NOTES

VICE PRESIDENT HUBERT HUMPHREY COLUMBUS DAY DINNER

ITALIAN-AMERICAN PROFESSIONAL BUSINESSMEN'S ASSOC.

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK OCTOBER 12, 1966

I know of no better way to observe Columbus Day

than to join you in honoring my good friend, Meade

8s-15-Seto Esposito.

We have all read about the scholarly theory that maybe Columbus did not discover America after all.

How many in this room believe this new theory?

The next thing we'll hear is that DiMaggio couldn4

hit or that Toscanini couldn't read music.

Columbus discovered that a man could live his dream.

He discovered that one man with courage could make a

majority -- even when he stood alone.

His discovery of the New World made men everywhere realize new facts about themselves: Namely, that rigid dogma, ignorance, narrow-mindedness and prejudice blind men and keep them in chains.

Yes, Christopher Columbus symbolizes a great truth about the human condition: Man is limited only by the boundaries of his own imagination and the courage of his own resolve.

This lesson has been taught to us by hundreds of thousands of people who have emigrated to our shores and who have enriched our national life.

Almost million Italian immigrants have come to America in this century. They came in search of a brighter future.

And they have found what they had been looking for.

In the process they have become our leading bankers,
contractors, artists, businessmen, teachers, athletes, labor
leaders and government officials.

And they have enriched our music, art and architecture.

Columbus Day reminds us that all of us in America are immigrants, or the sons of immigrants.

Last year, you will recall, President Johnson signed a new immigration bill that ends -- once and for all -- the discrimination against those who wanted to call our country their home.

Lunder the old system even Christopher Columbus would have had little chance to come here -- simply because he was an Italian.

Under the old system Italy had a very small immigration quota. It had a very long list of persons waiting to come here, while other countries were failing to fill the large quotas assigned to them.

Our new Immigration Act assigns quotas on the basis of equality. It does not ask where a person was born, but rather: What can you bring to America?

Italy was granted 9,987 immigration visas in fiscal year 1965. In 1966, under the new law, Italy received 24,967. We did not pass this new law to court the votes of any nationality groups. We passed it because it was right -- morally right, and in the best interests of all of the American people. any other -- is trying to live up to the promise of our democratic ideals. We are trying to create a society that is just and humane, enlightened and free. We are trying to extend the boundaries of opportunity to include every community and all of our people. We are trying to pass on to our children better advantages than the ones we possessed. We are trying to do whatever we must to make life happy and useful and filled with the blessings of peace.

We are trying, in the words of Pope Paul, to "create a world that is more humane by promoting the common good for all."

Yes, we are trying ... and we are succeeding.

History is a good teacher. And we have learned the lessons of recent years. We know now that we cannot be indifferent to the fate of our neighbor.

We see that our national problems are not the other fellow's -- but are equally shared by us all.

Poverty affects us all. Welfare programs are costly and keep tax rates high. Unemployment and lower consumer spending restrain the overall economy.

Racial prejudice affects us all. Freedom and opportunity are truly divisible by the number sharing in it. As long as there are men living without hope in overcrowded slums, there will be chains on us all.

We cannot be indifferent. We cannot be complacent.

We cannot let the voices or actions of a few extremists

imbitter us or close our minds and hearts to the plight of others.

A great American, Wendell Willkie, once said: "It is not tolerance that one is entitled to in America. It is the right of every citizen in America to be treated by other citizens as an equal."

America in the 1960's is at the turning point in its quest to develop the most enlightened and humane society the world has ever known.

We are now working, in unity, to right past wrongs.

Think back to the turn of the century when many of your grandfathers arrived here in New York from the Old Country. How difficult life was.

Yes, to our shame, there was discrimination against Italian-Americans in those days. And against Polish-Americans, Greek-Americans, German-Americans, and all the other nationalities that came to their new land.

And think back just to yesterday -- when we were forced to worry about providing care for our parents in their old age, wondering whether we could afford the expense of the doctor bills we knew would be coming.

This was injustice, too. And it too is being eliminated.

We are all concerned about inadequate schools and transportation, crowded cities and wasted resources.

These too are injustices, afrons to the richest and most productive nation in the world. But these problems are being eliminated too.

Equal opportunity ... urban renewal ... Medicare ... aid to education ... the war against poverty ... conservation and beautification ... these are the tools by which we hope to construct a Great Society.

We posses the means and, I believe, the will to succession.

Man has always dreamed a very simple, uncomplicated

dream.

He has asked only for freedom to be an individual ... for the chance to develop his skills and talents ... for the opportunity to provide for himself and his family ... and for a life of quiet satisfaction and dignity.

Yet, fully two-thirds of the world has never been able to realize this fundamental desire for the good life.

We must face the fact that two-thirds of the world is poor, hungry and sick and demanding something better.

The have-not peoples are marching onto the stage of history.

And nobody can ignore them or move them off.

