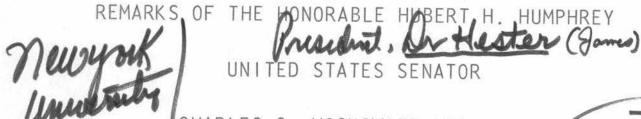
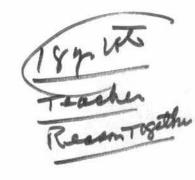
YOUNG AMERICA IN THE



UNITED STATES SENATOR

CHARLES C. MOSKOWITZ LECTURE NEW YORK UNIVERSITY NEW YORK, N. Y. JANUARY 25, 1971



THE "NOW GENERATION" HAS ITS WORK CUT OUT FOR IT YOU YOUNG PEOPLE HERE TODAY WERE BORN INTO A WHIRLWIND. AS YOUNGSTERS YOU WERE SUBJECTED TO MORE DIVERSE AND RAPID PHYSICAL AND PSYCHIC STIMULATION BETWEEN BIRTH AND FIVE THAN YOUR PARENTS RECEIVED IN THEIR FIRST TWENTY YEARS. YOU MUST ASSIMILATE A WORLD OF FACTS FROM A WORLD THAT ITSELF IS SUFFERING FROM "FUTURE SHOCK."

THE ONLY MODERN DAY LEONARDO, SANS CREATIVITY, IS THE MOST UP-TO-DATE AND INFORMED COMPUTER. I WOULDN'T BE SURPRISED IF SOME OF THESE ELECTRONIC RENAISSANCE ROBOTS ACTUALLY SPORT THE NAME.

YOU MAY NOT HAVE READILY AVAILABLE THE TIME FOR REFLECTION & YOU MAY NOT HAVE ACCESSIBLE THE KIND OF ATMOSPHERE CONDUCIVE TO "SWEET SILENT THOUGHT" AND THE "REMEMBRANCE OF THINGS PAST." (SHAKESPEARE-SONNET XXX).

BUT YOU MUST FIND THE TIME AND THE PLACE FOR ABSORBING NOT ONLY THE DATA OF YOUR GENERATION BUT FOR UNDERSTANDING RELATIONSHIPS; FEELING THE PULSE OF LOVE AND LIFE AND ITS MEANING TO YOU, AND FOR LEARNING THE LESSONS OF THE PAST.

ing that Knoull Wastern! Without Know YOU ALL KNOW THE SANTAYANA QUOTE ABOUT REPEATING THE MISTAKES OF THE PAST THE LINES HAVE BECOME ALMOST A CLICHE TODAY. BUT THE TRUTH OF WHAT THE PHILOSOPHERY IS NO LESS PATENT BECAUSE WE HAVE HEARD THE PHRASE TO THE POINT ENNUI THE LESSON I WOULD LIKE TO DISCUSS TODAY IS GLOBAL. IT IS THE LESSON THE "NOW GENERATION" MUST LEARN SWIFTLY AND FULLY FROM THE "THEN GENERATION." IT IS THE LESSON OF WAR THE WAR IN VIETNAM HAS ALREADY MARKED ITS QUARTER-CENTURY AND AMERICAN INVOLVEMENT NOW COMPRISES A FULL DECADE.

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IT HAS COST US MORE THAN 45,000 AMERICAN LIVES, and almost 30000 cannetter MORE THAN \$115 BILLION OF AMERICAN WEALTH, AND DIVISION AND DISCORD AT HOME THAN WE CAN BEAR

HO LUNGER.

WE ENTERED THE WAR A CONFIDENT NATION CONCERNED WITH OUR ABILITY TO FOSTER PEACE AND SECURITY IN MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD; WE ARE LEAVING IT A NATION UNCERTAIN OF OURSELVES, UNCERTAIN OF THE FUTURE, UNCERTAIN OF OUR PLACE IN THE WORLD. THIS COMING OUT OF WAR IS A DIFFICULT TIME: ALEXIS DE TOCQUEVILLE CALLED IT "THE MOST IMPORTANT TIME IN THE LIFE OF A COUNTRY."

WHAT HAVE WE LEARNED? WHAT LESSONS HAVE WE BOUGHT IN BLOOD IN SOUTHEAST ASIA? WHAT WILL WE THINK AND DO NOW THAT DIFFERS FROM OUR POSTURE

OF A DECADE AGO?

THESE ARE NOT SIMPLE QUESTIONS, AND THEY DO NOT HAVE SIMPLE ANSWERS & BUT WE DO KNOW THAT THE VIETNAM WAR HAS CAUSED SOMETHING TO HAPPEN IN AMERICA. LIT HAS CHANGED OUR COUNTRY AND OUR PEOPLE , LIT HAS COMPELLED US TO RE-EXAMINE OUR ROLE IN THE WORLD; TO SEE IN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE WHAT WE HAVE DONE; AND TO ASK WHAT ONE OUT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PEACE AND SECURITY AND TODAY in the future . TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO, WE WERE NEARING THE END OF A BITTER AND COSTLY WORLD WAR. WE LOOKED FORWARD HOPEFULLY TO A NEW WORLD AT PEACE .. WE HAD A DREAM OF ALLIED AMITY AND COOPERATION, AND OF STRONG MORAL LIMITS ON THE USE OF POWER --LIMITS TO BE OBSERVED BY ALL NATIONS,

AMERICA HAD THE MEANS AND THE WILL TO SAVE MUCH OF THE WORLD EITHER FROM A NEW TYRANNY IMPOSED BY MILITARY FORCE, OR FROM THE RAVAGES OF ECONOMIC COLLAPSE AND A WIDESPREAD POVERTY OF THE HUMAN SPIRIT.

WE RESOLVED NOT TO REPEAT OUR MISTAKE OF THE 1920S, WE ACCEPTED THE ROLE OF INTERNATIONAL RESPONSIBILITY, WE REFUSED TO TURN OUR BACKS ON EUROPE AND OTHER PARTS OF THE WORLD THAT DESPERATELY NEEDED OUR AID, WE WERE DETERMINED TO HOLD OFF THE RETURN OF ISOLATION, AND WE WORKED DILIGENTLY TO BUILD STRUCTURES OF COLLECTIVE SECURITY THAT WOULD BRING ORDER OUT OF NEAR CHAOS.

