

THIS IS THE FIRST CHANCE I HAVE HAD TO THANK ALL OF YOU FOR THE SUPPORT YOU GAVE BOTH PRESIDENT JOHNSON AND ME AT THE CONVENTION IN 1964 AND IN THE ELECTION. JUDGING BY MY RECEPTION HERE TODAY, I THINK WE CAN EXPECT TO FIND SOME FRIENDS IN RCIA IN 1968 AS WELL. BUT TODAY I WOULD LIKE TO LOOK PAST THE ELECTION OF 1968 -- EVEN PAST THE ELECTION OF 1972 --TO ASK SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT THE FUTURE AM NOT TALKING ABOUT THE DISTANT FUTURE CHT EXPECT IN THE YEAR X I AM TALKING ABOUT THE FUTURE OF US WILL EXPERIENCE, I AM TALKING ABOUT AMERICA IN THE MID-70'S, WHEN YOUR CHILDREN WHO ARE NOW IN GRAMMAR SCHOOL WILL BE IN COLLEGE ... WHEN SOME OF YOU WILL BE BUYING YOUR NEXT HOUSE ... WHEN OTHERS WILL BE RETIRING FOR A WELL-EARNED REST AND SEEKING CREATIVE LEISURE.

-3-ABOUT THE KIND AND ME. AS WE LOOK AHEAD OVER THE NEXT DECADE, WE CAN PREDICT SOME FEATURES OF THE AMERICAN SCENE WITH Predictions CERTAINTY. THERE WILL BE NEARLY 40 MILLION MORE AMERICANS 10 YEARS FROM NOW. L THIS COUNTRY WILL BE ALMOST ENTIRELY URBANIZED, WITH OVER THREE-QUARTERS OF OUR PEOPLE LIVING IN CITIES. L THE AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENT, WHICH HAS DOUBLED IN SIZE IN THE LAST 15 YEARS, WILL PROBABLY HAVE COME CLOSE TO DOUBLING AGAIN.

-3A-JNICATIONS WILL BE BOTH FASTER AND CHEAPER THAN TODAY. WE WILL BE QUITE USED TO HAVING MEN menon the mos LAND ON THE MOON. TISSUE WILL BE TRANSPLANTED FROM ONE PERSON TO ANOTHER WITH EASE ARTIFICIAL ORGANS WILL BE RELATIVELY COMMONPLACE MANY TYPES OF CANCER AND MENTAL ILLNESS WILL HAVE GONE THE WAY OF SMALLPOX AND POLIO. TEACHING WILL HAVE BEEN INDIVIDUALIZED FOR JDENTS THROUGH THE USE OF TEACHING MACHINES, TE SYMBOLS OF A POWERFUL AND WEALTHY SOCIETY, THEY REPRESENT THE MATERIA UNPARALLELED PROSPERITY.

What Will We do with all of the?

To every man his Chance -To every man regardless of his berth his Shining golden apportunity. To everyman the right to live, to work to be himself; and to become whatever his manhood and his vision can compine to make hom-This is the promise of america! and this is the goal of the Johnson thimphrey Administration !

AND THEY WILL BE ACHIEVED MORE OR LESS AUTOMATICALLY BECAUSE OF THE MOMENTUM OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT I THESE PREDICTABLE GAINS WILL BE SYMBOLS OF POWER AND WEALTH: BUT THEY WILL NOT NECESSARILY BE THE SYMBOLS OF A GREAT DEMOCRACY. NITY AVAILABLE TO EACH INDIVIDUAL AMERICAN AMERICAN CITIZEN THE I IREDT AND THOSE ILL ALL OF US HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF ADVANCES IN MEDICAL SCIENCE--TO BE PROTECTED FROM SICKNESS AND TO BE CARED FOR WHEN WE ARE ILL?

THERE ARE SOME WHO SAY MEDICARE IS ENOUGH. NINETEEN MILLION AMERICANS ARE NOW COVERED BY A PROGRAM WHICH WAS INSTITUTED ONLY A YEAR AGO FOUR MILLION PATIENTS HAVE RECEIVED HOSPITAL CARE SINCE THE PROGRAM STARTED: 25 MILLION MEDICAL BILLS HAVE BEEN PAID. Some SAY:

medica

"MEDICAL OART IS ALLETTIERE NOT A RIGHT,"

THE RIGHTS OF THE INDIVIDUAL.