The challenge is clear: We must help those in the world who need our help. And we, in our own land, must succeed in living up to our own promise.

For if we fail, what hope may others have of succeeding?

Four centuries ago, Christopher Columbus lived his dreams. Near the end of his full and rich life, he wrote a letter to his son that sums up much of what I have been saying here tonight.

"I have seen the wonders of the world," Columbus wrote, "and I have seen that man is not a helpless, inconsequential creature at all. Man is the greatest wonder of all, and he may dare to hope that human folly and pettiness will be expunged by the greatness of his eternal soul."

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ITALIAN-AMERICAN PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS MEN'S ASSOCIATION, INC.
ANNUAL AWARD DINNER HOTEL ST. GEORGE, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK OCTOBER 12, 1966

MR. JACK P. ZANGARA, President of the Italian-American Professional and Businessmen's Ass'n.: And, now, Ladies and Gentlemen, Msgr. Genova, who is the Monsignor belonging to the parish of our guest of honor, Meade Esposito, will render the invocation.

Msgr. Genova.

RT. REV. MSGR. VINCENT O. GENOVA, Pastor,
Holy Family R. C. Church: Almightly and Eternal God, we
humbly ask Your blessing on this distinguished gathering
and in particular on the guest of honor, the Honorable
Meade L. Esposito, the recipient of the annual award
bestowed by the Italian-American Professional and Businessmen's Association. It is very proper to honor members of
our society whose contribution to the welfare of our fellowmen has been exceptional. Our Lord said that men do not
light a lamp in order to hide it undr a bushel. It is
set on a stand where it gives light to all the poeple in
the home. And, so the light of one man dedicated good
example of citizenship and work for the welfare of others
should be lifted up so that others may see it and imitate
it.

The selection of Mr. Esposito as this year's

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guest of honor is a tribute to the good judgment of this organization as well as a tribute to his deserving record of hard work.

We pray earnestly that God in his goodness may continue to grant to my good friend and yours good health, energy of mind and body and every grace to continue to serve for many more years this great community of Brooklyn. (APPLAUSE)

MR. ZANGARA: Thank you. Please remain standing. And, now it gives me a great privilege and honor to introduce and present the Vice-President of the United States with our Guest of Honor being escorted by the Reception Committee. (APPLAUSE)

And, now, ladies and gentlemen, please be seated and have a good dinner. Thank you.

MR. ZANGARA: Members of the Clergy, Mr.

President, Mr. Vice-President, Mr. Ambassador, Mr. Counsel
General, Distinguished and Honored Members of the Dais
and Ladies and Gentlemen, first of all may I tell you how
delighted I am to have the opportunity to speak to you
briefly tonight and to be with you at the conclusion of
this day that I have spent with the President of the United
States in this non-political activity of ours which has
occupied us all day long. (APPLAUSE)

And, it is at the conclusion of a day of non-political activity that we come here tonight to express our tremendous admiration on this Columbus Day to commemorate the memory of the man who discovered America, to pay a tribute of tremendous respect and admiration for all of his sons and daughters who have contributed so much to America and all that America stands for, and for that reason we are also happy to be here tonight. (APPLAUSE)

And, on a completely non-political basis

I would say to all of my friends here in the Borough of
Brooklyn that you would have to walk with me as I did
today with this great man who sits at my left to see the
tremendous outpouring of great love and affection that
existed throughout the entire City of New York, (APPLAUSE)
which truly and really transcends all political consideration and springs from the heart of America. A realization
that here we have and this has been the keynote of American
politics down through all the years, that in moments of
crisis, our political system is able to produce a great
leader

and we have that leader tonight in the President of the United States, Lyndon Baines Johnson. (APPLAUSE)

And, so I am very conscious of the deep dignity and the honor that is given to me, to be here tonight and to speak briefly to you before I present our

guest of the evening, and to join with you in an expression of great affection and admiration for your guest of honor in whose name the dinner is held, my dear friend and yours, Meade Esposito. (APPLAUSE) And, to express the wish that God will continue to shower down upon him His choicest blessings for many many years to come.

And, may I now, ladies and gentlemen, the President of the United States. (APPLAUSE)

PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON: Mr. O'Connor, Mr. Vice-President, Mr. Ambassador, Honorable Judges, Noble Candidates, Members of the greatest Congress ever, Ladies and Gentlemen, my Friends: First I want to thank you for your friendship and for your asking me to come here to celebrate this great Columbus Day with you. What we celebrate on October the 12th is not the fact that one Italian discovered America, but that five million Italians discovered America. (APPLAUSE)

And, I might add tonight that there are eight million Americans of Italian descent. Eight million and one. One is in Rome tonight - Jack Valenti, but he is coming back, I'm told. (APPLAUSE)

On Columbus Day, we celebrate those sons of Italy who have helped to make this nation the great nation that it is. But, we also celebrate America, which has brought out the greatness in so many sons of Italy.