000904 THIS MASSIVE EFFORT - ONE WHICH WE HAD NO CHOICE TO INTITATE -- TOOK US SUDDENLY INTO A NEW AND OFTEN CONFUSING ERA IN OUR HISTORY, WE ABANDONED ALMOST OVERNIGHT THE MOST BASIC TENET OF OUR FOREIGN POLICY: TO BEWARE OF ENTANGLING ALLIANCES, L OUR NEW INVOLVEMENT - INCLUDING OUR REPUDIATION OF ISOLATIONISM - WAS UNDERSCORED BY OUR LEADERSHIP IN CREATING THE UNITED NATIONS, IN FORGING THE NATO ALLIANCE, AND IN VAST INVESTMENTS IN FOREIGN AID, TODAY OUR NETWORK OF COMMITMENTS STRETCHES AROUND THE WORLD, AND INVOLVES ALLIANCES WITH 43 DIFFERENT NATIONS . IN LESS THAN THREE DECADES -- AN "INSTANT OF TIME IN MAN'S HISTORY - WE GREW FROM PROVINCIAL STATE TO SUPER-POWER, WITH THE GREATEST PHYSICAL AND ECONOMIC POWER THE WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN.

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THERE WAS NO PRECEDENT FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT INO OTHER NATION HAS BEEN REQUIRED TO DO -- AND LEARN SO MUCH IN SO LITTLE TIME, AND I BELIEVE THAT WE MET THE DEMANDS PLACED UPON US WITH A SURPRISING DEGREE OF SOPHISTICATION AND SUCCESS, WE USED OUR POWER AND GENEROUSLY SHARED OUR RESOURCES TO BRING POLITICAL STABILITY AND ECONOMIC RECOVERY TO NATIONS RAVAGED BY WORLD WAR II, WE PROVIDED A SHIELD OF PROTECTION BEHIND WHICH OTHER PEOPLES AND NATIONS COULD ONCE AGAIN STAND STRONG AND RENEWED, WE MET THE FIERCE FORCE OF AGGRESSION IN KOREA. WE SOUGHT TO BRING STABILITY TO THE MIDDLE EAST. WE EXTENDED OUR POWER AND RESOURCES BIT BY BIT INTO SOUTHEAST ASIA UNTIL WE WERE ENGULFED IN A STRANGE AND CRUEL WAR THAT DEFIED ALL NORMS OF CONVENTIONAL WARFARE .

THAT WAR IN VIETNAM HAS BROUGHT WITH IT SUCH DISILLUSIONMENT AND DISCORD THAT MANY AMERICANS OF EVERY POLITICAL PERSUASION NOW QUESTION ANEW ALL UNITED STATES OVERSEAS INVOLVEMENTS. BUT WE MUST NOT LET OUR EXPERIENCE IN VIETNAM OBSCURE THE FACT THAT FOR TWENTY-FIVE YEARS WE HELPED PRESERVE THE WORLD FROM A MAJOR WAR AND, IN PARTICULAR, FROM A NUCLEAR HOLOCAUST.

WHAT COSTLY LESSONS HAVE WE LEARNED FROM THE SORROW OF VIETNAM, WE HAVE LEARNED ABOVE ALL THAT WE MUST NOW CAREFULLY ASSESS ALL OF OUR NATIONAL INTERESTS. WE LEARNED THAT WE MUST NOT BECOME DEEPLY INVOLVED WHERE WE HAVE LITTLE AT STAKE, OR WHERE OUR OWN SECURITY CAN BE PROTECTED BY OTHER MEANS THAN ARMED INTERVENTION. - 10 -000907

THIS IS ONE LESSON OF VIETNAM -- THE SIGNAL LESSON -- BUT IT IS MORE IT ALSO REFLECTS A NEW SENSE IN AMERICA THAT WE MUST TURN OUR MINDS AND TALENTS, AND DIRECT OUR RESOURCES, TO PRESSING NEEDS AT HOME.

THE TRADITIONAL LINE DIVIDING DOMESTIC FROM FOREIGN AFFAIRS HAS BECOME AS INDISTINCT AS A LINE DRAWN THROUGH WATER, THIS MEANS THAT OUR PLACE IN THE WORLD, AND THE NATURE OF OUR OWN SOCIETY, HAVE BECOME INDIVISIBLE. COUR STRUCTURE OF COMMON DEFENSE AND SECURITY COULD PROVE TO BE ONLY A HARD OUTER SHELL THAT COULD COLLAPSE ON AN EMPTY CENTER UNLESS WE BRING NEW STRENGTH TO AREAS OF OUR INTERNAL LIFE THAT ARE THREATENED - as we see am En Pullited and lamaged : our citie rotting ; our siptim 7 Education and Health care g

000908 PAGE IOA THERE ARE GROWING FEARS THAT THIS NEW QUESTIONING OF OUR INVOLVEMENT IN THE WORLD WILL LEAD US TO ANOTHER PERIOD OF ISOLATION THEY HAVE ABANDON OUR ROLE OF INTERNATIONAL INVOLVEMENT AND RETURN TO ISOLATION AND FORTRESS AMERICA. / OUR ALLIES IN EUROPE ARE ESPECIALLY CONCERNED; AND THEIR FEARS ARE FOSTERED BY MISGUIDED EFFORTS IN THE UNITED STATES TO REGARD ALL OF OUR SEPARATE COMMITMENTS INTHE WORLD AS INDIVISIBLE -- SEEING IN OUR DISENGAGEMENT FROM VIETNAM THE THREAT THAT WE WILL ABANDON EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST AS WELL.

