

news release

FROM THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE PUBLICITY DIVISION 1730 K STREET, N. W. WASHINGTON 6, D.C. FEDERAL 3-8750

FOR A.M. 'S RELEASE SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17

B-3365

TEXT PREPARED FOR DELIVERY
BY
SENATOR HUBERT HUPPHREY
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA
OCTOBER 16, 1954

On November 3 the American people will decide whether Lyndon Baines

Johnson or the leaders of the Goldwater faction will guide the destiny of this

great nation for the next four years.

Never has so much been at stake -- perhaps even the very existence of an American future -- or the existence of mankind itself.

Let us make no mistake about it: the Republican party has fallen into the hands of reckless men, men who have inscribed clearly on the public record their willingness to gamble with the American heritage.

The issues of the campaign are clear:

First, the American people must choose between the proven <u>responsibility</u> at home and abroad as manifested in the policies of Lyndon B. Johnson and the Democratic Party or the unquestioned <u>irresponsibility</u> of the Goldwater faction——both in social and economic policies at home and the wild brandishing of nuclear weapons abroad,

Second, the American people must choose between the commitment of Lyndon B.

Johnson and the Democratic Party to provide all Americans opportunities for a

better life or the express determination of the Goldwaterites to repudiate

the massive social and economic achievements of 20th Century democracy.

Third, the American people must choose for President of the United States between a dedicated professional in the arts and science of government -
Lyndon B. Johnson -- and a part-time, off-and-on, now-and-then amateur and hobbyist -- Barry Goldwater.

The Goldwaterites -- the rearguard of a defeated past -- want to turn the clock back -- they want to abandon the challenges of tomorrow for the fantasies of yesterday.

They want to establish a kind of selfish irresponsibility in both domestic and international relations which violates the fundamental principles of the American tradition -- both conservative and liberal.

Senator Goldwater says that Americans are "sick and tired." We deny it.

Senator Goldwater says that the "moral fiber of the American people is beset with rot and decay." We deny it.

Senator Goldwater calls the President of the United States a "phony," a "faker," and a "barefaced liar."

We deny it.

Senator Goldwater says that social security has brought slavery and should be made "voluntary." We deny it.

Senator Goldwater says that Washington is more dangerous than Moscow. We deny it.

Senator Goldwater says that the Peace Corps is a "haven for beatniks." We deny it.

Senator Goldwater says that a child has "no right to an education." We deny it.

Senator Goldwater says that nuclear war is inevitable. We deny it.

Senator Goldwater says that "small conventional nuclear weapons are no more powerful than the fire-power you" -- he was speaking to the Veterans of Foreign Wars -- "have faced on the battlefield."

We deny it.

And since there has been some confusion and controversy on the issue recently, let me state the facts. Just one average size tactical -- not strategic -- nuclear bomb in Europe has greater explosive power than all the bombs the United States Army Air Force dropped on Germany during the month of our heaviest air assault in World War II. And 12 average sized tactical nuclear bombs would approximate all the explosive power of all the conventional bombs the United States dropped on Germany and Japan during World War II. Fifteen such tactical nuclear bombs would exceed all the bombs, conventional and atomic, we used in World War II.

I deny that there is anything conventional about any nuclear weapon.

The world entered a new era at Los Alamos in 1945, an era fraught with greater peril than any mankind has known before.

Senator Goldwater cannot deal responsibly with the most fearful crisis of our time if he ignores its existence, if he argues that a tactical nuclear weapon is just an oversized hand-grenade. He is either deliberately or accidentally misleading the American people -- and I am not sure which is more dangerous.

Senator Goldwater says he is equipped to guide the destinies of this nation and the free world in these perilous times.

We deny it.

But we do more than deny. We affirm!

We believe that the Democratic party has demonstrated under the Kennedy-Johnson administration its fidelity to the ideals of the past, its responsibility to the challenges of the present, and its commitment to the opportunities of the future.