We celebrate Arturo Toscanini and Fiorello La Guardia, and Enrico Fermi. (APPLAUSE) And, we celebrate Rocky Marciano, and Joe DiMaggio (APPLAUSE), and we celebrate the memory of those poverty-stricken immigrants from South Italy, whose descendents today are in the American mainstream. We celebrate the facts about today's Americans, who trace their heritage to Italy.

The statistics about education - as I pointed out last evening in our meeting with my beloved friend, Senator Pastori, the statistics point out this factor. The second generation Italian-American has finished more years of school than the average American. The statistics about jobs point to the fact that the second generation Italian-American is more likely to be a doctor or a lawyer or an engineer or an executive than the average American. And, the statistics about income reveal a natural parallel -- I don't know that I should say this with the tight money as tight as it is, but the second generation Italian-American makes more money than the average American. (LAUGHTER & APPLAUSE)

Yet, it hasn't been too many years since

Italian-Americans have felt the raw pain of discrimination
right here in America. So, our historical prospective
should remind us that as newer members of the majority

Italians of all people understand and practice the cardinal

American virtue -- fairness to all regardless of race or religion or place of national origin. (APPLAUSE)

Now, you have a wonderful evening planned. You have a great American, my beloved friend, a most high public official, one of the greatest I've ever known here to speak to you and I didn't come to butt into his party. I did feel somewhat like the little boy that didn't get an invitation to the dance; I just sat down and wrote myself one. (Laughter)(Applause)

But, after having been engaged in my vocation for thirty-five years, its pretty difficult for me to be spending the night in New York City after having visited in various areas of it all day and to be here to meet the Premier of Laos in the morning and to overlook a congregation as numerous as this, this evening. (APPLAUSE)

I just want to leave this one thought because I've already talked long enough, and that thought is this. There are many Americans tonight who are feeling the same way, which you and your families once felt.

There are many Americans tonight who need to see the cardinal American virtue of fairness to all, regardless of their religion or their ancestors or their race come into play. And, for other Americans who are now feeling that need, I ask those of you who have crossed the river

to extend them a helping hand. (APPLAUSE)

2 I was at my home the other Sunday and 3 my younger daughter insisted that I go to church with 4 her very very early in the morning. We went to 5 a little church, a very poor church, very humble people, God-fearing, God-loving people. And, I went there and the priest talked about peace and our relations with our fellow human beings and he spoke as his text, "Love YORK thy neighbor as thyself". And, I went on back at 8 o'clock 10 and had my breakfast with my daughter and with her husband 11 and about 10 o'clock, my older daughter got up. And, came down and asked me to go to church with her. And, 13 we went across the mountains about 40 or 50 miles into 14 a completely new area, world, and we went to a completely 15 different church. And, the preacher started talking 16 about our relations with our fellow human beings, and 17 he started talking about the Pope's request that you all 18 pray for peace. And, he concluded by discussing at some 19 length the text, "Love thy neighbor as thyself". And, 20 to me that was a very encouraging sign in this period, regardless of which side of the mountains you were on, 22 regardless of which church you were in, regardless of which 23 daughter you went out with that day, that the people of this country were taking the high road and were thinking 24 along the same lines, 'Love thy neighbor as thyself'. (APPLAUSE) 25

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MR. JACK ZANGARA: May I have your attention, please? Monsignore, Most Reverend Fathers, Mr. Vice-President, Honored Guests, Ladies and Gentlemen, as Presidet of the Italian-American Professional and Businessmen's Association it is my honor to welcome all of you to this our 22nd annual affair, with the presentation of our much coveted award to an outstanding Italian-American, who exemplifies the civic, humanitarian and charitable goals of our organization. Without further ado, therefore, I wish to introduce to you our general Chairman, himself a past recipient of our award, an eminent Italian-American who does our honor in his profession and in his many charitable and humanitarian endeavors, carissimo a de lustra amica, Dr. Mario Tagliagambe. (APPLAUSE)

When I was asked to be General Chairman, little did I realize what a great occasion we were going to have, but I had an idea when I selected the guest of honor in conjunction with the committee that we're on the right track, as Meade Esposito is a gentleman (Applause) that has established an outstanding record inour colony and he's only starting, ladies and gentlemen.

My next choice was to pick an outstanding toastmaster and I was very fortunate, again, in having Ross DiLorenzo as our Toastmaster. (Applause)

The next item of business was to select a main speaker and this was a difficult chore, but I realized that I would go to somebody that was alike to my profession and I thought of a great druggist from Minneapolis, who went on to bigger and greater things in the world, but he started out as a good druggist and he's now one of the best Vice-Presidents this country's ever had, Hubert Humphrey. (APPLAUSE)

Little did I realize we were going to be more honored by the very presence of the President of the United States, but there again, gentlemen, you've seen it all.