- 11 - 000909 (NOTHING COULD BE MORE ABSURD, COOD909 IMPOSSIBLE FOR US TO ISOLATE OURSELVES PHYSICALLY, Petitud FROM THE REST OF THE WORLD. THE FACTS OF COMMUNICATIONS, TRANSPORT, TRADE, AND THE TRAVELS OF OUR PEOPLE HAVE RULED THAT OUT, NOT JUST FOR NOW BUT FOR ALL TIME, VET THERE IS A DANGER OF A NEW MORAL ISOLATION, BROUGHT ABOUT IN PART BY OUR FAILURE TO SEE THAT RECOVERY AND PROSPERITY AS FOUND IN EUROPE, DOES NOT MEAN THAT THE JOB IS DONE. Remain & WE CAN -- AND WE MUST -- READJUST THE SCALE AND NATURE OF OUR INVOLVEMENTS, AND MANAGE THESE CHANGES INTELLIGENTLY , BUT WE MUST BE CAREFUL NOT TO ACT IN HASTE, NOT TO EXPLORE A SHORT-SIGHTED AND ULTIMATELY FUTILE MORAL DISENGAGEMENT FROM THE WORLD.

- 12 - 000910

IN RECENT YEARS, WE HAVE SEEN THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CENTRAL PARADOX: THAT WHILE WE AND THE SOVIET UNION HAVE BECOME MORE POWERFUL IN STRICTLY MILITARY TERMS, OUR ABILITY TO USE THIS POWER HAS BECOME MORE LIMITED WE MUST NOT UNDERESTIMATE THE LATENT POWER AND EFFECTS OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS. L BUT NOW, AT A TIME OF MUTUAL DETERRENCE, THEIR MYSTIQUE IS DWINDLING AND OTHER EXPRESSIONS OF POWER ARE EMERGING IN COMPETITION WITH THEM. WE ARE LIVING IN A NEW AGE OF PLURALISM:

-- THE BONDS OF ALLIANCES ARE WEAKENING, BOTH IN THE WEST AND IN THE COMMUNIST WORLD;

-- SINO-SOVIET RIVALRY HAS BECOME A THREAT TO PEACE, AND FIRM EVIDENCE THAT THE COMMUNIST MONOLITH IS NO MORE.

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-- THE GAME OF WORLD POLITICS NOW HAS A HOST OF NEW PLAYERS IN THE DEVELOPING WORLD; AND

-- INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES ARE MAKING NEW DIPLOMATIC APPROACHES AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH LITTLE REFERENCE TO THE SUPER-POWERS THAT ONCE WERE VIRTUALLY THE SOLE CUSTODIANS OF SECURITY.

THE PLAIN FACT IS THAT, IN THE WORLD OF TODAY, THERE IS A MUCH GREATER PLAY OF OTHER POWER FORCES --ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL. AND THERE IS THE EMERGENCE OF NEW PROBLEMS, SUCH AS THE GROWING DIVISION BETWEEN RICH NATIONS AND POOR, THAT HAVE LITTLE RELATION TO MILITARY MIGHT L EFFECTIVE ACTION IN THE WORLD NOW OFTEN MEANS THE APPLICATION OF WEALTH, TALENT, AND IDEALS --NOT JUST BY THE SUPER-POWERS, BUT BY MANY NATIONS.

IN THESE CHANGED CIRCUMSTANCES, HOW CAN WE DEVELOP A NEW ROLE FOR THE UNITED STATES IN THE WOULD HELP TO BUILD PEACE, STABILITY AND ORDERED CHANGE? TO A GREAT EXTENT, THE ANSWER TO THESE QUESTIONS WILL DEPEND ON OUR ABILITY TO DEVELOP NEW METHODS AND APPROACHES THAT ARE ROOTED LESS IN OUR MILITARY POWER AND MORE IN WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER OTHER NATIONS IN IDEAS, RESOURCES, AND EXPERIENCE. + / BUT FIRST AND FOREMOST, WE MUST HEEP PRESERVE LIFE ITSELF FROM THE THREAT OF NUCLEAR WAR. THIS IS NO SIMPLE OR PREORDAINED PROCESS; WE CANNOT TAKE FOR GRANTED OUR SURVIVAL IN THE NUCLEAR AGE.

IN THE LAST FEW YEARS, WE MANAGED TO ADD A SMALL MEASURE OF STABILITY TO THE MAD BALANCE OF NUCLEAR ARMAMENTS: A MUTUAL DETERRENCE THAT HAS MADE EACH OF US AS MUCH A CUSTODIAN OF THE OTHER'S BASIC SECURITY AS WE ARE OF OUR OWN. THIS MUTUAL DETERRENCE IS BASED ON HEALTHY DISTRUST, BUT IT IS SECURED BY THE EVIDENCE OF RECONNAISSANCE SATELLITES AND OTHER MEANS OF UNILATERAL

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INSPECTION,

ZTHIS WAS A NOVEL DEVELOPMENT -- UNPRECEDENTED --BUT IT WAS AND IS NECESSARY FOR EITHER RUSSIA OR THE UNITED STATES -- INDEED, FOR ANYONE IN THE WORLD -- TO SURVIVE THE NUCLEAR AGE.

TODAY, WE ARE RAPIDLY ENTERING A PERIOD OF NEW SUPER-WEAPONS IN WHICH WE WILL NO LONGER BE SURE OF DETERRING THE RUSSIANS AND -- AS STRANGE AS IT MAY SEEM TO US -- THEY WILL HAVE SIMILAR DOUBTS ABOUT THEIR ABILITY TO DETER US

SALT) (afen Muntin)

SEEM TO HAVE COME TO AN IMPASSE, I HOPE THIS IS NOT THE CASE AND THAT THERE WILL BE AGREEMENTS FORTHCOMING THAT WILL LIMIT BOTH STRATEGIC AND DEFENSIVE MUCLEAR DELIVERY SYSTEMS. SOVIET REDUCTIONS IN THE RATE OF SS-9

DEPLOYMENT AND THE OBSOLETE NATURE OF SS-9 ABM OR GALOSH SYSTEM, WOULD SEEM TO BE SIGNS OF A DESIRE ON THE PART OF MOSCOW TO AT LEAST NEGOTIATE IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF DEESCALATION. CONGRESSIONAL LIMITATION OF THE ABM AND DECLARATIONS ON LIMITING THE INVOLVEMENT OF U. S. TROOPS IN CONFLICT ABROAD HAVE ALSO GIVEN THE NOD FROM THE UNITED STATES FOR AGREEMENTS OF SUBSTANCE AND SCOPE.