MEDICARE REPRESENTS GREAT PROGRESS TODAY BUT TEN YEARS FROM NOW WE WILL BE DEEPLY SHAMED AS A NATION IF THE ONE-THE OVE OF OUR POPULATION. WHO TODAY HAVE NO REGULAR ACCESS TO DOCTORS OR DENTISTS. ARE STILL DEPRIVED OF MEDICAL CARE.

IT WILL BE UNACCEPTABLE IF ILLNESS CAN STILL MEAN FINANCIAL DISASTER TO THE FAMILY OF A WORKING MAN OR WOMAN.



WHAT ABOUT EDUCATION AND TRAINING?

TO GET ALL THE EDUCATION HE CAN USE?

MILLION AND A HALF YOUNGSTERS A CRITICALLY IMPORTANT BOOST TOWARD SUCCESSFUL EDUCATIONS AND REWARDING LIVES.

JOB CORPS CENTERS ESTABLISHED JUST TWO YEARS AGO HAVE ALREADY SENT OVER 60 THOUSAND NEW WORKERS EARNERS, AND BUYERS INTO THE ECONOMY, AND OVER 41 THOUSAND MORE ARE NOW IN TRAINING.

BUT WILL THIS BE ENOUGH A DECADE FROM NOW? WILL WE STILL HAVE POOR SCHOOLS IN POOR NEIGHBORHOODS WHICH CAN AFFORD ONLY POOR TEACHERS SCHOOLS WHICH WILL TURN BRIGHT-EYED YOUNGSTERS INTO POOR STUDENTS, POOR WORKERS AND POOR CITIZENS? WILL YOUNG PEOPLE COMING OUT OF SCHOOLS FIND JOBS AND HOPE, OR UNEMPLOYMENT AND DESPAIR WHAT ABOUT OUR CITIES?

SEVENTY PER CENT OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ALREADY LIVE IN URBAN AREAS, AND THE CHANCES ARE VERY GREAT THAT

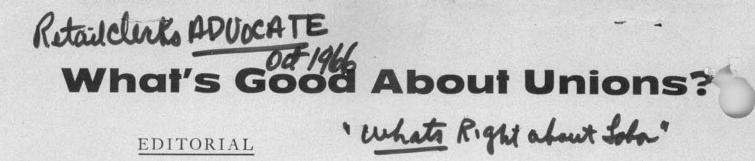
MOST OF US WILL LIVE OUT OUR LIVES IN CITIES,

Heretoy the american dream is to be derided in the cities Jamenca.

The federal government will supply over 10 Billion dollars in grants and loans to cities this YEAR FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF URBAN LIFE, THAT IS ALMOST THREE TIMES THE AMOUNT AVAILABLE IN 1961.

> BUT IF EACH OF US IS TO HAVE A DECENT PLACE TO LIVE AT A PRICE WE CAN AFFORD, WE WILL NEED NEW URBAN HOUSING UNITS AT THE RATE OF 2 MILLION A YEAR A DECADE FROM NOW. _ Gout + In 2 IF WE ARE NOT TO WASTE OUR LEISURE HOURS GETTING TO AND FROM WORK, WE WILL NEED TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES TO MOVE 200 MILLION PEOPLE WE WILL NEED MORE AND SAFER AIRPORTS WE WILL NEED EFFICIENT RAPID TRANSIT SYSTEMS IN THE HEAVILY POPULATED URBAN CORRIDORS WHICH BY THEN WILL BE A DOMINANT FEATURE OF AMERICAN SEOGRAPHY. We will NEED PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES.

Stumian WE WILL NEED CLEAN AIR AND CLEAN WATER. NEITHER OF WHICH WE NOW ENJOY EVEN AS THE PHYSICAL AND CULTURAL FACILITIES OF OUR CITIES IMPROVE, WE WILL STILL NEED MORE AND BETTER LAW ENFORCEMENT. We Will need to Rebuil THINK ABOUT WAGES, LAST YEAR'S AMENDMENTS OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT INCREASED THE MINIMUM WAGE ONE DOLLAR FORTY CENTS AN HOUR AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS YEAR, AND IT WILL BE ONE DOLLAR SIXTY CENTS AN 7.60 HOUR NEXT YEAR. FOUR MILLION RETAIL STORE EMPLOYEES BENEFITTED FROM THESE INCREASES AND AN ADDITIONAL 1.5 MILLION, NEVER BEFORE COVERED BY MINIMUM WAGE LEGISLATION, NOW ENJOY THIS FUNDAMENTAL AMERICAN RIGHT. For the first time minimum wage protection was EXTENDED TO SOME AMERICAN FARMERS. Now THIS IS REAL PROGRESS.