At this time it is my privilege to introduce to you the Toastmaster, but before I do that, Ross, I want to take this opportunity to thank all the members Judg

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of the committee, particularly Nick Maltese, Judge Ruisi, Judge Egavano, Joe Spadaro and the others that worked so hard and devoted so much time to all the details of this occasion. So to each and every one of you, thank you, to those I haven't mentioned, thank you also, Ross, the floor is yours. (APPLAUSE)

HON. ROSS J. DILORENZO: Thank you very much, Doctor. Please bear with me and we'll go through this quickly and nicely. I don't intend to call 62 members on the dais individually, so I think you'll approve of the system I'm going to follow. I'm going to ask everyone on the dais to please stand and take a bow and we'll save 25 minutes. Will you all please stand? (APPLAUSE) This gives you more time, Mr. Vice-President. However, we are very very grateful to some visiting dignitaries that do not live in the City nor the State of New York and I think we owe them the courtesy of an individual introduction. Such as the Honorable Neil Peterson, the Administrative Aid to the Vice-President of the United States, who insists on sitting out in the audience. The Honorable John Blodnik, Congressman from the State of Minnesota. (APPLAUSE) The Honorable L. N. Oldsink, United States Civil Service Commissioner. (APPLAUSE) And, personal and near friends of the Vice-President, such as Mr. and Mrs. George Bookbinder. (APPLAUSE) Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Stutmann. (APPLAUSE) And, the Honorable-I'm so happy to see you here again - Jack Wolfgang. (APPLAUSE)
Never made it. He's stuck in Switzerland.

I understand in the audience we have a great Borough President, Honorable Irving Badillo from the Bronx. Will you please stand? (Applause) Great friend of Meade Esposito.

Ladies and Gentlemen, for a very good reason, his little talk was interrupted. Now I want you again to meet, the Mayor of Buffalo, and the Next Attorney-General of the State of New York, Frank Sedita. (APPLAUSE)

MAYOR FRANK SEDITA: Mr. Toastmaster,

Reverend Gentlemen, Ambassador, Next Governor of the State
of New York, Mr. Vice-President, Distinguished Guests,

Ladies and Gentlemen, you have no idea what a handicap
they placed me in. They keep telling me, Don't takemore
than 30 seconds. Someone says, Take a minute. They said,

Go on. The President is coming. I said, Here's my big
chance. They said, Get out of Here. Sit down. (Applause)

Thank God in addition to all these wonderful people we have three great men here, the Vice-President, the next Governor and Meade Esposito. How about that.

(APPLAUSE) Tonight we celebrate the memory of a great Italian, who came here and made it possible for all of

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us to be here after our fathers and thank God, after they took the banana boats. Isn't that true? I'm 2 happy to be here. I'm glad my father came here. I 3 like what I'm doing here. I'm enjoying myself. I want 4 you to know that I'm enjoying this business of campaigning. 5 I've never been out of Buffalo, except to come to New York once in a while and they took me here on the second 7 day and they said, We're taking you to (Italian) 8 _____. I said, "Where's that?" They said, "That's in New York. There's millions of Italians there. You 10 got to meet them." So when I got there, there were millions 11 of Italians. I said, "Well, what part am I? Where am I?" 12 They said, "You're in Chinatown." (Laughter) That's a fact. 13 So they said, "Start talking to them in Italian." So, I 14 said, (Italian) They never told 15 me in high school, when I took 3 years of Italian how to 16 say Attorney-General, and so Louis DiSalvo says "(Italian 17 for Attorney-General). So I walked up to the first big 18 husky fellow, cooking _____, and I said (Italian____ 19). He said, "I don't know what the Hell 20 you're talking about, Mac; I was born here. (Laughter) 21 And, then they took us to meet The Saint. 22 a statue about 3 feet high, dressed in multicolored vest-23 ments and when I got there, they have a custom or tradition, 24 Mr. Vice-President. They pin money on the dress of the 25

Saint. And, when I saw the money pinned there, I knew that I was not brought there for a social call, so I said to Louis DiSalvo, "How much?" They said, "Well, a C-note would be fine." I said, "A C-note? That's a hundred dollars." He said, "Yea." I said, "My name is Sedita, not Rockefeller". (Laughter & Applause) They said, "Would you go for a fifty?" I said, "Would you believe twenty?" (Laughter) bSo we put the twenty, I turned to my right and there was Howard Samuels, the millionnaire. And, he's looking in his pocket and digging in his pocket, really, the industrialist. He takes out a dollar, another one. I said, "What are you going to do with that?" He said, "That's all I got. I don't carry any money." I said, "You put that two bucks on the Saint and we blow the election tonight." (Laughter & Applause) So then I handed him twenty dollars. I turned to O'Connor. O'Connor is doing this, he's searching, he's looking. I said, "What's amatter?" He said, "I didn't bring any money with me." Twenty more. So the first big night in the big City for Frank Sedita it cost me \$60 to meet a (Italian) (APPLAUSE)

Well, its been a great, great experience and I'm happy to have taken on this chore. I find that people are good people no matter where you go. But, before I sit down and I know that I don't want to presume