- 17 - 000915

THE DETAILS OF CURRENT SOVIET AND U. S. PROPOSALS CANNOT BE DISCUSSED WITH ANY ACCURACY, AND I DO NOT PROPOSE TO TALK ABOUT HYPOTHETICALS HERE TODAY, HOWEVER, NOW THAT MIRV HAS BEGUN TO BE DEPLOYED ON BOTH US-MUSSIC POSEIDON AND MINUTEMAN II, THE NEGOTIATORS MUST MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO REACH AGREEMENTS THAT ARE RECIPROCAL.

DO NOT THINK THAT WE HAVE THE LUXURY OF TIME OR OPPORTUNITY TO REJECT A LIMITED BAN OR CURTAIL-MENT OF ANY SYSTEM, AND INSIST ON A COMPREHENSIVE AGREEMENT . THIS WOULD BE THE IDEAL; HOWEVER, WE MUST NOT REJECT MAKING SOME PROGRESS IF AGREEMENT CANNOT BE REACHED ON ALL SYSTEMS 🕳 WE HAVE VALUABLE PRECEDENTS TO SUPPORT PRESIDENTIAL OVERTURES OF A CONCILIATORY NATURE. Z IN 1958, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER OFFERED TO HALT AMERICAN TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR FROM THE BEGINNING OF NEGOTIATIONS ON A FORMAL TREATY, IF THE UNITED KINGDOM AND THE SOVIET UNION WOULD FOLLOW SUIT. THIS MUTUAL MORATORIUM WAS PRESERVED FOR NEARLY THREE YEARS.

L IN 1963, PRESIDENT KENNEDY AGAIN ORDERED A HALT TO TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, AND PROPOSED TO MAINTAIN THE BAN SO LONG AS THE RUSSIANS DID LIKEWISE, THEY RESPONDED, AND THE RESULT WAS THE HISTORIC TEST-BAN TREATY -- A PROPOSAL I HAD LONG URGED. TODAY, I CALL UPON PRESIDENT NIXON TO HALT DEPLOYMENT OF ABM AND DELAY FURTHER DEPLOYMENT OF MIRV LIKE PRESIDENT KENNEDY, HE HOLDS IN HIS HANDS THE KEYS TO ARMS CONTROL -- OR TO AN UNCERTAIN WORLD OF MUTUAL TERROR.

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000917

WE WOULD RUN NO SERIOUS RISKS; AND WE COULD ALWAYS CONTINUE OUR PROGRAMS IF THE RUSSIANS FAILED TO RESPOND.

- 20 - 000018

BUT EVEN IF WE DO SUCCEED -- EVEN IF WE DO STOP THE DANGEROUS AND DESTABILIZING WEAPONS NOW BEING PREPARED BY BOTH SIDES, THERE WILL BE OTHER TERRIFYING WEAPONS IN THE FUTURE.

THIS PROSPECT INCREASES THE IMPORTANCE OF THE SALT TALKS I WE MUST WORK PATIENTLY WITH THE SOVIET UNION TO ACHIEVE ONE COMMON GOAL: CONTINUED SURVIVAL IN A WORLD WHERE NUCLEAR

FROM NOW ON, WE MUST BOTH BASE MUCH OF OUR SECURITY ON <u>GREATER POLITICAL</u> UNDERSTANDING, OR WE WILL HAVE NO <u>SECURITY</u> AT ALL.

PAGE 20A 000919 L I DO NOT ARGUE THAT WE CAN TRUST THE RUSSIANS IN ALL OF OUR RELATIONS WITH THEM. WE CANNOT: THEY ARE STILL NOT PREPARED TO CONSIDER AGREEMENTS WITH US OR WITH OUR ALLIES IN MANY AREAS OF THE WORLD IN WHICH COMPETITION AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST COULD STILL HAVE (m.c.) DEADLY CONSEQUENCES, BUT UNLESS WE TRANSFORM SOVIET-AMERICAN RELATIONS IN THE CRITICAL AREA OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, WE MAY NOT LIVE TO DEBATE OTHER QUESTIONS OF SERIOUS BUT LESSER IMPORTANCE / THIS WILL REQUIRE A NEW DIPLOMACY, MANAGED WITH SKILL AND PATIENCE, AND EXTENDING FAR BEYOND THE SALT TALKS WE MUST RECOGNIZE THAT THERE IS NO EASY EXIT FROM THE MANY DILEMMAS FACING US; WE MUST TAKE FULL ACCOUNT OF THE INTERESTS OF OUR ALLIES, IN EUROPE AND ELSEWHERE; AND WE MUST SEEK WAYS TO TURN ALL ASPECTS OF OUR RELATIONSHIP WITH 22

- 21 -

THE SOVIET UNION FROM THE STERILE BYWAYS OF MILITARY CONFRONTATION INTO THE MORE HOPEFUL PATHS OF POLITICAL ACCOMMODATION WE COULD USEFULLY BEGIN REGULAR ANNUAL WORKING MEETINGS AT THE HIGHEST LEVEL BETWEEN AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN LEADERS, AND WE SHOULD EXPAND TRADE RELATIONS, CULTURAL CONTACTS, AND THE SEARCH FOR PEACEFUL ENGAGEMENT in many areas 7 A Commune, Technology. His must be a first the a first t THE 1970'S DEMAND OUR ATTENTION; OTHER FACTORS WILL INFLUENCE WHAT THE UNITED STATES CAN USEFULLY DO IN THE WORLD.