M ORNING in the average American home is a babble of activity. The youngsters are getting ready for school. Mother is impatient to get them on their way.

But just a few generations ago the children of a typical American family would not have been hurrying to school with their faces shining in the morning light. They would have been on their way before dawn to the factory or mine, their bodies tired before they started their long work day, without any childhood memories or hope of a better life.

We often wonder if the millions of members who have joined labor unions in recent decades are aware that generations of devoted pioneer trade unionists preached, agitated, and campaigned to make possible the free public schools which today's children attend and which we take for granted as if they had been ours from the beginning of time.

Good public schools continue to occupy the attention of union members. Nowadays the mother of our "average" family may take the family car and busy herself in a campaign for a new bond issue for the expansion of the free public schools in her city after she gets the youngsters on their way.

Another major social gain made by unions was the extension of citizenship rights. In the decades before the Civil War the right to vote was denied to working people who did not own property. The early labor unions fought for the wage earners' right to vote. Gradually this battle was won. The struggle for civil rights is still with us, but this early victory gave working people a decision in how our nation should be governed. This exercise of citizenship rights has led to a broad spectrum of social gains: Old age pensions, the minimum wage law, industrial safety laws, the abolition of child labor are just a few of the causes for which unions have been the first to strive on behalf of the whole community.

Undoubtedly the best known union gains have been in the economic field. Between 1900 and 1960 home ownership increased nearly twice as fast as population growth in the United States. There is a direct causeand-effect relationship between the growth of labor unions and the increase in home ownership. A dramatic expression of this process was given in last month's ADVOCATE in an article telling of the achievements of RCIA members in California who, through union collective bargaining, increased their hourly rate of pay from 50 cents to \$2.76¹/₂ in two decades.

It is not hard to see that the difference between the 50 cent hourly rate and the $$2.76\frac{1}{2}$ one could be the difference between home ownership and nonownership; between good housing and inadequate shelter.

The effects of union gains supply the impetus for a richer life for millions: Union-won wage increases are pace setters, pulling up the income of unorganized workers throughout the nation.

The cumulative effect of these wage improvements, provided directly and indirectly by strong unions, has been the building of a mass purchasing power that is unparalleled in history. Business and industry have prospered because of this mass consumer market, and our entire economy has been strengthened.

For the most part both members of unions and the public in general do not count these blessings nor concern themselves too much with their origin. Rather they are inclined to take them for granted. On the other hand, a miscellaneous army of acrimonious critics are finding it in fashion to emphasize by recitation what is *wrong* with unions. At the same time these critics continue to enjoy the gains made for them (and for all the nation's citizens) by trade unions.

The historic achievements and the present power and influence of our unions have put into the hands of all union members a great trust. Every union member—as the present possessor of this heritage is responsible for guarding it and passing it along. This can only be done if every union member takes his responsibilities seriously, attending his local union meetings and participating in its regular program of activities.

Not only will this guard his hard-won wages and working conditions, including the dignity that comes from having an equal voice in his working conditions: He will be making a contribution to the strength of the nation.

A recognition of the achievements of strong labor unions will help us understand that local union meetings are a proven instrument of democracy where past gains may be safeguarded, ideals reaffirmed, new problems confronted, and our communities enriched.

What's good about unions? What's good about higher wages, job security, fair treatment, hospitalization, employer-paid pensions?

What's good about more time with the family, having fun, joining your neighbors and friends in their recreation?

What's good about free public schools, social security, unemployment compensation, laws forbidding child labor?

What's good about unions? It's like asking "What's good about America?" — THE EDITOR

(This editorial, which was first published in the January 1962 issue of the ADVOCATE, is reprinted by request.)



POLICY MAKERS—The members of the AFL-CIO Executive Council are shown meeting in Chicago. At this session, they devoted their major

energies to marshalling labor's forces to win a fair share for the American worker and to help keep the economy on an even keel.

AFL-CIO Council Urges "Fair Share" For Workers

UNION membership is growing in the United States at a rapid rate, the AFL-CIO Executive Council reported. During the past three years the Federation gained about 900,000 members, and its strength ow exceeds 13.5 million, not counting a million members of AFL-CIO unions in Canada. This trend is continuing, the council said, noting a gain of 247,000 in the first six months of this year.

