in combatting the real Communists at the front lines of this battle: in Asia and Africa where wheducated peoples are struggling to win the war against poverty, disease and ignorance. Private Spending is Good -- whether full chromier and fina-ier automobiles to replace the long, powerful, chrome-y cars that already fill our city streets and overflow our garages; but luculen Government Spending is Bad -- whether it be for roads to put Chamer, Jinnier those larger, cars on, or for schools for our children or for decent housing for the thousands of Americans who live in slums, or for projects like hydro-electric dams that add to our national wealth. the sad fact is, we are letting our natingal plant

economy is growing, but we are devoting a portion of it to those public purposes whose publ

The had fact is, We are letting accommand plant run Docton - Develonomy to gracium, but we dre devating a smaller fortim of it to those public purposes. These public investments, in that make a nation and a people not only rich but great and strong. Twentieth century America not only requires an up-to-
date program but it demands an integrated and coordinated pro-
gram.
We need a program thatstarts with the integration of
our schools and ends with the peaceful cooperation of the
We can not fly to the moon while our political feet are tuck in the mudand muck of media Critiq The Twentieth Century demands programs that have daring and design, where one detail fits another, as part of a long
To survive we must plan. In the second half of this interdependent and explosive century, to continue planless may
be to end lifeless. Jet flamming out of blog House I full truto white House

Permit me to cite one problem, probably the knottiest

of our times: the problem of countering Soviet power.

K's DISIT

of is can solve this proffen here and now at this dinner. Indeed,

that is precisely the point about the nature of this problem.

It can not be solved with one act, one conference, one idea.

We will have to wrestle with this problem over many years. And precisely for that reason, we must map an over-all policy, a long-range plan and be prepared to carry it out so that time may work for us and not against us.

Nor will America successfully counter Soviet power alone.

We must act collectively -- together with all freedom loving peoples. And we must seek a many-sided solution through skillful negotiation.

Strengthening our alliances and conducting our negotiations with the Soviets are not two separated functions. The stronger our alliances, the greater can our successes be in negotiations.

And the more successful our negotiations, the stronger can we build our alliances.

Above all, we must negotiate from strength, strength that is military, moral and economic.

complex and integrated character of this problem. What makes up a nation's strength? To be sure, it consists in part of men and missiles. But this men an economic policy that will allow us to pay for these costly items. means an educational policy that will provide the brain power to produce and to operate these amazing machines. It means a program of medical care and health protection capable of assuring us of a strong and vigorous people. Our defense strength means allies, not only in the traditional area of the North Atlantic, but allies and friends in Asia, Africa, and Latin America.

people, and only secondly in the products of their minds and

A nation's strength is not simply cold steel but warm hearts. And that is why America's strength must be rooted in the human and humane principles of liberalism.

A nation's moral strength is vital too, and this we must constantly build. We are in a peculiarly good position to do so, because America is the world in miniature, a composite -- a mosaic -- of peoples from everywhere. Assuring every man in America an equal place in the sun, be he white or colored, Catholic, Protestant or Jew, can give evidence to millions throughout the world that they too are entitled to and can enjoy their place in the sun. We must never forget that America's so-called minorities are the world's majorities.

We must build our economic strength. Bit that is economic

Special, economic strength is not simply more factories

and use the constnatly expanding output of these plants, both machines and factories will grind to a standstill. And then, the abundance that should be a blessing becomes a curse and men walk the street unable to find work.

Building economic strength means encouraging full employment; it means helping every American family to balance its own personal budget, not by using less but by earning more -- and producing more.

Building economic strength means breathing new life into the distressed areas of our nation, where for months and even years now supposedly productive men, machines, and buildings have been allowed to stand idle, unused and unwanted.

Building economic strength means sustaining the purchasing power of the jobless, the aged, the injured and the sick.

We must work ceaselessly for a high and ever higher

reason that this is the only way to provide a dynamic market for dynamic growth, but also for the good and convincing humane reason that people do not exist to run an economy, but that an economy exists to be run for the people.

We must build our international strength. This will demand a program of economic aid, not for today and for tomorrow, but for so long as there are haves and have-not nations in the world. We must demonstrate that our system can outprovide Soviet totalitarianism, not only for the benefit of our own citizens, but for have-not peoples everywhere.

Skilled diplomats alone cannot deal with the problem of Soviet expansion. We need the combined intelligence of economists, scientists, statesmen, legislators, judges -- and the good will, understanding, and energies of our own citizens and the people of this earth.

And such combined effort can not be left to chance and the moment. We need -- as a nation -- what you have around this dail as a party -- a combination of talents contributing to a program of human progress.

Unhappily, this mational need is not being met today

-- mostly, I am constrained to say, because the White House

is not occupied by a liberal -- and you can take your pick

between a big L and a little 1. We are the United Spoursons,

Regrettably, a conservative government finds itself

incapable of appreciating or understanding the full meaning

of the political, economic, and social revolution that is

underway today throughout the world, and indeed has been under way in many parts of the world for the past two generations.