MOST IMPORTANT AMONG THESE IS THE EMERGENCE OF CHINA AS A MAJOR POWER IN ASIA, (TODAY, CHINESE POWER IS STILL MORE PSYCHOLOGICAL THAN FACTUAL, ALTHOUGH IT IS GROWING, IT WOULD BE A FATAL ERROR IF WE LET IGNORANCE AND UNREASONING FEAR IN THE FACE OF FUTURE CHINESE MILITARY POWER CLOSE THE DOOR TO POLITICAL UNDERSTANDINGS WITH PEKING WE MUST DO ALL WE CAN TO END THE ISOLATION OF CHINA, HELPING TO BRING HER INTO THE COMMUNITY OF NATIONS, FREE FROM PARANOIA AND COMMITTED TO RESPECTING THE LEGITIMATE RIGHTS OF HER NEIGHBORS, AN ISOLATED CHINA IS A DANGER TO ALL THE WORLD; A CHINA THAT IS INVOLVED WITH THE OUTSIDE WORLD WILL STILL POSE PROBLEMS, AND PERHAPS EVEN THREATS OF A SERIOUS NATURE, BUT AT LEAST THERE WILL BE SOME HOPE THAT ACCOMMODATION WILL REPLACE ANTAGONISM.

- 22 -

- 23 - 000922 LTHE RESUMPTION OF AMERICAN-CHINESE DISCUSSIONS IN WARSAW A HOPEFUL DEVELOPMENT.

LTHEY ARE MODEST BEGINNINGS; AND THEY WILL NOT BE ENOUGH , WE MUST ALSO REALIZE THAT THE LEGACY OF EMBITTERED CHINESE-AMERICAN RELATIONS WILL NOT BE OVERCOME IN A YEAR, OR PERHAPS EVEN IN A DECADE WE CAN DO MUCH TO COME TO TERMS WITH CHINA, AND COME TO TERMS WITH OURSELVES REGARDING CHINA, LYET IT MAY WELL TAKE YEARS BEFORE THESE EFFORTS PRODUCE A VISIBLE CHANGE IN OUR RELATIONS, BEFORE CHINA WILL RESPOND TO OUR EFFORTS . COUR INITIATIVES -- ALWAYS TAKEN IN FULL CONSULTATION WITH OUR ALLIES -- CAN 🖌

pland LEAD TO THE EVENTUAL DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION OF

CHINA AND HER ADMISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS. THIS

Development in ASIA RESTS WITH THE ASIAN NATIONS

LINEY MUST TAKE THE LEAD, IT IS THEY WHO BEST UNDERSTAND THEMSELVES -- THEIR PAST AND THEIR HOPES FOR THE FUTURE LWE SHOULD BE PREPARED TO COOPERATE -- TO BE A HELPFUL PARTNER, NOT A DOMINATING FORCE LWE DO HAVE AN INTEREST IN ASIA -- BUT WE ARE NOT AN ASIAN POWER. WE ARE A PACIFIC POWER. -24A-

000924

CHIEF AMONG THESE ASIAN NATIONS IS JAPAN, WITH WHOM WE HAVE STRONG TIES, THESE TIES MUST BE CONTINUED AND EXPANDED AS THE BEST HOPE OF PROMOTING DEVELOPMENT AND STABILITY IN ASIA WITHOUT HOLDING THE RING OURSELVES.

JAPAN IS UNIQUELY SITUATED. SHE IS THE MOST POWERFUL ASIAN COUNTRY -- NOT IN MILITARY MIGHT OR IN NUCLEAR WEAPONS, BUT IN ECONOMIC STRENGTH, Shehw THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE CONTINENT AND ITS DIVERSE CULTURES, WIDESPREAD TRADING PARTNERSHIPS, AND AN INVENTIVE APPROACH TO NEW PROBLEMS.

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A LEADING ROLE IN HELPING ASIA TO ENTER A ERA OF POLITICAL, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. WHATEVER ROLE WE PLAY IN SOUTHEAST ASIA SHOULD CAREFULLY FOLLOW THREE GUIDELINES: SELF-HELP; REGIONAL AND MULTILATERAL ASSISTANCE; AND SELECTIVE AMERICAN INVOLVEMENT:

-- FIRST, LOCAL COUNTRIES MUST MANIFEST A WILLINGNESS TO HELP THEMSELVES; BOTH TO PROVIDE SECURITY AND TO UNDERTAKE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT; AND THEY MUST HAVE THE COURAGE TO ORGANIZE THEIR OWN AFFAIRS IN WAYS THAT WILL PROVIDE THEM WITH A STABLE BASIS FOR GOVERNING: - 26 - 000926

-- SECOND, PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR HELPING INDIVIDUAL NATIONS PROVIDE FOR THEIR SECURITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SHOULD REST WITH THE NATIONS IN THE AREA AND WITH MULTILATERAL AND REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND;

-- THIRD, AMERICAN HELP SHOULD BE SELECTIVE AND CAREFULLY MEASURED _ OUR EFFORTS MUST BE JUSTIFIED BY OUR OWN INTERESTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES; AND THEY SHOULD BE CONCENTRATED ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT THROUGH MULTILATERAL MEANS, (WE ARE NO LONGER THE ONLY SOURCE OF HELP AGAINST THREATS TO THE SECURITY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA, OR AGAINST POVERTY. 4 HOPEFUL DEVELOPMENTS THERE WILL BE LASTING ONLY IF THEY SPRING FROM EFFORTS BY LOCAL COUNTRIES, AND IF THEY COMMAND BROAD POPULAR SUPPORT.

changemente order, + order, wir Red - 27 - 000927 L OUR EXPERIENCE IN SOUTHEAST ASIA POINTS TO A CENTRAL DILEMMA IN FOREIGN POLICY: THE DIFFICULTY OF RECONCILING STABILITY WITH CHANGE L TODAY, WE RECOGNIZE THAT THE STABILITY OF SOVIET-AMERICAN RELATIONS IS NECESSARY FOR THE SURVIVAL OF THE WORLD & BUT WE ALSO RECOGNIZE THAT UNLESS THERE CAN BE CHANGE IN THE WORLD -- ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND POLITICAL CHANGE WITHIN COUNTRIES AND IN INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY -- THEN STABILITY, ITSELF, WILL PROVE FRUITLESS AND SELF-DEFEATING WE MUST FIND NEW WAYS TO PROMOTE CHANGE WITHIN

A FRAMEWORK OF ORDER, OR THE FUTURE OF THE WORLD

WILL BE TYRANNIZED BY EITHER ANARCHY OR REPRESSION.