The healthy, growing condition of the Federation was made public at the council's August meeting in Chicago.

During a busy week, the Executive Council took a close look at the problems of America's workers and their unions: Increased living costs, spiraling interest rates, employer resistance to new contract improvements, and civil rights.

Increases in the buying power of wages and salaries through both collective bargaining and national legislation are essential to overcome a serious lack of balance in the nation's economy, the council declared. In statements on the national economy and interest rates as well as in a detailed background paper, the ouncil strongly urged policies to ustain purchasing power and made a flat demand that the government roll back upward-spiraling interest rates.

The council declared that inflation in America is clearly and directly profit inflation. The result has been to wash out much of the value of workers' wage gains. Workers have not and are not receiving a fair and adequate share of the benefits of the economy's forward advance.

The council set forth a basic nine-point program of economic policies and emphasized that the major mechanism for achieving rising real earnings in America is collective bargaining. It stressed also the need to aid the working poor to increase their wage levels, for expanded coverage in the wage hour law, and for repeal of the 7 per cent business tax credit.

It stressed that high and rising business profits and the rapidly increasing productivity of the economy make possible increases in the workers' buying power without raising price levels.

In international affairs, the council commended President Johnson for demonstrating to the world that the U. S. is neither irresolute politically nor weak militarily and is ever ready to negotiate the war's end in Vietnam.

It urged the free trade unions of Latin America to work for economic integration through participation in national economic development bodies. The group rejected out of hand a campaign of vilification against the American Institute for Free Labor Development and commended the AIFLD for its work in carrying out the policies of the AFL-CIO in the international field.

The Executive Council voted to contribute \$366,000 to the Solidarity Fund of the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions and made a number of contributions to social, economic, and welfare organizations that work with the labor movement in numerous fields. In other business, the Executive Council:

• Gave new momentum to the drive to organize farm workers in California by granting a charter to the United Farm Workers Organizing Committee made up of groups that have merged their efforts in the Delano grape strike;

• Adopted a report from a subcommittee to approve creation of a council of professional workers composed of members from different unions who fall into that classification and have common objectives and problems;

• Gave its unqualified support to unions in the electrical and communications industries in their current contract negotiations; and

• Called for legislative action on minimum wage, civil rights, and truth in packaging.

The next council meeting will be held November 14 in Washington, D. C., and will feature a comprehensive review of AFL-CIO policies in the area of international affairs.

-10-FOUGHT HARD FOR IT, YOUR VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN HAD A LOT TO DO WITH THE PASSAGE OF THOSE AMENDMENTS. BUT YOU AND I KNOW THAT THIS WAS ONLY A STEP IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION, AND THAT THERE ARE MANY MORE STEPS AHEAD OF US A WORKER EARNING ONE DOLLAR FORTY CENTS AN HOUR IS CONDEMNED TO RAISE HIS FAMILY IN POVERTY ACCORDING TO PRESENT FEDERAL STANDARDS A DOLLAR AND FORTY CENTS IS BETTER THAN A DOLLAR, BUT ARE WE STILL GOING TO BE CONTENT TEN YEARS FROM NOW TO GUARANTEE OUR WORKERS NO MORE THAN A POVERTY INCOME? AND THAT IS ONE REASON WHY WE NEED Unions CTIVE, VIGOROUS LABOR UNIONS IN THE PAST, ORGANIZED LABOR HAS ALWAYS LED IN THE STRUGGLE FOR DECENT WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS.

THAT STRUGGLE MUST GO ON, AND THE UNIONS MUST CONTINUE TO LEAD. THEY MUST CONTINUE TO GROW, AND TO EXTEND THEIR HELP AND PROTECTION TO THE MILLIONS OF AMERICAN WORKERS WHO STILL LACK THE BENEFITS OF UNION MEMBERSHIP.