No principle is more deeply imbedded in the American past than this: that government exists to promote and sustain the welfare of the citizens. Not just a few citizens -- that is the Goldwater doctrine -- but all the citizens, the majorities and the minorities who accept the ground rules of the democratic system.

It is our conviction that government's responsibility for freedom encompasses every man's right to develop his capabilities to the fullest: to receive the best possible education regardless of ability to pay, or the vocational training that will enable him proudly to take his place in a productive society.

It is our conviction that no man is truly free unless he can live and work in dignity, fearing neither sickness nor old age -- neither man nor machine.

It is our conviction that the business of government will remain unfinished business so long as there is a hungry child, a lonely old man, a person who "never had a chance."

It is our conviction that freedom is ever the right to question, to challenge, yes, even to dissent -- openly and without fear.

It is this view that enables us to boldly envision, and plan for, a Great Society in which the marvels of automation will be balanced with full employment and the continued development of new horizons -- a society that will enable all men to enjoy not only the rewards of their labor but the sweetness of their leisure.

(more)

This is American freedom. This is the freedom we live -- and we love.

This is the freedom which affects every man's family, every man's happiness,

every man's dignity and integrity.

How shall we attain and implement these freedoms?

Shall we do this under the leadership of a man who vilifies the past, distorts the present, and shrinks from the future -- who curses the darkness and never lights a candle?

Or shall we do this under the leadership of a man who has been tested as few men in our history: by public service under four presidents, by leadership in the Congress of the United States, by sudden elevation under tragic and dreadful circumstances to the White House itself?

Shall we choose a leader who specializes in driving away those with whom he disagrees, who scorns the path of moderation and accommodation, who sows the seeds of disunity and discord even within his own party?

Or shall we choose a leader who possesses the qualities to create unity from division and consensus from conflict, who pursues his duties as commander-in-chief with responsibility and restraint, and who understands that compassion is not cowardice and concern for others is not weakness?

This is the great question which the American people must answer. And I have great faith in America and her people.

We Americans are children of light -- we shall put from us forever the children of darkness.

We shall select the one man superbly qualified to lead our nation and the world toward the noble goals of the Great Society.

We shall select Lyndon Raines Johnson.

7:00 p.m. Depart airport for Governor Matthew Welch's mansion.

7:20 p.m. Arrive Governor's reception.

7:45 p.m. Depart Governor's mansion for Murat Hotel.

8:00 p.m. Arrive Murat Hotel for rest in room.

9:15 p.m. Depart hotel for Shrine Temple for Marion County Dinne:

9:25 p.m. Arrive Shrine Temple.

9:30 p.m. Address to dinner.

10:15 p.m. Depart dinner for hotel.

10:30 p.m. Arrive Hotel Murat. Hotel Murat overnight.

RECEPTION COMMITTEEE: GOVERNOR MATTHEW WELCH

SENATOR HARTKE

SENTOR BIRCH BAYH

MAYOR JOHN J. BARTON

JAMES BEATTY, CHAIRMAN, MARION COUNTY DEMOR

CENTRAL COMMITTEE

ROGER BRANIGIN, CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

MANFRED CORE, CHAIRMAN, STATE DEM. CENRAL

COMMITTEE AND CAMPAIGN COORDINATOR

ANDREW (ANDY) JAOBS, JR., CANDIDATE FOR

CONGRESS (HHH IS PROBABLY ACQUAINTED WITH

HIS FATHER, WHO SERVED A TERM IN CONGRES

IN 1949-1950)

MOTORCADE:

HARTKE

JACOBS

BRANIGIN

INTRODUCED BY:

HARTKE

MENTION:

HARTKE

JACOBS

BRANIGIN - POSSIBLY BAYH?

711 Connell Roger Branigin, the Democratic Party's candidate for governor of Indiana, is an incomparable Hoosier—a man with a rich knowledge of the Hoosier heritage, a keen insight into Indiana's problems today. He is a man with a vision of a new and greater Indiana tomorrow. Here is a truly outstanding man to whom Hoosiers can look with confidence and trust because he will provide them with a state government which will be a source of pride to them and a source of inspiration for their children. Hoosiers are proud any source of Movember 3.