WE CAN BEGIN BY SUPPORTING EFFORTS WITHIN CONFRONTATION, TO A NEW EUROPEAN COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS EMBRACING THE ENTIRE CONTINENT THE UNITED STATES NO LONGER HAS THE DOMINATING VOICE IN EUROPEAN POLITICS; NOR Should WE WISH IT BUT WE ARE A EUROPEAN POWER, DEEPLY INVOLVED IN PROVIDING SECURITY AND CONFIDENCE, WITHOUT WHICH THERE WOULD BE NO HOPE OF CHANGE

-27 A -

THERE IS A MOVEMENT IN THE UNITED STATES Share of the commitment to nato before WE WORK OUT FIRM UNDERSTANDINGS WITH ALL NATIONS IN EUROPE -- EAST AND WEST -- ON THE FUTURE OF THE CONTINENT

- 27 B- well, as Lavert, 000929 WOULD THIS BE WISE WILL NOT ACHIEVE MUTUAL AND BALANCED FORCE REDUCTIONS IF WE ACT FIRST AND ALONE , WE WILL NOT CONVINCE THE SOVIET UNION TO ACCEPT RULES OF CIVILIZED BEHAVIOR IN EASTERN EUROPE, IF WE LOSE INTEREST IN EUROPEAN AFFAIRS; WE WILL NOT REASSURE OUR ALLIES THAT WE ARE CONCERNED WITH THE FUTURE OF EUROPE, IF WE ARE INSENSITIVE TO THEIR ANXIETIES AND NEEDS

WE MUST SHOW THAT OUR PARTNERSHIP WITH EUROPE REALLY MEANS SOMETHING, AND SUPPORT EFFORTS TO RESOLVE THE DIVISION OF THE CONTINENT,

A PART OF THE NEW DIPLOMACY: -- WE SHOULD ENCOURAGE OUR ALLIES IN THEIR PROPOSAL FOR A EUROPEAN SECURITY CONFERENCE, AND REALIZE THAT THIS CONFERENCE CAN BE PART OF THE POLITICAL PROCESS THAT DAM HELP ACHIEVE WHAT WE WANT -- TROOP REDUCTIONS THROUGHOUT EUROPE

000030

-- WE SHOULD MAKE CONSULTATION, PARTICULARLY ON FORCE LEVELS, A REAL ON-GOING EFFORT --WITH REGULAR MEETINGS AT THE HIGHEST LEVEL --NOT A VEHICLE FOR SHOWMANSHIP AND AMERICAN LECTURING TO OUR EUROPEAN ALLIES:

000931 WE SHOULD -LATERAL POLITICAL CONTACTS BETWEEN OUR ALLIES AND THE NATIONS OF THE WARSAW PACT, INCLUDING WEST GERMAN EFFORTS TO IMPROVE RELATIONS WITH THE Source can states ; umon and the Eastern Europ -- WE SHOULD WORK FOR EXPANDED TRADE AND CULTURAL RELATIONS BETWEEN EAST AND WEST: -- AND WE SHOULD HELP TO MAKE THE NATO ALLIANCE AN INTERNATIONAL INSTRUMENT FOR PEACEFUL ENGAGEMENT, NOT A RIGID INSTITUTION COMMITTED TO THE PAST TWITH OUR ALLIES, WE CAN HELP TO LIQUIDATE THE LEGACY OF MILITARY CONFRONTATION BUT THIS WILL REQUIRE A NEW AMERICAN AWARENESS OF EUROPE'S NEEDS. PROBLEMS. AND HOPES. This is at the very he the new shiplomany of

- 28 - 000932 Lelsewhere in the world, the dilemma of change VERSUS ORDER WILL BE EVEN MORE DIFFICULT TO RESOLVE, YET MORE PRESSING, AS POPULATION GROWTH, POVERTY, AND UNREST DISRUPT WHOLE CONTINENTS, THERE ARE MORE THAN A BILLION PEOPLE IN THE WORLD TODAY IN COUNTRIES WHERE THE AVERAGE ANNUAL INCOME PER PERSON IS LESS THAN IOO DOLLARS. HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS LIVE ON LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS

A YEAR.

 ζ EVIDENCE HAS SHOWN US THAT POVERTY AND DEPRIVATION, COUPLED WITH THE BEGINNING OF EDUCATION AND HOPE, CREATE A REVOLUTION OF RISING EXPECTATIONS. AND PEOPLE ALL OVER THE WORLD ARE "IN TOUCH."

- 29 - 000933

THE TRANSISTOR RADIO AND COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE WILL MAKE THIS EVEN MORE SO IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE.

THE MAN IN KOREA, OR GUATEMALA, OR ZAMBIA KNOWS WHAT MODERN SOCIETY CAN MEAN TO HIS FAMILY. HE KNOWS WHAT YOU AND I HAVE, HE KNOWS ABOUT OUR WEALTH. HE KNOWS ABOUT THE VAST RESOURCES AT OUR COMMAND, AND AT THE COMMAND OF OTHER FORTUNATE NATIONS.

THIS KNOWLEDGE HELPS TO WIDEN EVEN FURTHER THE GROWING GAP BETWEEN THE HAVE AND HAVE NOT PEOPLES OF THE EARTH, INEQUALITY IS POLARIZING THE WORLD BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH, RICH AND POOR, WHITE AND NON-WHITE. THIS IS A RECIPE FOR STRIFE, BOTH BETWEEN THE WORLD'S DIVIDED HALVES, AND THROUGHOUT THE DEVELOPING WORLD.