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upon you, let me tell you that I'm happy to be here, to join with you in paying tribute to a great, great fellow, Meade Esposito (Applause), who was a tremendous help to me in Buffalo at that Convention. And, Meade, God love you, this is great testimony to your popularity and to the respect of the people in this area have for you. Good luck to you and God Bless you all. (APPLAUSE)

DR. TAGLIAGAMBE: Ladies and Gentlemen, the Ambassador from Italy to the United States, the Honorable Sergio Fenoalta. (APPLAUSE)

AMBASSADOR SERGIO FENOALTA: Mr. VicePresident, Honored Guests, Ladies and Gentlemen, I am
honored, I am delighted, I am proud to be here tonight
to join in this great celebration of Columbus Day and
I am not running for an election. The same day, October
12, is called and celebrated in Italy as Amerigus Day,
so it is fit and appropriate to make Columbus Day a
special occasion to celebrate the deep, century-old ties
between America and Italy. It is fit and appropriate
for Columbus Day to be a day of rejoicing for all mericans
and for all Italians and of course a very special rejoicing
for Americans of Italian descent. (Applause)

The presence here tonight of the President of the United States and your own presence, Mr. Vice-Presidetn, are a tribute to the friendship between America and Italy.

They are also, I am sure, a tribute to the achievements of your own _____compliment, Mr. Vice-President, whose ancestors came from the land of Columbus.

Nearly five centuries have elapsed since Columbus' voyage, five centuries which have seen the formation on this continent of this great nation and its growth and development towards its present position of leadership. The free peoples of the world know that they can depend on this leadership because it is based not on strength alone, but on strength and idealism. (Applause) This extraordinary combination which is typical of America.

So, my friends, let us celebrate Columbus
Day as the anniversary of one of the great and the happy
dates in the history of mankind. Let's make of Columbus
Day an occasion to refer the ties between America and
Italy and indeed the ties between America and Europe for
the safeguard of peace, of freedom, and justice in the
world. Thank you. (APPLAUSE)

DR. TAGLIAGAMBE: Thank you, Mr. Ambassador.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, the next speaker for the purpose of making a presentation to our guest of honor is the General Clerk and the Administrator of the Supreme Court for the County of Kings and our Senior State Committeeman and a good friend of all of us, Jim Mangano. (APPLAUSE)

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HONORABLE JAMES V. MANGANO: Mr. Vice-President, Your Excellency, Next Governor of the State of New York, Mr. Esposito, the Guest of Honor, Distinguished Members of the Dais, Ladies and Gentlemen, my task of this evening is a very happy one. In that I must make a presentation in behalf of the Italian-American Business and Professional Organization to an individual who has manifested a great philantropic trait as endeavored to help his fellowman, regardless of race, color, creed or national origin. But, tonight is a very unusual night, in that we are participating in an occasion where every Italian-American in the City of New York should be proud, particularly as this affair tonight with the presence of the President of the United States of America and the Vice-President of our United States of America. (APPLAUSE)

About 68 years ago, in 1898, one of the pioneers came to this country never realizing that her son would be honored at an affair dedicated to his behalf on October the 12th and I refer to the mother of the Guest of Honor, who I am going to ask at this time to take a bow as a pioneer of the Italians in America. Mrs. Esposito. (APPLAUSE)

And, I'd like to present to you his charming wife, Ann Esposito. (APPLAUSE) And, the second generation, Felicia, Jr.

At this time, ladies and gentlemen,

I would like to make the presentation on behalf of this

organization. May I read the inscription?

Ladies and gentlemen, your guest of honor, the Honorable Meade H. Esposito. (APPLAUSE)

HONORABLE MEADE H. ESPOSITO: Thank you,

Jimmy. Mr. Chairman, Reverend Clergy, Mr. Vice-President,

Next Governor of the State of New York Frank O'Connor

(Applause), Distinguished Guests on the Dais and Distinguished Guests in the Audience, if I tell you that I am

pleased, touched and gratified I would be putting it mildly.

I am overwhelmed. Believe me, I am. When two people such as the President and the Vice-President of these United

States came here to say hello to us, we have much to be thankful for. (Applause)

For many of us this is the busiest time of the year. I suppose I can be accurately - it can be accurately termed, the peak of our season. May I express

the humble hope in the non-partisan spirit of this occasion that it will be a more successful season, much more than it has been in others in our history.

I deeply appreciate and thank the Italian-American Professional and Businessmen's Association, who are our host tonight.

The only way I can possibly merit the and accolades/the nice things that have been said about me is to work even harder than I have been with you to make our Borough, our City and our State a much better place to work in and live in for all people. (Applause)

You know, we Italian-Americans feel we have rather a special sense of responsibility to our fellow citizens. None of them would be here and God only knows where they would have been if Columbus had sayed in Italy and minded his own business. (Laughter) We Italo-Americans have two traditions and two histories and we're very proud of those two histories and two traditions. As Italians we are proud of our pioneers in the fields of the arts, music, literature, and science. (Applause) Moreover, Western culture has been constantly enriched by the contributions of the Carusos, the Michelangelos, the Fermisneed I go on? I could go on all night and mention names.