Mayor Barton - Roger Branigan.

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Vance Hartile

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INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA
(Incidental Information)

Has been called "crossroads of America" because of trails and paths crossing there since early days.

French explorers and traders traveled down White River en route from Lake Erie to Ohio, and crossed it there en route from Lake Michigan to southeast. National Road, U. S. 40, through in 1830.

Indianapolis will be hub of seven spokes of Interstate Highway system.

Standard Metropolitan Area census shows more than one thousand industrial establishments.

Educational Center with Butler University, Medicine and Dental Colleges of University of Indiana, Extension Divisions of University of Indiana and Purdue, Indiana Central College (United Brethren), Marian College (RC) and the John Herron Art School and Institute.

The home of James Whitcomb Riley is preserved, but he is only one of long list of writers born in Indiana and familiar with Indianapolis, prompting the story by George Ade that a visiting chatauqua lecturer had to get off the stage when he tried a public relations gimmick of inviting the authors of books in his audience to come up and sit on the rostrum. Only a few left in the audience.

Among the most beloved is Ernie Pyle.

Booth Tarkington was born in Indianapolis. He started out as a Republican, came to support FDR, then much interested in the United Nations. About the last public utterance before his death in 1946, speaking of the UN, he said:

"Tomorrow is not our master. It is in our hands and will be what we make it."

which is very unGoldwaterish sentiment.

Indianapolis Symphony is one of nation's top.

National Headquarters of American Legion in building on five-block World War Memorial Plaza in center of city.

Also facing Plaza is Shrine Building with auditorium, and Federal Building.

Indiana University Medical Center is significant in the United States.

At last count, city had six municipal and nine private golf courses, increasing. The Indianapolis Motor Speedway five miles from town has one, as well as a museum.

For release: Saturday A.M.

Indianapolis Democratic Rally

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Remarks of Senator Hubert H. Humphrey Murat Shrine Indianapolis, Indiana October 16, 1964

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Senator Humphrey. Thank you. These are the partiest Democrats that I have run into in many months.

Senator Hartke, I am simply delighted that you have given me such a resounding introduction. As a matter of fact, if you weren't going to be re-elected United States Senator from Indiana this year, I would just like to take you along with me as my official introducer. (Laughter - Applause) You make me sound so good, I am happy all night, particularly after some of the things I hear.

Senator Hartke and Senator Bayh, Governor Welch, members here of the Marion County Committee and the State Committee, the Honorable Mayor, the very fine good Democratic Mayor of Indianapolis, Mayor Barton, and Jim Beatty, the distinguished and effective Chairman of Marion County, I want to pay special tribute to the work that you are doing.

And my good young friend, a fine distinguished son of an illustrious father and a good Democrat, Andy Jacobs. (Applause)

Well, things surely look better in Indiana, that is all I can say. (Applause)

And then I look around, and I see my good friend Roger Branigin. -- (Applause) -- who surely ought to be and will be Governor of this State. (Applause)

This is a man that has a rich knowledge of your great State. He is a Hoosier from the tip of his toes to the top of his head, and he is truly an outstanding man. He is gifted and talented, and I would say that everyone here can look upon Roger Branigin with trust and confidence, and I know enough about the Hoosiers to know that when they find a good man, they don't turn him aside. They take him and they elect him. (Applause)

I would hope that you would maintain this Democratic leadership in the State House. You have had a fine Governor, and you have an opportunity to have another fine Governor, and one that will be welcome in the White House any day of the week for the good of Indiana. (Applause)

And, Roger, just in case that you lose the key, come over and see the Vice-President -- (Applause - Laughter) -- and I will take you in.

Well, I thanked Vance Hartke for that introduction privately here as well as publicly, and he said to me, "Hubert, my voice is just about giving out."

And I looked at him and tried to tell him without saying very loudly that mine was near that, too.

