Jun Erecher

REMARKS BY SENATOR HUBERT H. HUMPHREY

ST. CLOUD ENERGY DAY

ST. CLOUD, MINNESOTA OCTOBER 31, 1973

Ray Hughes Mayon al Focher Kent Balsto Shortages - Ousis

ST. CLOUD ENERGY DAY

THE ENERGY PROBLEMS RECOGNIZED LAST SPRING BY THE PEOPLE

AND LEADERS OF ST. CLOUD, AS YOU FACED A FUEL PROBLEM, ARE JUST

NOW DAWNING ON MOST OF THE REST OF THE NATION. (Problems Proposal)

THE CONCLUSION YOU REACHED, THAT A MAJOR EFFORT WAS

NEEDED TO ENHANCE PEOPLE'S AWARENESS OF WHAT THEY COULD DO TO

CONSERVE ENERGY, WAS "RIGHT ON TARGET."

Today your aggressive energy conservation program (over public media, in business establishments, by government, etc.)

Is one of the first serious efforts in the nation, Many eyes are on St. Cloud, watching your efforts with keen interest.

(An Interior Department conservation Expert is very interested in St. Cloud's program and does not know of any program as advanced anywhere else in the country.)

I COMPLIMENT ALL OF YOU THAT HAVE BEEN INVOLVED FOR YOUR FORESIGHT.

THE ENERGY CRISIS

AMERICANS USE MORE ENERGY PER CAPITA THAN CITIZENS OF

ANY OTHER NATION IN THE WORLD. IN FACT, THE AVERAGE AMERICAN

CONSUMES MORE THAN TWICE AS MUCH ENERGY DAILY AS DOES THE AVERAGE

PERSON IN THE RELATIVELY WEALTHY AND MODERN NATIONS OF WESTERN

EUROPE.

(B) Can- 1973 vega - cette same for meliogras 1966

WITH ROUGHLY 6% OF THE WORLD'S POPULATION, AMERICA CONSUMES 35% OF ALL THE ENERGY USED IN THE WORLD EACH YEAR. WE ARE ENERGY GLUTTONS.

BUT THE DEMAND FOR ENERGY IN OUR COUNTRY IS GROWING MORE RAPIDLY THAN OUR ABILITY TO PRODUCE IT.

TOTAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN THE U.S. HAS MORE THAN

DOUBLED SINCE 1950. DOMESTIC PRODUCTION HAS NOT KEPT PACE, AND

WE HAVE BEEN REQUIRED TO IMPORT MORE EACH YEAR TO MEET OUR NEEDS.

IMPORTS, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR A MERE 1.2% OF OUR ENERGY SUPPLIES IN

1950, ACCOUNTED FOR 13.5% THIS YEAR AND ARE PROJECTED AT 23.5%

OF OUR TOTAL ENERGY REQUIREMENTS BY 1985.

FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE WWII, THE U.S. HAS HAD TO

INSTITUTE A FORM OF FUEL RATIONING FOR PROPANE, HOME HEATING

OIL, JET FUEL AND OTHER PETROLEUM DISTILLATES DESPITE THESE

MEASURES, EXPERTS EXPECT THAT HEATING OIL SUPPLY THIS YEAR WILL

BE AT LEAST 100,000 BARRELS A DAY SHORT OF DEMAND, EQUAL TO 5%

OF ESTIMATED NEEDS FOR AN AVERAGE WINTER. (In Minnesota this shortfall would be much greater than 540)

EFFECTS OF ENERGY SHORTAGES

SINCE OUR UNPRECEDENTED LIVING STANDARD HAS BEEN BUILT

LARGELY ON ENERGY EXTRACTED FROM OIL, GAS, AND COAL, A THREAT TO

THEIR AVAILABILITY AT REASONABLE PRICES PLACES OUR WHOLE LIFE

STYLE IN DANGER.

THESE "FOSSIL FUELS" HEAT OUR HOMES, POWER OUR AUTOMOBILES,

COOK OUR FOOD, HEAT OUR WATER, RUN OUR FACTORIES, AND HARVEST

OUR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION.

ENERGY SHORTAGE CAN MEAN:

- 700d Shortage - X Fertilizer, Plenting + Laured

- -- INCREASED INFLATION
- -- REDUCED PRODUCTION
- -- HIGHER RATES OF UNEMPLOYMENT
- -- SHORT-SIGHTED ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES
- -- DETERIORATION IN BALANCE OF PAYMENTS, AND
- -- REDUCED INDEPENDENCE IN FOREIGN POLICY

To the consumer, energy shortage also means inconvenience,

HIGHER PRICES, AND POSSIBLY, PERSONAL HARDSHIP.