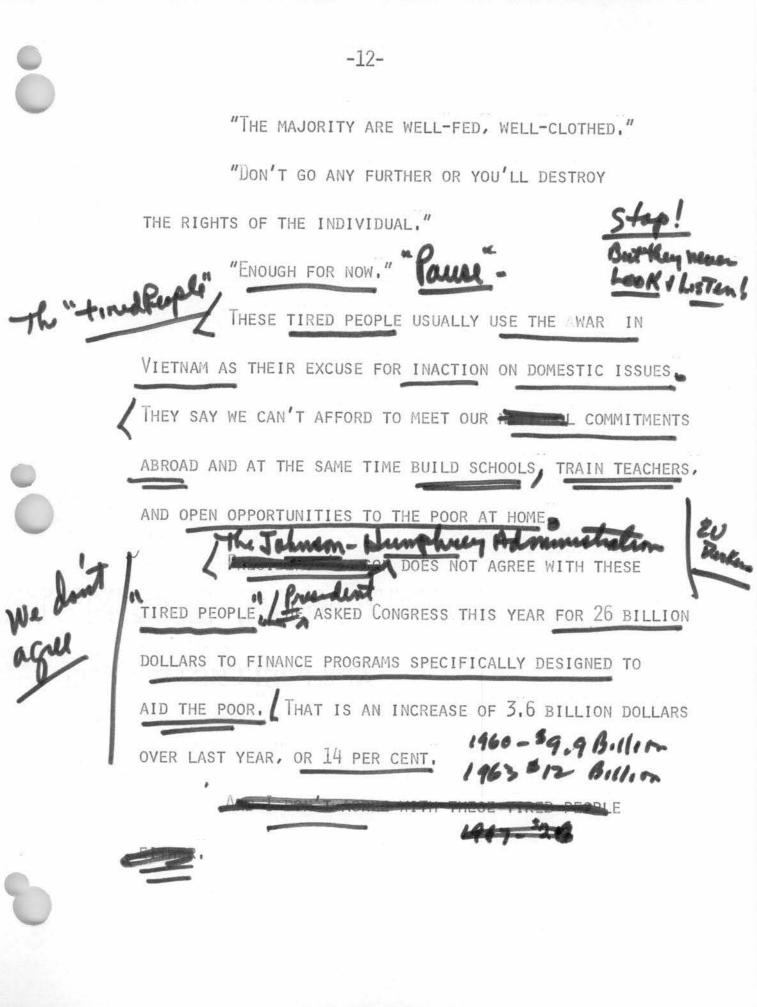
AND LET ME SAY THIS TO THE YOUNGER UNION MEMBERS: YOU HAVE A SPECIAL OBLIGATION TO CONTINUE ORGANIZED LABOR'S HISTORIC STRUGGLE FOR THE RIGHTS OF ALL WORKING MEN; FOR IT IS YOU WHO HAVE BENEFITTED MOST FROM THE HARD-FOUGHT VICTORIES OF THOSE WHO WENT BEFORE YOU.



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4	I COULD LIST DOZENS OF OTHER AREAS IN
WHICH	THE REMARKABLE SOCIAL PROGRESS OF RECENT
YEARS	HAS STILL TO BE NOURISHED, RE-ENFORCED AND
EXTEND	ED.
1 4	CIVIL RIGHTS PROGRESS IN THE LAST FEW
YEARS	HAS BEEN ENORMOUS. TOMORROW LT WILL NOT
BE ENO	UGH. TEN YEARS FROM NOW NO AMERICAN WILL
QUIETL	Y ACCEPT DISCRIMINATION OF ANY KIND
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-11-PRIVACY -- THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S RECENT LIMITATION ON THE USE OF WIRETAPPING RESENFORCES A FUNDAMENTAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT BUT WHAT OF PRIVATE BUGGING? WHAT ABOUT POLYGRAPH TESTS FOR PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYEES? DO WE SE IN OUR NATIONAL OR INDIVIDUAL FUTURES? WANT I HAVE NOT EVEN MENTIONED OUR RELATIONS WITH THE REST OF THE WORLD. A DECADE FROM NOW WE WILL BE AN EVEN MORE INTEGRAL PART OF A WORLD SOCIETY THAN WE ARE TODAY. WILL THAT SOCIETY BE ONE OF HUNGER, POVERTY, UNREST AND ANXIETY; OR WILL IT BE A SOCIETY OF HOPE, OF GROWTH, OF CONFIDENCE, OF INDIVIDUAL DIGNITY AND PEACE? Now I HEAR PEOPLE EVERY DAY, BOTH IN GOVERNMENT AND OUTSIDE, WHO SAY THAT WE HAVE DONE ENOUGH. "ROME WASN'T BUILT IN A DAY."