We have been working very hard. We have been campaigning from one end of America to another, speaking outdoors, speaking where it is warm, hot, and then where it is cold and rainy. One day in New England, drenched with rain, the next day to Pennsylvania, perspiring from the heat, and the warmth of the reception, may I say.

So that it is a little wonder, some wonder that we have any voice left.

But we have got so much to say and so many good things to talk about that I am sure the Good Lord will continue to give us voice so we can tell the people the truth about what is going on in our country. (Applause)

Today I had a most amazing thing happen to me on the way to the Corn Picking Contest down in Sicux Falls. I am sure many of you remember that play on Broadway about what happened to the fellow on his way to the Roman Forum. Well, you ought to have seen what happened to me. I was there at the Joe Foss Airport, magnificent airport, built with federal funds -- (Laughter) -- and while I am there I notice a large jet airplane, one of new ones with one of the jets in the tail of the plane. And I came in with

our little old Electra, reliable, not quite so fast but reliable, responsible, and we landed there, and I found out that they had a visitor from Arizona. (Laughter)

And so help me, before I left to go out to tell those good farm folks what the Democratic Party had been doing for them and what the spokesman of the Republican Party had done against them, why, here he came, and we had a sort of a reunion.

(Laughter) It was a pleasant experience, and I came away convinced, Vance, that our friend from Arizona -- and Birch, you know, after all the Senate is a great club. We have real fine followship there. I came away convinced that this man from Arizona would have made just about as fine a neighbor as a man can have, but I want to tell you something, I don't want him for our President. (Applause)

No, the street address can't be 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue. It is back to the store in '64 for Barry, I am afraid. (Applause) (Laughter)

Well, we are depending on you good folks out here in Indiana. The President has been here. You gave him a thrilling experience. He has told me about it. We know that Indiana is going to do its job and do it well in this election, and we are depending upon the leaders of this Party. We are depending upon your Governor and your Governor nominee, and we are depending upon your two senators and your congressmen of Democratic persuasion. And we are depending upon Andy Jacobs, and we are depending upon the county committees. We are depending upon Democrats and Republicans to give Lynden Johnson, the President of the United States, four more years in the White House and with him comes Hubert Humphrey, too. And we are depending on you. (Applause)

And we are depending on you to send back to the United States Senate one of the most fearless and one of the most honest, one of the most able men that has ever served any state in the United States Senate, and that fellow is here along side of me, and he is your friend. He speaks for the people. He works for the people. He works for his State, and besides that, he works as a great United States Senator, and you get the votes out to see to it that Vence Hartke is returned with an overwhelming majority. (Applause)

And don't forgot to send Andy Jacobs, too. (Applause)

And any other Democrat in any district that is running, because this time we have got some things to do.

John Konnedy asked us in January, 1961, to get this country moving again. He said to us like a command, "Let us begin." And it was a command.

People started to move. The country felt a pulsating experience. It was like an electrical pulse or electrical shock. We became alive. The paralysis of industry, the stagnation of the economy, all of it ended and with programs and with direction and with leadership, with policy, with a commitment on the part of the President and his Democratic majority in Congress, we put together one of the best programs that any

administration has over had. The 87th and the 88th Congresses will go down in the history of this country as two of the most productive congresses in the history of this Republic. (Applause)

We have done more for education, more for health, more for conservation, more for national security, more for peace than any congress in my memory, and surely than any in the 16 years that I have served in the Senate, and we did it because we had leadership and we were able to accomplish it because we had vision, and we were able to do it because we had a majority, and we want to have all of those factors working for us in 1965.

Leadership in Lyndon Johnson, a majority of Democrats in Congress, and with your help and God willing, we are going to keep this country moving forward, building a botter America, and building a botter world. That is our commitment. (Applause)

This is just enother way of saying that on November 3rd, the American people will decide whether Lyndon Johnson, our President, or the leader of the Goldwater faction of the Republican Party, will guide the destiny of this great nation for the next four years.