AS AN AMERICAN I TAKE PRIDE IN THE WELL-BEING AND RELATIVE AFFLUENCE WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO CREATE FOR AN INCREASING NUMBER OF OUR CITIZENS, BUT I ALSO FEEL SHAME AT THE HUNGER, POVERTY, AND DEPRIVATION WHICH SURROUNDS THIS PROSPEROUS ISLAND OF THE WESTERN WORLD,

- 30 - 000934

TODAY, OUR MATERIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE DEVELOPING WORLD IS FAR BELOW THE SCANT 1% OF GNP PROPOSED FOR DEVELOPMENT AID BY THE UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT, OUR FOREIGN AID HAS DROPPED TO A POST-WAR LOW, WE HAVE FALLEN BEHIND MANY OF OUR EUROPEAN ALLIES, WE HAVE

THAT "DEVELOPMENT IS THE NEW NAME FOR PEACE."

- 31 - 000035 OUR COMMITMENT SHOULD BE TO NATION-BUILDING --AND NOT TO BUYING FAVORS IN THE DEVELOPED WORLD .. OUR INTEREST IS IN HAVING NATIONS THAT ARE INDEPENDENT AND SECURE -- AND THEREBY FREE TO PURSUE THEIR OWN DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE COMMUNITY OF NATIONS K BUT TO DO THIS EFFECTIVELY, WE MUST CHANNEL AID THROUGH MULTILATERAL INSTITUTIONS K THIS WILL PLACE HEAVY DEMANDS UPON THE UNITED NATIONS AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS, LIKE THE WORLD BANK AND REGIONAL EFFORTS FOR DEVEL-OPMENT IN ASIA, AFRICA, AND LATIN AMERICA AT PRESENT, WE PAY TOO LITTLE ATTENTION TO THESE INSTITUTIONS, OFTEN REGARDING THEM AS POOR RELATION MORE POWERFUL INITIATIVES WE TAKE ON OUR OWN IN FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

THIS APPLIES TO PEACEKEEPING AS WELL. IF AMERICAN PEACEKEEPING IS TO BE CURTAILED, THAT DOES NOT MEAN THAT THERE CAN BE NO PEACEKEEPING. T MUST BE DONE BY THE UNITED NATIONS OR BY REGIONAL CONFLICTION ONLY THIS CAN HELP TO PREVENT THE DRIFT OF DISORDERED CHANGE INTO OPEN CONFLICTION

THE BASIS OF ANY SYSTEM OF PEACEKEEPING MUST BE A COMMITMENT TO NON-INTERFERENCE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF OTHER COUNTRIES, BUT THIS POLICY WILL ONLY WORK IF IT IS RESPECTED BY ALL STATES -- LARGE AND SMALL -- AND ONLY IF THERE IS AN EFFECTIVE INSTRUMENT IN THE UNITED NATIONS TO SERVE THE INTERESTS, NOT OF INDIVIDUAL STATES, BUT OF PEACE ITSELF. FINALLY, FOR US TO UNDERSTAND OUR FUTURE ROLE IN THE WORLD, WE NEED TO CHANGE MANY OF OUR BASIC IDEAS ABOUT THE WORLD, AND LEARN ABOUT OTHER NATIONS, OTHER PEOPLES, OTHER CULTURES, AS WE HAVE NEVER DONE BEFORE.

- 33 - 000937

IN THE PAST QUARTER-CENTURY, WE HAVE HAD A FOREIGN POLICY FOR THE WHOLE WORLD, WITH A HALF-WORLD UNDERSTANDING. WE KNOW MUCH ABOUT EUROPE; WE KNOW FAR LESS ABOUT ASIA, AND WE ARE ALMOST TOTALLY IGNORANT ABOUT THE DEVELOPING AREAS OF THE WORLD. LINDEED, WOULD WE HAVE BECOME INVOLVED IN VIETNAM, IF WE HAD KNOWN MORE ABOUT IT? They has been and continuous to he C Qn D" The in Knowledge a in sul. ng- and

242

Commute with a host of others.

FOR TOO LONG, OUR ISOLATION FROM THE REST OF THE WORLD ALLOWED US TO THINK THAT WE WERE THE CENTER OF IT.

NOO OFTEN, OUR SCHOOLS ARE SO INTENT ON TEACHING THE MYTHS OF AMERICAN DESTINY THAT THEY IGNORE THE BILLIONS OF OTHER PEOPLE WHO FIND US AS FOREIGN AS WE FIND THEM. - 34 - 000939

TOO OFTEN, OUR NEWSPAPERS AND TELEVISION ONLY REPORT EVENTS IN OTHER LANDS THAT DIRECTLY AFFECT US, OR TRANSLATE EVENTS INTO AMERICAN TERMS EVEN AT THE PRICE OF GROSS DISTORTION.

LIKE OTHER GREAT NATIONS BEFORE US, WE HAVE TOO OFTEN SUFFERED FROM THE MYOPIC OF POWER, IMPUTING TO OTHERS ATTITUDES ABOUT THE WORLD THAT THEY DO NOT SHARE, AND OFTEN, IN OUR ZEAL, IMPOSING OUR CULTURAL IDEAS WHERE THEY ARE NOT WANTED.

- 35 - 000940

WE SEE OTHERS MIMICKING OUR Motorial ADVANCES -- FROM THE AUTOMOBILE TO INDOOR PLUMBING -- BUT FAIL TO REALIZE THAT SUPERIORITY ON THE ASSEMBLY LINE MAY NOT MEAN SUPERIORITY IN WAY OF LIFE.

THIS IS CALLED THE "AMERICAN CHALLENGE" --A CHALLENGE TO RESIST UNWANTED INFLUENCES COMING FROM THIS COUNTRY. BUT I SAY THAT THIS IS REALLY A CHALLENGE TO US. WE MUST BREAK WITH THE TRADITION THAT LEADS GREAT NATIONS TO PRACTICE CULTURAL IMPERIALISM. WE MUST SHOW THAT WE CAN BE INVOLVED IN THE WORLD, WITHOUT TRYING TO DOMINATE IT.

000941

- 36 -

IS THIS POSSIBLE? I BELIEVE IT IS.