(Applause) bAnd, as immigrants to America, your fathers and your grandfathers and yes, many of our own generation have

helped build the ships, the railroads, the factories,
which made our great country, the great country that
it is.

Now, we are on the threshold of a new society, a new America. The shaping of this society, hopefully a great society, each and every one of us is needed to help make it a reality and as our great Vice-President has said and I quote him. "The important question to be determined is, are we strong enough? Are we brave enough to alter our lives and embark on the road which will solve our problems? Will we have the combination of imagination and courage to live up to the traditions of our heritage?" Those were great words, Mr. Vice-President. (Applause)

And, as we fight for civil rights for all minorities we will be safeguarding our own. I want to underscore the word 'fight'. I and thousands of Italian-Americans are sick and tired of the stereotyped created by the Press and television enfostered and fed by those who hunger for public office. Make no mistake about it, these stereotypes have caught hold. When one reads of the arrest of a Negro, the immediate reaction is rapist. When one reads of the arrest of a Peurto-Rican, the immediate reaction is switch blades. When one reads of an Italian, the immediate reaction is Mafia members. (Applause)

And, so the smear -- before I go into that, let's not forget our Jewish brethern who have been smeared and stereotyped for many many years. And, they have fought back and the Italians have to fight back. And, I want you to know...(Applause), if I sound angry and I look angry, damn it, I am angry. And, so the smear grows and is attached to all Negroes, all Peurto-Ricans, all Italian-Americans.

Its bad enough when the press creates this image. Its even worse when public officials resort with leaks to the press, trial by headline and guilty by association. (APPLAUSE) What has happened to our American system of juris toris? Where a man is presumed to be innocent until found guilty by a jury of its peers and who was it that said - I think it was Cardosa who said it - Better that a hundred guilty men go free than one innocent man be found guilty.

The Civil Liberties Union saw fit several weeks ago to condemn the District Attorney of Queens

County for the condemnation of people in advance of trial and for his extra political legal tactics. (Applause)

I wonder and I marvel why only the Civil Liberties Union spoke up. Where are those lovers and those fighters of civil liberties? Where are they? Why haven't they spoken up? What's happened to the Civil Rights, the Human Rights

Commission? And, yes, how do the major candidates in this election stand and feel about trial by conviction in advance and guilt by association? (APPLAUSE)

Thomas Jefferson said it. "Every infringement of every man's rights, no matter who the individual
is, any slur on any people, whoever the people may be,
must be beaten down and stopped."

In closing, my friends, let me quote the words of a great theologian philosopher, Father Edwin Walsh, S.J. He said, "Love me if you must, hate me if you want, but please don't tolerate me." Thank you.

(APPLAUSE)

DR. TAGLIAGAMBE: I'm very happy Frank
O'Connor returned. He's a great friend of our Guest of
Honor and, Frank, I assure you our guest of honor is a
great friend of yours and we're doing everything in
the world for you. (APPLAUSE)

Before I introduce someone else, I want to welcome, of course, our very good friend Stanley (Applause) Steingut to do honor to our guest of honor. / And, I want everyone here to meet -- they didn't give me her name, but she's Miss Italia, a beauty winner I guess representing the Country of Italy. (APPLAUSE)

I was just told she's from Sicily. (APPLAUSE) And, to be that pretty, she has to be from Palermo. (Applause)

Now, ladies and gentlemen, as you know the Italian immigration problem is practically over, after 14 years of hard hard work. This is the first opportunity I have had to give personal thanks to the person who did most for the Italian-Americans. As National Secretary, I could testify to that and I tell you from the bottom of my heart everytime that Judge Martesio and myself and Dr. Tagliagambe went to Washington, the Vice-Presidentof the United States held out his hand and welcomed our problem and helped us to achieve the goal we did on behalf of immigration. (APPLAUSE)

This gentleman did not give us lip service.

He did not speak out of both sides of his mouth. He was in no way hippocritical. He listened to the Italian problems and believe me you, he delivered them because I tell you, I am a witness to that. And, when I tell you as the National Secretary of the Italian-American Immigration we have the greatest friend in the United States of America in the Vice-President of the United States of America, Hubert Humphrey. (APPLAUSE)

VICE PRESIDENT HUBERT HUMPHREY: Thank you very much, Judge DiLorenzo. My esteemed fellow-Americans, too many distinguished guests here tonight to take the time to say each name, but are very much admired and respected, friend from the great Republic of Italy, the