But let me add that the decisions made in the next four years, dear friends, will be decisions that affect this Republic for many a decade. This is a fast-moving world, a fast-changing world, as Eleanor Rossevelt said in her final book, $\underline{\text{Tomorrow Is}}$ $\underline{\text{Now}}$, and anybody that doesn't think of temorrow has already lost today.

We are going to make decisions about cities, about transportation, about fiscal policy. We are going to make decisions about agriculture, about health, about education in the next four years that will set the pattern for America for a generation. And we can't afford to miss. (Applause)

Now, let's make no mistake about it. The Republican Party has fallen into the hands of rockless men, men who have inscribed clearly on their public record their willingness to gamble with the American heritage. Why do you think great Republican newspapers like the New York Herald Tribune or a magazine like The Saturday Evening Post or a publication like Life, why do you think these traditionally conservative, most of the time Republican oriented publications, why do you think they are supporting President Jehnsen?

I will tall you why. Bacause Mr. Goldwater is not a Republican. He is a radical. He is out of the mainstream of American life. (Applause and hurrahs)

Repudiated his own Party platform of 1960. On 25 roll calls never voted once for his Party, not once. Repudiated the bipartisan foreign policy which was created by men like Arthur Vandenberg, Republican. Denounces his own Supreme Court Justice, the great Earl Warren, Republican Governor of California.

Is it any wonder that the great Republicans say no, we won't have anything to do with him. They repudiate him, and why? Because they love their country more than they love their Party. They are patriots, thank God. (Applause)

So the American people are going to make a choice. Mr. Goldwater says we are going to give you a choice. I will say so. (Laughter) What a choice. The choice is between responsibility and irresponsibility. The choice is between the

discarding, the setting eside of 30 years of economic and social policies in this country that have been created through two great parties. The temperary spokesman of a faction of the present Republican Party neither represents the Democratic Party or the Republican Party. He is off on his own in the wild blue yender. (Applause) (Laughter)

The American people are going to make a choice on November 3rd. They are going to choose between the commitment of President Johnson and the Democratic Party to provide all Americans, regardless of race, color, religion or ethnic origin, we are going to provide all Americans as Americans, not as minorities, not as white, not as colored, not as Catholic, not as Protestants, not as Jews, but Americans -- we are going to provide them with new apportunities.

This is the commitment of the Democratic Administration. (Applause)

And we are going to have another choice. The American people must choose as President of the United States between a men of unquestioned competence, unquestioned competence, in the art and science of government, a men of 30 years of experience in Congress, congressmen, senator, Majority Leader, Majority Whip, Vice-President, and President.

Or they can take a part time off and on, now and then, amateur adventurer. (Applause -- Laughter)

And my friends, that is a generous description. (Laughter -- Applause)

The Goldwateritos, not the Republicans, my friends -- I want to tell my Democratic friends we are getting a lot of help from our fellow Americans of Republican persuasion -- the Goldwateritos, they are a breed unto themselves. They are no longer -- they do not represent the Party of Lincoln because the Party of Lincoln stead for the Emencipation Proclemation.

This man voted against making citizenship first class in America, the full and equal apportunities under the Constituion of the United States for every American.

Lincoln said government must serve the people. Lincoln said this is a government of the people, by the people and for the people, but the leader of the Goldwaterites says the government ought to get out of these programs of welfare and agriculture and education and health and all these other things. Get out.

He says, "My objective is not to pass laws, it is to repeal them." (Laughter)

I think we have a right to ask him what laws do you wish to repeal, Senetor? There is quite a list of them. No. Abraham Lincoln believed that government was a positive force for good. This man believes that government is a negative force for evil. This is a man that said to you and to me and to America that the government in Washington is a greater threat to our liberties than Moscow. And any man that says that has disqualified himself for the high office of President. (Applause -- hurrahs)