Cannot At WE SIMPLY CANNOT AFFORD TO HAVE ALMOST 20 PER CENT OF OUR PEOPLE LIVING IN POVERTY, UNABLE TO PURCHASE THE GOODS WE PRODUCE. DRUG STORF WHEN THE PROSPERITY OF OUR THAT TRUE TODAY WE CANNOT AFFORD TO LET THE ENERGIES AND TALENTS OF ONE NEGRO CHILD IN AN URBAN GHETTO GO UNDISCOVERED FOR LACK OF EDUCATION. WE CANNOT AFFORD TO LET ONE FARMER W HIS TIME ON A SAGGING FRONT PORCH IN THE MIDST OF UNPLANTED FIELDS BECAUSE HE CAN'T GET TOOLS, CREDIT, SEED, OR LAND OF HIS OWN. WE CANNOT AFFORD TO LET ONE YOUNGSTER END UP IN JUVENILE COURT BECAUSE HIS FATHER COULD NOT SUPPORT HIS FAMILY OR BECAUSE HIS MOTHER HAD TO WORK TO FEED HER mat offerd to litour caties Rot CHILDREN.

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Us cantoffed - Lines, hilling, hilling regulare, that, violence, and dispand IN CASE ANYONE DOUBTS THAT AN INVESTMENT IN <u>HUMAN</u> RESOURCES IS IMPORTANT TO PROSPERITY, LET ME GIVE YOU A STATISTIC.

AN ECONOMIST NAMED DENISON RECENTLY COMPLETED A STUDY OF THE REASONS FOR AMERICAN ECONOMIC GROWTH BETWEEN 1929 AND 1957, HE FOUND THAT 23 PER CENT OF THAT GROWTH WAS DUE TO AN IMPROVEMENT IN THE EDUCATIONAL LEVEL OF WORKERS, AND ANOTHER 20 PER CENT WAS DUE TO AN "ADVANCE OF KNOWLEDGE" IN GENERAL PER CENT WAS ATTRIBUTABLE TO EXPANSION OF CAPITAL EQUIPMENT. / I KNOW IT DOES NOT SURPRISE YOU TO HEAR THAT IMPROVING MEN IS WORTH MORE THAN IMPROVING MACHINES. WHILE I AM QUOTING STATISTICS, I CANNOT RESIST GIVING YOU ONE MORE.

A RECENT STUDY INDICATES THAT EVERY DOLLAR INVESTED BY GOVERNMENT -- FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL -- IN HEALTH, EDUCATION, HOUSING, THE DEVELOPMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, POLLUTION CONTROL, AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT GENERATES 2 DOLLARS 40 CENTS WORTH OF PRIVATE INVESTMENT AND ADDS 10 DOLLARS TO THE GROSS

NATIONAL PRODUCT.

THAT IS A RETURN ANY BANKER WOULD WELCOME BUT WE ARE NOT A NATION OF BANKERS. WE ARE A NATION WHICH HAS GROWN AND PROSPERED ON THE BASIS OF INDIVIDUAL OPPORTUNITY.

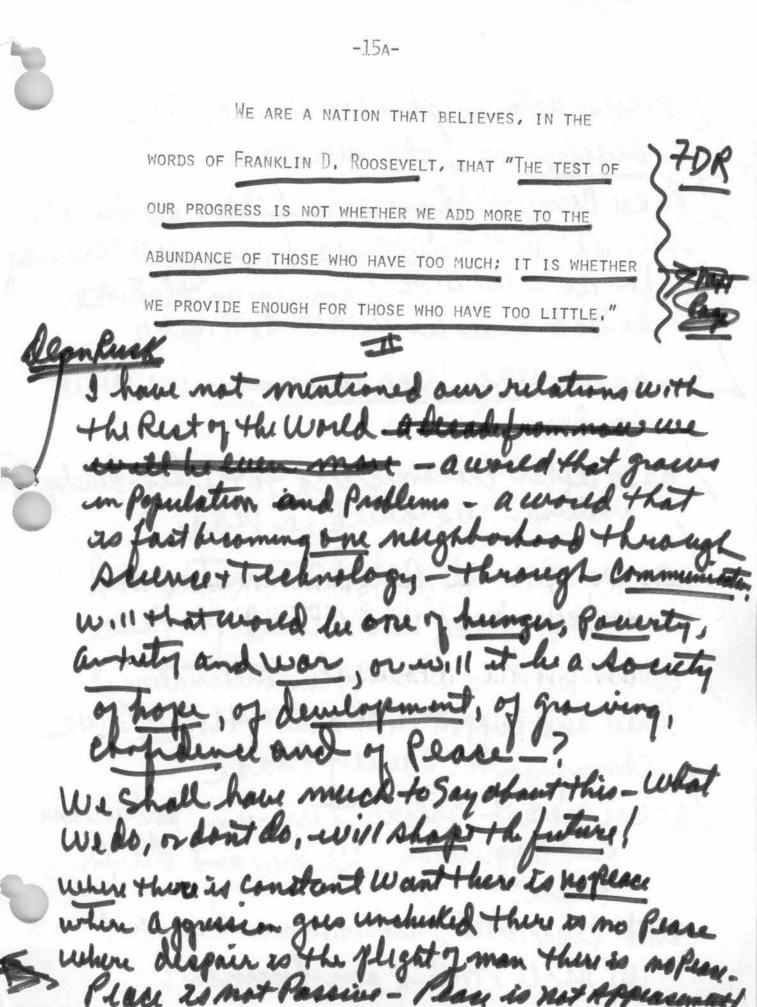
We are a NATION WHICH HAS DISCOVERED THAT THE ASSURANCE OF FULL HUMAN RIGHTS AND OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL DOES NOT DETRACT FROM THE WELL-BEING OF THE MAJORITY, BUT RATHER ENHANCES IT.