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distinguished Ambassador of that great nation, we welcome you at this dinner tonight, sir. You honor us by your presence. (Applause) And, my good friend, and let me just say it so clearly that you will never forget it, the next Governor of the State of New York, Frank O'Connor. (APPLAUSE) He's a good man. (APPLAUSE) He could even be an Italian, he's such a good man. (APPLAUSE) And, that delightful Mayor of Buffalo, Frank Sedita. Frank, its good to see you. (APPLAUSE) That fellow could even me an Irishman, the way he can tell stories. (Laughter) And, the members of Congress who have graced this dinner tonight by their presence. And, I'm sure that I'll miss some, but let me just say that I'm so delighted to see my long-time, personal, beloved, dear friend down there. John Blodnick from Minnesota. (APPLAUSE) And, up in the dais with you tonight, the great Congressman, Hugh Carey. (Applause) And, that great Congressman, Abe Molteri--I hope you're still here with us. (Laughter)

And, I want you dear friends to know that while the Scandinavians and the Italians have been arguing about who discovered America, you, Carey and Abe Molter have been running off with it. They've really got it under control right now. (Applause)

But, friends, you've had a wonderful evening and I'm sure that the honored guests of tonight, your own

Meade Esposito and pronounced by Frank Sedita in a Polish manner, I'm sure it was, (Laughter) from up in Buffalo that your own honored guest has already delivered to you a memorable message. But, what an evening, what a wonderful surprise. I want to tell you tonight was as big surprise for all of us as the discovery of America was for Columbus when the President of the United States came here. (APPLAUSE)

Let me tell you I'd be mighty surprised if I didn't recognize that in this audience tonight is two other of my colleagues in the Congress; I wouldn't forget them for a moment. John Murphy and Gene Keogh.

(APPLAUSE)

May I just say a word to Meade Esposito and to his wonderful mother, his wife and members of the family. What a rare privilege it is to be in the company of your friends and to be here to celebrate with you, Meade, a much deserved honor and to see you so happily and warmly received by friends and neighbors for your work on behalf of your fellow human beings. I, too, join with the Reverend clergy of this gathering, the distinguished judges, the public officials in elective office, distinguished Ambassador in saluting you.

Now, can you imagine how I feel tonight after having all of the humor of the Mayor of Buffalo,

Frank Sedita; after being in the presence of the gentleman that I want so much to see as your distinguished governor, to be here in the presence of this honored guest, your friend and neighbor, and this distinguished ambassador that has brought honor to himself and his country, and then to be here on the program as making the address and to have the President of the United States, Lyndon Johnson, come here and speak to you as he did. (APPLAUSE)

You know I have a speech and I think I'm just going to file it with Meade as one of those speeches that will never be given, but it is one that comes from the heart and maybe I can pass it along to one of our firends. The President and I have a good deal of fun about these gatherings. From time to time I go fill in for the President and then lo and behold, the doors will open and the trumpets will blare, the lights will go on and in comes the President and down sits the Vice-President. (APPLAUSE) But, that's the way it should be. When Mr. Number One walks in, Mr. Two sits down. But, tonight I feel we're both with you and have been with you as partners and as neighbors and friends.

I can't think of any greater honor that could be paid to this gathering than the honor of having as your guest, as your guest by his own desire, by his

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own wish on his own volition, the gentleman that occupies the highest office within the gift of the American people, the President of the United States. What a great moment. (APPLAUSE)

I have sat alongside this evening of my good friend, your distinguished Supreme Court Justice, Judge DiGiovanna, Anthony to you, Tony. (Applause) And, we have discussed this evening and what it means. And, I want to take just a very few moments to talk about it with you.

Can you imagine what America would be like

-- indeed what the world would be like without the great
artistry, the great intellectual accomplishments and
achievements, the great architecture, the great works
of Leonardi DaVinci. Can you imagine America and the
world without it? Can you imagine modern civilization
without it? Can you imagine what this world would be like
without the genius, the immortal genius of Michaelangelo?
Can you imagine what the realm of music would be like
without that beautiful, magnificent, immortal voice of
Caruso, that touch of artistry and that brilliance and
that flare of the dramatic of Toscanini. My fellowAmericans, this is what Italy has given to the world
amongst many other things. But, can you imagine what
this world would be like without the beloved words and

the leadership and spiritual guidance of the late and beloved Pope John XXIII, the peasant priest? (Applause) And, I mention him because he came from such humble birth, he came from the people, from the soil, and indeed blessed and anointed by God Almightly to serve all of mankind. Can you imagine the kind of civilization we'd have without people like this?

Is it any wonder, therefore, that we have a day that we call Columbus Day and that we celebrate it as a national holiday, not only because of Christopher Columbus, even though that would in itself be adequate reason, but we celebrate Columbus Day because it tells us the story of the new world. It tells us the story of hope. It tells us the story of adventure. It tells us the story of a restless humanity that seeks always better days, and a better world. That's what Christopher Columbus means.

The truth is that while Christopher Columbus was the great discoverer, we discovered through the know-ledge of Christopher Columbus ourselves. We discovered our own world. Many of us fail to remember that Christopher Columbus was more than a sailor. He was, indeed, a philosopher. And, I found a statement of his that told me the story that I wanted to tell you tonight.