Yes, there is now some kind of solfish irresponsibility that is supposed to take on respectability. Well, I say it violates the fundamentals of American traditions, conservative or liberal. This is no fight between conservatives and liberals. This is a fight between the American consensus, the great American partnership of people, a continuing partnership, and a handful of radicals. And this country rejects radicals. It rejects the radicals of the right, and it rejects the radicals of the left. We don't need the leftists, and we don't need the American people marching right down the road. (Applause)

This man that says he wants to be President on the Republican ticket, the Goldwater ticket, I should say, he says the Americans are sick and tired, sick and tired of this, sick and tired of that. I wonder sometimes if a person talks enough about that but what he might be describing the very faith, philosophy, and personages that he represents. Who is sick? Who is tired? I see a lot of healthy American people every place I go, and I see them happy with the exception of a few. And if I carried a Goldwater sign, I wouldn't look happy either. (Applause -- Laughter)

But the Senator from Arizona says he doesn't want to indulge in personalities. So he says of the President of the United States, "He is a phony, he is a faker, and he is a bare-faced liar." Is that what we want? Is that the way American politics should be? (Cries of "no.")

The Senator from Arizona says the Social Security program has brought slavery and should be made voluntary, and then he says we misrepresent when we say **he** is against Social Security. Senator, I don't know whether you are against it or for it. I just know what you are saying. (Laughter)

The Senator says that Washington is more dangerous than Moscow. He says that the Peace Corps, the Peace Corps, our very finest example of Americans at work building a better world, our best example of American youth helping other people help themselves, I know of no responsible citizen that condemns the Peace Corps, and yet this man says, "It is a haven for beatniks."

What a fine way to talk about the 10,000 volunteers who risk their lives every day for God's children all over this earth. (Applause)

The Senator from Arizona says that a child has no right to an education. The government has no responsibility for an education for a child. It is a responsibility of the parents and that some children would be better off without it. Is this the kind of a man, Senator Bayh, you that have given so much of your life for education, is this what the teachers of America want? Is this what the PTA's want? Is this what the mothers and fathers want? Do you want a President -- (cries of "no") -- that doesn't even think that education is a responsibility of the organized society of the American Republic? I hope not. (Applause -- Cries of "no")

Senator Goldwater says that nuclear war is inevitable. Senator Humphrey says, and President Lyndon Johnson says, that the task of statesmanship in this, the nuclear age, is to maintain the peace, to prevent nuclear war, to save us from . annihilation.

There is no instant answers to any problem. The only thing that is instant is instant annihilation and a nuclear catastrophe, and statesmanship says we must avoid it. We must prevent it. We must pursue relentlessly and courageously the paths of peace in honor in a desperate effort, may I say, to save the peace, to work for peace.

This the scripture says is right, and this common sense tells us is right. (Applause)

Oh, yes. The Senator from Arizona says, "But don't get so excited about what I say about nuclear weapons. I have been misunderstood." He said that nuclear weapons are no more powerful than the firepower that American veterans have faced on the battlefield.

Murat Shrine - 6 -

Those are the words of a man who says he wants to be President. Let me just say one thing. One average size tactical -- not strategical -- nuclear bomb in Europe has greater explosive power than all the bombs the United States Army Air Force dropped on Germany during the months of the heaviest air assault in World War II. The twelve average sized tactical nuclear bombs would approximate all of the explosive power of all the conventional bombs the United States dropped on Germany and Japan during World War II. Just twelve of those little conventional nuclear bombs.

Fifteen such tactical nuclear bombs would exceed all the bombs, conventional and atomic, that were used in World War II. And yet the Senator from Arizona says, "Why don't be afraid of those. Let's play war games."

Oh, no, my friends. It doesn't take courage to play war games. It takes courage to be a peacemaker. It takes courage to try to lead the nations of the world in the paths of peace.

Blessed are the peacemakers. And we have had some great ones and every one was very courageous. Dag Hammarskjold who gave his life for peace in Africa, Eleanor Roosevelt who lived the life of peace and human dignity. Pope John XXIII in his great encyclical Pacem in Terres, who outlined the courageous path of peace.