THIS IS A CHALLENGE TO KNOW OURSELVES -- WHAT IS BEST IN OUR TRADITION AND WHAT WOULD BENEFIT FROM AN INFUSION OF THE IDEAS AND EXPERIENCE OF OTHERS. AND IT IS A CHALLENGE TO LISTEN INTENTLY; TO STILL THE CRY OF OUR OWN DESIRES LONG ENOUGH TO HEAR WHAT OTHERS MAY HAVE TO TELL US.

THIS IS A CHALLENGE TO OUR SCHOOLS, OUR UNIVERSITIES, AND THE MEDIA, TO HELP US WITH THE NEW EDUCATION IN WORLD CITIZENSHIP THAT WE NEED SO URGENTLY, ONLY WITH A BETTER PUBLIC UNDERSTANDING OF THE WORLD AND ITS PROBLEMS CAN WE BUILD A BROAD-BASED INVOLVEMENT OF OUR PEOPLE IN THE FOREIGN POLICY OF AMERICA -- INVOLVEMENT THAT IS NECESSARY IF OUR FOREIGN POLICY IS TO SERVE OUR NATION'S NEEDS. - 37 -

AND IT IS A CHALLENGE TO ALL OF US TO ABANDON THAT ELEMENT OF SELF-RIGHTEOUSNESS THAT HAS S STIGMATIZED MUCH OF OUR FOREIGN POLICY -- THE TENDENCY TO SUBSTITUTE MORALISMS FOR MORALITY; AND LEGALISMS FOR THE RULE OF LAW. WE NEED TO GAIN A NEW PERSPECTIVE ON THE WORLD AND THE HISTORY OF OUR INVOLVEMENT IN IT, SEEING OURSELVES NEITHER AS SAVIOURS UNIQUELY ENDOWED WITH GOOD, NOR AS WILLAINS POSSESSED BY EVIL.

AND WE CAN NO LONGER SEE ALL THE WORLD AS DIVIDED BETWEEN FRIENDS AND ENEMIES.

THIS CHALLENGE TO OUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE WORLD AND OF OURSELVES DOES NOT MEAN THAT WE MUST SHY AWAY FROM MAKING AVAILABLE TO OTHERS WHAT WE DO HAVE TO OFFER, BOTH IN RESOURCES AND IN EXPERIENCE. - 38 -

000943

IT IS ONE THING TO GIVE FREELY OF WHAT WE HAVE; IT IS QUITE ANOTHER TO DEMAND THAT OUR WAYS PREVAIL.

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WE ARE IN A NEW AGE OF REVOLUTION -- IN POLITICAL RELATIONS, TECHNOLOGY, EDUCATION, AND RISING EXPECTATIONS. WE HAVE COME TO REGARD THESE REVOLUTIONS AS COMMONPLACE, AS THE DESTINY OF MANKIND, IN COMING YEARS YET AT THE SAME TIME, WE HAVE TOO OFTEN ATTEMPTED TO CONTAIN THE EFFECTS OF REVOLUTION, BY INCREASING THE COMMITMENT OF AMERICAN POWER, OFTEN WITHOUT MUCH THOUGHT ABOUT OUR BASIC INTERESTS IN SECURITY.

AS WE HAVE BECOME MORE INVOLVED IN THE WORLD,

WE HAVE PERMITTED AN INCREASING DIVISION BETWEEN THE IDEALS OF OUR SOCIETY AND THE FACTS OF OUR POWER. WE HAVE NOT ALWAYS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE ASPIRATIONS OF OTHER PEOPLES OFTEN FOLLOW A TRADITION THAT WE OURSELVES BEGAN.

- 39 - 000944

WE CANNOT PERMIT THIS TO HAPPEN AGAIN, WE MUST FIND WAYS OF BEING INVOLVED IN THE WORLD THAT WILL PROTECT OUR SECURITY, WITHOUT STIFLING THE LEGITIMATE DESIRES OF PEOPLE WHO STRIVE FOR THEIR FREEDOM AND PERSONAL FULFILLMENT.

WE MUST SEEK PEACE, WITHOUT PROHIBITING CHANGE. WE MUST BE PATIENT, NOT EXPECTING A NEW WORLD AT PEACE TO EMERGE IN A DAY, A YEAR, OR PERHAPS EVEN IN THIS DECADE. - 40 -

000945

AND WE MUST INSPIRE A NEW GENERATION OF AMERICANS WITH THE HOPE THAT OUR IDEALS CAN ONCE AGAIN BE THE CORNERSTONE OF OUR INVOLVEMENT IN THE WORLD, NOT IGNORING THE CONTINUING FACTS OF POWER, BUT NOT LETTING THEM DESTROY THE <u>HUMAN</u> DIMENSION OF OUR POLICY.

100946

- 41 -

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YOU HAVE ACCEPTED THE HUMAN CONDITION AND HAVE TRANSCENDED THE LUST FOR THINGS THAT HAS CHARACTERIZED MAN SINCE THE FIRST THEFT IN EDEN.

YOU YOUNG PEOPLE HAVE LEARNED TO LOVE ONE ANOTHER -- "LOVE EVERYBODY RIGHT NOW." (LYRIC OF POPULAR CURRENT FOLK SONG) SPREAD THAT LOVE TO THOSE OLDER THAN YOU. IF WE SEEM A LITTLE STIFF AND ALOOF IT'S NOT BECAUSE WE DON'T REALLY REACH OUT TO YOU; IT'S BECAUSE PERHAPS WE HAVE FORGOTTEN THE JOY OF BEING LOVED. KEEP AT US. WE NEED TO SHARE THE FRESH SPRING OF SPIRIT THAT SINGS IN YOUR SOULS.

THE PATH TO PEACE IS TO BE FOUND -- MUST BE FOUND BY YOUR GENERATION. I THINK IT WILL BE FOUND BY YOU -- IN LOVE, IN HUMAN ASPIRATIONS FULFILLED --

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--IN BRIDGING THE GAP THAT SEPARATES EACH ONE OF US FROM ANOTHER -- LIKE GOD IN MICHAELANGELO'S SISTINE CREATION -- TOUCHING EACH MAN'S SOUL WITH THE SPARK OF LIFE AND LOVE.

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