From the Office of Citizens for Humphrey Committee 1625 Hennepin Avenue Minneapolis, Minnesota Federal 9-0521

For Release: Thursday p.m.'s

Sept. 22, 1960

## HUMPHREY CITES U.S. CIVIL DEFENSE LAG

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey said today that the United States is "not even in the running" with the Soviet Union in the field of Civil Defense.

The Senator, addressing the National Civil Defense Conference in Minneapolis, declared that America "must wake up to the need of stronger civil defense programs."

"Our military force is our first and most important deterrent to war," Humphrey said. "But the security of our people in a nuclear age cannot be safeguarded without adequate civil -- or non-military -- preparedness."

He warned that it would take "less than an hour for a missile to travel from Moscow to Minnesota" and added:

"We must do everything in our power to avoid nuclear war-diplomatically and militarily. But if the missiles should come, our people must be ready."

Humphrey left no doubt that he felt American cities and communities are not ready, but that the Soviet Union is.

"The Russians have made Civil Defense training compulsory," he reported. "Every able-bodied Soviet citizen must serve a required 22-hours a year in Civil Defense training."

"Humphrey said the Soviet Union has also learned many of the methods of effective civil defense "by actual experience -- under bombings -- in World War II" and that Soviet industry has been widely dispersed over "the largest land mass in the world."

"We cannot match the Soviets for actual wartime civil defense experience," Humphrey said. "And we should not try to imitate their undemocratic impressment of citizens into civil defense training.

"But we can and should devote more of our energies and resources to the task of building civil defense programs which would provide real protection for the lives of our people.

"Each community, each state and the Federal government must wake up to the need. Civil Defense is common sense."

Remarks of
Senator Hubert H. Humphrey
at the
9th Annual Conference
U.S. Civil Defense Council

Gov Hough

Thursday, Sept. 22, 1960 Minneapolis, Minn.

When our country is in a hot war, Americans always work hard -- they sacrifice willingly -- they put heart and soul into the defense of their country.

But the American people need the right kind of leadership to respond properly in the time of Cold War crisis. They need leaders who will tell them the hard facts — that we face many years of tough competition from a cocky Communist empire.

America has tremendous physical and spiritual strength to meet the challenge of

imperialism.

What a tragedy it will be if our great strength is dissipated, untapped, unused!

We have a vigorous, dangerous opponent who will take advantage of any kind of weakness we may show.

(2) Methim )

That is why I am so deeply concerned about our civil defense program.

I do not need to tell you experts in this field about the general apathy on this subject.

You meet it every day. You know only too well how people shrug their shoulders when you plead for help. You have heard people say only too often "I am sorry. It is too much

trouble. What difference does it make?"

And you know at first-hand that civil defense work gets little applause and little gratitude. General Practice

Just two years ago, as Chairman of
the Reorganization Subcommittee of the Senate
Government Operations Committee, I held
hearings on the plan which resulted in the
merger of the Federal Civil Defense
Administration and the Office of Defense
Mobilization into what we christened the Office
of Civil and Defense Mobilization.

Since that time I have worked hard to get more adequate funds for civil defense.

that the federal civil defense budget is only one-tenth of one percent of the total Defense Department budget.

But even more important than the need

for more money devoted to civil defense is

the need for more Americans to understand

the value of civil defense planning and civil

defense efforts.

It is time for Americans to realize that we are not even in the running with the Soviet Union in terms of civilian preparations against military attack.

It is time for America to wake up to the need for stronger civil defense programs.

Our military force is our first and foremost deterrent to war. But the security of our people in a nuclear age cannot be safeguarded without civil -- or non-military -- preparedness.

In Minneapolis we are in the heart of America. But it would take less than one hour for a missile to travel from Moscow to Minneapolis.

We must wake up the American people to the implications of this fact.

of course we must do everything in our power to avoid nuclear war -- diplomatically and militarily. But if the missiles should come, our civilian population must know what to do.

What are they doing about civil defense in the Soviet Union?

The Russians have made civil defense training compulsory. Every able-bodied

Soviet citizen must serve a required 22 hours a year in civil defense training. Civil defense in Soviet Russia is a semi-military organization in which every man and woman is compelled to serve.

Furthermore, the Soviet Union has

learned many effective civil defense methods

by actual experience -- under bombings -
in World War II, and the Soviet leaders

have dispersed their industry over the largest

land mass in the world.

We cannot match the Soviet Union for

And we should not try to imitate their undemocratic impressment of citizens into civil defense training.

But we can and we should devote more of our energies to the task of building civil defense programs which would provide real protection for the lives of our people.

Each community, each state, and the Federal government must wake up to the need.

Civil defense is common sense.

My experience as Mayor of Minneapolis

helps me to understand some of the problems

you are facing as civil defense officials.

I have seen disasters when this city was

struck by blizzards and floods. I have been

concerned about the problems of traffic, health and administration of a city in time of crisis.

And I recognize the tremendous responsibilities imposed upon you -- and the meager, inadequate resources given you to do the job.

Fortunately, the natural disaster relief activities of our civil defense system offer a proving ground to demonstrate the value of civil defense preparations.

Hurricanes, floods, tornadoes,

drought, blizzards, fires and accidental

explosions cause terrible loss of life and

billions of dollars worth of property losses.

Where there has been strong civil defense, many lives have been saved and much property damage has been prevented during such disasters.

It is indeed fitting that in most states

the civil defense agency is authorized by

law to handle these emergencies. And of

course, the Office of Civil and Defense

Mobilization operates at the federal level

to coordinate disaster relief.

Many of you have seen the "Federal

Disaster Relief Manual" prepared by my

Senate Government Operations Subcommittee.

Thousands of copies of this manual have been sent to State and local civil defense officials. It is a comprehensive listing of all matters pertaining to federal disaster relief, and I think it fills a desperate need

to set forth the resources available for help when disaster strikes.

We must be realistic. There is no absolute military defense. But it would be foolish recklessness to throw up our hands and say "nothing can be done, so why bother." On the contrary, an effective civil defense program can save millions of lives. And even more important, a good civil defense program will convince the missile-waving leaders in the Kremlin that the American people will never be bluffed or frightened into submission or surrender of our leadership of the Free World.

This is the message you must take back to your own states and your own local communities.

The lives -- and the freedom -- of 180 million

Americans may depend on the success of our civil defemse program.

## Minnesota Historical Society

Copyright in this digital version belongs to the Minnesota Historical Society and its content may not be copied without the copyright holder's express written permission. Users may print, download, link to, or email content, however, for individual use.

To request permission for commercial or educational use, please contact the Minnesota Historical Society.