I don't think he was soft on communism. (Laughter -- Applause) And, my dear friends, the late and beloved President of the United States who dedicated his life to inspiring people all over this world to work for peace, whose greatest moment was at that hour at American University on June 10th, 1963, when John Kennedy appealed to mankind to search for peace.

He broke through the Iron Curtain in the Cold War. He said peace is a process. Peace must be pursued relentlessly. Peace will require the courage of a soldier on the battlefield. Even more, peace will require sacrifice.

And let me say right now to Americans, Republicans and Democrats, Goldwaterites, or whoever you may be, that peace is the goal of this Administration. Peace is the noble goal of all decent people, not peace with appeasement. Peace with honor, peace that we gain through strength, military strength, diplomatic strength, economic strength, moral strength.

We have all of it. And thank God we have a man in the White House that knows about it and knows how to use it, and I say to you as one who has worked along side of him during these many 16 years, that Lyndon Johnson, President of the United States, is another apostle of peace. He seeks to build a strong America, not for conquest.

He seeks a rich America, not for pleasure.

He seeks a better world, not for himself.

He seeks to do all of these things for but one purpose, to save mankind from destruction and to save freedom. (Applause)

So may I just leave you now, then, with this request. The stakes are high. This campaign is difficult. We have had such trouble arguing the issues because you can't have a debate if the other Party won't state the issues.

But we know what the issues are. And the issues are progress. for the future. What we have done thus far is only a beginning, and we have done much.

The issues are people, helping people help themselves with education for the young, with retraining for workers that are displaced because of automation. Making automation a boon instead of a bane. Making automation a servant of people rather than making people a slave to the machine.

We know what the issues are, rebuilding our cities so that they are livable. We know what the great issues are, my friends, extending the helping hand of a government that cares to the unfortunate.

And ladies, and gentlemen, compassion is not weakness or cowardice.

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(Applause)

And may I say, may I say that concern for the afflicted, the mentally retarded, the lame and the halt and the blind and the hungry and the needy and the unemployed, that concern for these unfortunate souls -- Senator Goldwater, that is not socialism. That is good old Judaic-Christianity Americanism, and everybody knows it. (Applause)

So I ask the people of this great audience to rise up like a mighty army and do battle. We are not going to win this election easily. This is a fight to the finish. Make no mistake about it.

Why, my father always advised me that the sure way to success was work. Work, work, work, work. There is an old hymn, you know, "Work for the Day is Coming." Well, work! Get busy. Redouble your efforts. I don't care how hard you are working. There is plenty of time for rest after November 3rd for a day or so. (Laughter) (Applause) And stay up a little later. Most people die in bed. (Laughter)

Make up your minds that this victory is not only a victory for the Democratic Party, because that is the fact, it is not only for the Democratic Party. If this was just a normal old Republican-Democratic fight, people wouldn't be quite as deeply concerned as they are.

This is a battle as to whether or not America is going to continue down the path that it has followed for years of responsible social progress, whether we are going to continue to exemplify leadership in this world, leadership with restraint, leadership with perseverance, leadership with patience, leadership with fortitude, and whether we are going to be able to walk kindly even as we build massing power.

I want to say to this audience that the richer America gets, and the stronger we become, the more imperative it is that we walk humbly with our God and with ourselves because power and wealth corrupt, and America must make sure that as it is blessed by plenty and by power, and by riches and by privilege, that America shares, shares what she has with those who are less fortunate, shares of her means, yes, shares of her abundance, yes, not at the expense of our own because we have plenty. But more importantly, that she shares of her heart, shares of her soul, shares of her spirit, so that the people of the world will know that democracy in America is not just a paycheck, and it is not just a dividend, and it is not just a day off from work. But democracy in America is a moral commitment to a better America, to a better world, and to what President Johnson says, the Great Society.

That is what President Johnson is fighting for, and that is what Humphrey is fighting for, and that is what Vance Hartke is fighting for, and I ask you to join me in this fight before it is too late.

Thank you very much. (Applause -- hurrahs)

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