Christopher Columbus said and he surely could

speak in his time of the wonders of the world, because he had seen more of it than anyone up to that date. He said, "I have seen the wonders of the world and I have seen that man is not helpless, in consequential creature at all. Man is the greatest wonder of all," said Christopher Columbus. And, he may dare to hope that human folly and pettiness will be expunged by the greatness of his eternal soul.

And, in those few lines from that man there is the story of the scientist, of the explorer, of the adventurer, of the navigator and of the sailor, and there is the story of the philosopher and of a man of deep and abiding faith, who knew that he had a soul, who understood the importance of man, who understood the frailities of man. And, yet, had reason to have faith in the ultimate reason and decency of man. And, that's what we are talking about tongith. That's what your President talked to you about. That's what every person from this platform tonight, this dais, has talked to you about. America. What a wonderful land it is. (APPLAUSE)

I can't help but say to you that the story of Christopher Columbus is more than a biography and its more than a page in history. The story of Christopher

Columbus reminds every one of us that America is a nation of immigrants. And, it reminds us of something else, too. It reminds us that in order to seek the goals that we have in mind we frequently need the help and the support of others as he received it.

I might mention that because this blessed America might never have been discovered at least in those early years had it not been for some foreign aid from Christopher Columbus, somebody that had some faith. (APPLAUSE)

And, the story of Christopher Columbus and his discovery of this land is also the story of poor people, poor people, plain people becoming great people and building a great land. I've listened tonight to the story of the immigrant and I can look across this room and almost point to any table and say, either the first, second or third generation, only that far from being poor in material goods, but rich in spirit.

Abraham Lincoln said that America is the last best hope on earth and surely America represents real hope for mankind. And, I hope as we leave this dinner tonight we'll keep in mind those qualities that made our greatness. We didn't start out rich and powerful. Like the Italian immigrant, this nation fought its way up out of the dirt and out of the land and out of the poverty and out of the misery of our life and our

lives.

One of the reasons I believe that this day is so important is that it tells the youth of this generation that if you have the will and the determination you can have the opportunity in America to make something out of your lives. (APPLAUSE)

paid to me tonight about my work on the Immigration Bill.

I did nothing more there than anyone should do and many others did more and many ever so many as much. But, at long last we have made our immigration law humane. At long last we cleaned out its ugliness. I can surely tell you that had the same immigration policy that existed in this nation for well over 40 years been present at the time of Christopher Columbus tried to get into this hemisphere, he'd had been an illegal entrant. He'd had never made it. (APPLAUSE)

But, fortunately we changed. And, what does this America tell you? It tells you that it is the living demonstration of the capacity and the ability of plain people to become great people, of a nation that has been blessed by many many blessings to become a rich and powerful nation with character and soul.

How pleased I was tonight to hear your honored guest speak of some of the trials and tribulations

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of our times. My fellow Americans, we believe in this land and only one aristocracy, the aristocracy of American citizenship, the fact that if you are an American, if you have the citizenship of this Republic, you have the highest honor that can be paid to any mortal on the face of this earth. (APPLAUSE)

May I say that if you have that great privilege and that great honor you have also responsibility. And, one of those responsibilities is to act, to talk, to walk, to work and to live in the spirit of this Republic. And, that spirit is one of equal opportunity, of equal justice under the law, that a man is innocent until proven guilty. That spirit in America is a complete repudiation of the viciousness as was pointed out here tonight of guilt by association, and never (Applause) ever will it be the practice of this land. (Applause)

Yes, my friends, a great new day is here at hand. A great new day, make no mistake about it.

And, you've helped make it. I hope that all of us have helped make it. We need not select out any particular ethnic or racial group. Thank God for America and its peoples. Thank God for the many strains of blood and nationalities and culture that make up this nation and thank goodness that in America it is safe to be different.

Thank goodness in America individual freedom is more than a phrase. It is a committment. And, thank God 2 that in America we're blessed by the people and they're 3 ancestors and descendents and families of those who 4 are in this room. Good night. (APPLAUSE) 5 : Will you please be seated, one second please? Ladies and gentlemen, 7 we're very very grateful to the Vice-President. I almost forgot. One of the gentlemen most responsible for all these dignitaries being here is a very dear 10 friend of ours from Cleveland, Rocky Graziano and I 11 almost forgot to say hello to you, Rocky. (APPLAUSE) 12 There he is, right here. And, will Tony Travia, Speaker 13 of the House, please take a bow? (Applause) 14 Ladies and Gentlemen, we have adopted 15 the Vice-President of the United States tonight on. 16 Meade Esposito says that his name is Gamberto 17 (Applause) 18 Now, Benediction, ladies and gentlemen, 19 by the Right Reverend Monsignor Joseph DiMarco of St. 20 Rita's Roman Catholic Church. 21 (BENEDICTION) 22 (ADJOURNEMENT) 23 24

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