The Conservative government sees the problems, but never

The Conservative government sees the problems, but never comes up with the answers.

It is more concerned about the traditions and institutions

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ment is designed to serve.

Above all, at has demonstrated an utter incapacity

and inability to identify with people -- the needs of people,

the hopes and wants of people here and abroad.

We counter attack -- we react -- rather than design a program that we know to be right and sound, and worthy of our efforts, our tradition, and our sacrifice.

We have insisted upon allies, when it would have

been better if we sought to make friends.

But the most depressing picture of all is how we have

lost the mantle of the peace-maker.

The slogans of this Republican Administration are evidence enough to demonstrate to any person how we have played right into the hands of the Communist propagandists

us of aggression, and of warflike aims

While the American citizen may understand these slogans

for what they are -- mainly political palaver, or, in more

sophisticated words, "public relations" -- the people in other

parts of the world do not always comprehend our rather shoddy

colloquial expressions.

When you talk of a 'bigger bang for a buck', 'massive retaliation', 'massive deterent', and per explain in screaming headlines the destructive power of the new fantastic nuclear and thermo-nuclear weapons — when day after day you attempt to satisfy the American public's desire for an adequate defense structure by headlines announting another new missile, by bland for an even bigger and more deadly missile and rocket.

the world doubt our dedication to peace?

We have talked ourselves out of the role of peacemaker.

And this Administration has done it without even providing the nation with the defense that it requires.

What an ironical situation!

Public relations has been used as a substitute for

public policy.

Propaganda has been substituted for preparedness.

The political slogan of a balanced-budget has been

substituted for the maintenance of a proper balance of power

in the world.

Even massive deterrence has given way to a new kind of jargon called 'minimum deterrence'.

Anything, any word, any scheme, any gimmick to satisfy

Constructive

the Republican hard-money, tight-credit, high interest, balance
the-budget, tax loophole, special privilege, economic royalist

credo.

And we find ourselves with an Administration that is more

as the power of the Communist military and economic machine expands every day.

The tragedy of all this, however, is that the people of this country are truly dedicated to peace.

Ours is a tradition of peace and generosity, of compassion and humanitarianism.

What is more, there is nothing incompatible about having a strong defensive shield to give us the security and the sense of inner strength that makes possible the fulfillment of our mission as the peacemaker.

Let us never forget that there are many more people in this world who want to live, than want to die.

Let us not forget that millions of people have lived under

conditions of tyranny and terror for so long that there is nothing more than can be done to frighten them.

What they seek is help, guidance, friendship, under-

standing.

What this world needs today is not massive retaliation, but massive doses of health, education, and food.

We need some guided missiles to the hearts and minds

of men -- missiles of technology and science, missiles of

schools and education; yes, missiles of medicine and medical

care -- of jobs and industry, of public works and public

welfare.

It is to the creation of these missiles that we must dedicate our talents and our energies.

We must wage peace, while we defend ourselves against

attack.

We must move on the offensive, and declare war against

mankind's most ancient and terrible enemies of hunger, disease, poverty, and ignorance.

It must be a war of deeds -- the kind of deeds that we Americans have demonstrated our ability to accomplish and perform.

We need a bold, new "Food for Peace" program, dedicating

our God-given abundance to serving the needs of humanity -- rather

than complaining about it.

We need a dramatic, worldwide "Health for Peace" program,

with vastly expanded international medical research (

We need to launch a broad program of world educational

development -- a plan of "Education for Peace" .-

These are truly the "Works of Peace".

These are the kinds of deeds that made America what it

is today.

This is the concept of government that might have been

in the mind of the poet, John Donne, when he wrote that "No man is an island".

What John Donne referred to, when he wrote those words in the 16th Century, was the spiritual kinship of man to his fellow man.

Today, in the 20th Century, this kinship is more than spiritual: it is economic, it is scientific, it is intellectual -- yes, and it is political.

Hence we, today, can say with John Donne, that when the bell tolls for poverty, for disease, for death, or for the loss of liberty anywhere, "never send to know for whom the bell tolls; It tolls for thee" -- and me.

Regrettably, it has been a number of years since I have had the opportunity of being with you at your annual dinner. I have followed your activities closely, and I know since I have been here you have been under the outstanding leadership of such distinguished liberal educators as A. A. Berle, former Under Secretary of counts State and Professor of Law at Columbia; Dr. John Childs, George Ficts, who has left Columbia to teach at Pittsburgh, and your present acting chairman, Paul Hayes, Columbia Professor of Law.

Dane County Sept 25-Defy Pollars for Ulmocrato Pat Lucey -Gov relsm Bok Kastinnier Sohn Reyrolds Herman Jessen Horace Wilkie Leisel Tarko Tuman Don't need one!

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