We are a NATION WHICH HAS SLOWLY AND PAINFULLY FOUGHT TO INSURE THOSE RIGHTS AND OPPORTUNITIES, NOT BECAUSE OF AN ECONOMIC RETURN BUT BECAUSE THEY ARE RIGHT.

We are a nation that believes in the Wordsong Fil The Testy are progress is not whether we add augh Inth

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Peace so not presive; it is not appeariment Gence is Action - It is Terrelignent - It is in the maline Truend nome - is the Charter male bits, m firmores in the Right as god guesus to Reeth R. git (-centerman) So, as we wagewarm hunger we work In Prace as we open Odanamic and Technical asentine en build for feare! as we primate self-attermination and independence, we standfor place 1 as we comagerashy resist aggression subursion and terrorism - cule ling and die In Peace -Imi Piere is Freedom - iti His Sortal Turke



L'Pravis action; It is comitment; it is Development I this what its L Peace Comesto than who believe as Lincoln believed " with malice toward nome; with charity for all - but with furmers in the Right as Dod Grees us to such Right " L'So as we wage warmhunger we work for Pear Las un affer Economic and to the less during g Las we promete Relfactionination and margindince, we stand for peace Lasur seek to stringthin international Champion the cause of Peace Lasure resist visline, Terrorian, Anhurim and aggrission, we live and deefor and Prase with fuedom as our huimen! We shall mand am business &

WE HAVE ACCOMPLISHED A GREAT DEAL, BUT THE JOB IS UNFINISHED. IF WE STOP NOW, THE PROUD PROGRESS OF TODAY WILL SURELY BECOME THE DISMAL INADEQUACY OF no stopping ! TOMORROW, -THE TIRED PEOPLE ARE SUFFERING FROM SOMETHING GERITOL WON'T FIX, IT IS A PERMANENT INCLINATION TO LIKE THE PRESENT BETTER THAN THEY EXPECT TO LIKE THE FUTURE, AND TO LIKE THE PAST EVEN BETTER THAN THAT. THEY ARE NEVER QUITE ABLE TO CATCH UP, JUST AS THEY ARE GRUDGINGLY ABOUT TO ACCEPT THE SLIPS INTO THE PAST, " Has I OTHEPS well, I AM NOT TOO TIRED TO CARRY ON THE STRUGGLE FOR A BETTER FUTURE YOUR ADMINISTRATION IS NOT TOO TIRED TO CARRY IT ON.

Retail cluts are AND I KNOW THE NOT TOO TIRED. JIM SUFFRIDGE PRESIDENT'S NATIONAL ADVICODY CONNELL tured - He's restles zonat HAS A LONG AND OUTSTANDING RECORD OF ENERGETIC DETERMINATION TO MEET THE KIND OF CHALLENGES I HAVE DISCUSSED, WHAT NO DOUBT THAT THIS NATION WILL CONTINUE TO MOVE FORWARD TO FULFILL THE PROMISE OF AMERICAN DEMOCRACY. nation, under Hod, Indiwicht mas walfer # 10 its liberty and funter frall !" " One

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