REMARKS ICE PRESIDENT HUBERT HUMPHREY DEMOCRATIC RALLY SIOUX CITY, IOWA OCTOBER 29, 1966 Whenever I'm at a Democratic meeting like this --- speaking in behalf of a fine Democratic Congressman like Stanley Greigg --- I think how proud I am to be a Democrat. I often wonder what I could tell an Iowa audience if I belonged to the other party. The stresuld to I certainly couldn't talk about higher income --- because the last time the Republican party was in power, farm income went down nearly 11/2 billion dollars talk about surpluses -- because when the Republicans left office in 1960 they left us nine billion dollars worth of excess commodities.

And I couldn't talk about farm prices, because in almost every instance, they're higher in 1966 than they were in 1960.

to do what the Republicans are doing right now. I'd have to criticize and nitpick, and tell farmers, "you never had it so bad."

But I'm a Democrat -- a member of the Party of
Lyndon Johnson, Harold Hughes, E. B. Smith and
Stanley Greigg. So I can talk to you about a Republican
record of no, no, no --- and a Democratic effort of
attempting to place rural America in the position it has
earned and rightfully deserves.

Since 1961 Republican Congressmen in Washington have had 1, 940 chances to cast a positive vote for agriculture . . . 1, 940 chances to vote yes on six major farm bills. But they voted yes only 200 times.

Let's be specific about this Republican record,
because I would like every Iowa farmer to know about
it before he votes November 8th.

- -- In 1961, only four Republican Congressmen voted for the Emergency Feed Grain Bill. 161 Republicans voted against having a feed grain program.
- -- In 1963, one lone Republican voted for the Voluntary Feed Grain bill, and 160 voted against having a feed grain program.
- -- And in 1965, when the roll was called for the Food and Agriculture Act, only 19 Republicans voted for it, while it voted against it.

This is the record of the rubber-stamp Republican

Congressional delegation that has based an entire political

philosophy on saying "no" -- over and over again.

The no-no- Party when the software reaction is!

If this philosophy had prevailed, we would not have a feed grain program today. Without a feed grain program, we'd have over-production, just as we did in the late 1950's. And when we have over production, experience has taught us we have depressed cattle and hog prices a few years later.

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Stanley Greigg, your Representative here in the Sixth District, knows this. He understands agriculture. That is why his is a record of positive action on behalf of the American farmer.

Stan Greigg earned your support by working for you on the House Agriculture Committee and its subcommittees on Livestock and Feed grains, Conservation and Credit, and Domestic Marketing and Consumer Relations.

He earned it by working for last year's four-year extension of the feed grain program, which this year will be worth 43 million dollars to 23,000 farmers in this District.

Stan Greigg earned your support by sponsoring which allows farmers who are signed up in the Feed Grain Program to receive program payments when natural disaster strikes before the crop is in.

And Stan Greigg has earned the support of every cattle grower in this area for his continuing efforts to investigate the problem of packer and chain store feeding operations and the whole question of undue economic concentration in the hands of buyers, to the detriment of cattle sellers.

None of the advances we have made in agriculture "just happened."

It took two great Democratic Presidents -
John Kennedy and Lyndon Johnson -- to propose the

legislation we needed. And it took the help of young,

aggressive Congressmen like Stan Greigg to put the

programs through.

This year alone, eight new sewer and water projects have been authorized in Cherokee, Clay, Lyon, Osceola and Plymouth Counties. Two recreational projects have been authorized in Sioux and Kossuth Counties.

Getting these projects took local concern, local effort, local initiative and money. And it took a local Congressman -- Stan Greigg -- to project these concerns onto the national stage.

Stan Greigg realizes that these projects don't cost. He knows that they pay.

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When we provide safe, central water systems for Iowa towns ... when we build more soil conservation projects on Iowa farmland ... when we provide Iowa farmers with a decent return for their farm products ... when we do this, it pays because we are making rural America a better place to live.

We're providing more jobs, and higher living standards, and we're helping to stop the outflow of our young people from rural America into urban centers.

I'm not here to tell you that you've never had it so good. But I do ask you to look around ... check your sales slips for 1960 and for 1966, and then decide for yourselves which political party has best represented your interests over the past few years.

Just in case some of you can't find those sales slips, let me refresh your memory.

Called of

1956-les 960

Iowa beef cattle was selling for 22 dollars in 1960. Today it is 24 dollars - ten cents.

Hogs were 15 dollars - fifty cents in 1960. Today they are 22 dollars - ten cents.

Six years ago milk was 3 dollars - 65 cents a hundred. Today it is 4 dollars - 60 cents.

Corn was One Dollar in 1960. Today it is One Dollar - Twenty-Eight cents.

And soybeans are One Dollar a bushel more today than they were in 1960 --- from One Dollar - Ninety Cents to 2 Dollars - Ninety Cents.

And so is Harold Hughes, your Governor who has made such a splendid contribution to this state, and E. B. Smith, your next United States Senator.

But the record of Stan Greigg does not stop here.

Today we have Medicare, which Stanley Greigg helped to pass.

We have new aid to education, which will help every student in the United States. And Stan Greigg fought for it.

We have a new Food for Peace program, which will open whole new markets for American farm products and help us to win the war on hunger and poverty in the world. Stan Greigg supported this, too.

We are moving in rural America, and its future is the brightest in history, if we're wise enough ... and bold enough ... to grasp it. \_\_ a rew Day for Agree

The surest way to reach this bright future is to vote for candidates who face the future with hope and confidence.

The surest way to <u>lose</u> it is to elect candidates
who fear the future -- men who constantly say "no" because
they did nothing to help in the past.

You and I know which party is the party of the future. You can show this by working now and voting on November 8 for Stanley Greigg, Harold Hughes, and E. B. Smith.

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