WHAT TO DO

I BELIEVE THAT WE MUST DO ALL THAT IS NEEDED TO PROVIDE

THE U.S. WITH A "SELF-SUFFICIENCY" OF ENERGY. THE PROSPERITY AND

SECURITY OF OUR PEOPLE REQUIRE IT.

SELF-SUFFICIENCY MEANS A LONG-TERM COMMITMENT TO MORE

EFFICIENT USE OF KNOWN ENERGY RESOURCES AND EXPANDED EFFORTS TO

DISCOVER NEW SUPPLIES OF ENERGY EXPANDED SUPPLY ALSO MEANS A

MUCH GREATER RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EFFORT ON POTENTIAL SOURCES

OF ENERGY (NUCLEAR, SOLAR, GEOTHERMAL, ETC.).

FOR THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE IT MEANS WE MUST PLAN THE USE

OF OUR INSUFFICIENT ENERGY RESOURCES IN A WAY THAT WILL MINIMIZE

THEIR DISRUPTIVE IMPACT ON OUR ECONOMY AND ON THE QUALITY OF LIFE

OF OUR PEOPLE.

FOR THIS REASON, BEING A REALIST, I HAVE ADVOCATED

A MANDATORY ALLOCATION PROGRAM FINALLY, THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH HAS

TAKEN ACTION TO ESTABLISH SUCH A PROGRAM. I BELIEVE IT WILL BE

HELPFUL, AND THAT IT IS A NECESSITY, ALTHOUGH WE WOULD ALL PREFER

NOT TO NEED IT.

DEMAND IN THE SHORT RUN, HOWEVER, MUST BE CONSERVATION. EFFECTS

WILL BE SEVERE ON ALL OF US UNLESS WE CURB OUR CONSUMPTION WE MUST

SOBER UP AND GET OFF THE "ENERGY BINGE." TO BE SUCCESSFUL IT WILL

REQUIRE A CONCERTED EFFORT BY INDUSTRY, GOVERNMENT AND INDIVIDUALS.

NONE OF US LIVE IN "GLASS HOUSES" WHEN IT COMES TO WASTING ENERGY,

SO NONE OF US CAN PLACE ALL THE BLAME ON OTHERS.

CONSERVING ENERGY

EXPERTS SAY THAT WE WASTE BETWEEN 25% AND 40% OF ALL THE ENERGY USED IN OUR NATION NOT ONLY DOES THIS CUT DOWN THE AMOUNT AVAILABLE FOR ACTUAL USE, BUT IT ALSO MEANS UNNECESSARY ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION.

I WON'T ATTEMPT TO CATALOGUE THE STEPS THAT CAN BE TAKEN,

QUITE PAINLESSLY, IN OUR HOMES, AUTOMOBILES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS

TO REDUCE NEEDLESS CONSUMPTION. YOUR COMMITTEE HAS ALREADY DONE

A GOOD JOB OF THAT. HOWEVER, I WOULD MENTION THAT A TREASURY

DEPARTMENT ENERGY CONSERVATION CONSULTANT INDICATES THAT 2 TO 3

MILLION BARRELS OF OIL OR EQUIVALENT COULD BE SAVED EACH DAY IF

WE CARRIED OUT A FEW RATHER SIMPLE SUGGESTIONS.

THIS YEAR, THE AVERAGE AMERICAN HOUSEHOLD WILL SPEND \$743 TO MEET ITS ENERGY NEEDS -- ABOUT 7% OF THE AVERAGE FAMILY INCOME THE LARGEST PORTION OF THIS, ABOUT \$350, GOES FOR GAS FOR YOUR AUTOMOBILE. A "COMMON SENSE" APPROACH TO ENERGY USE IN YOUR HOME AND IN YOUR CAR WILL NOT ONLY HELP THE COUNTRY GET THROUGH THE ENERGY CRISIS, BUT IT WILL ALSO SAVE YOU A SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNT OF MONEY THE EXPERTS SAY THAT THE AVERAGE FAMILY COULD QUITE EASILY SAVE \$75 TO \$110 IN THE NEXT TWELVE MONTHS BY TAKING JUST A FEW INEXPENSIVE MEASURES WHAT IS NEEDED TO CUT CONSUMPTION ENOUGH TO GET US THROUGH THE WINTER, AND TO BEGIN TO CHANGE SOME OF OUR MORE WASTEFUL

ENERGY USE PRACTICES FOR THE LONG RUN, IS A MORE "ENERGY CONSCIOUS"

PEOPLE.

I BELIEVE THAT WE CAN DO IT, AND THE PROOF OF THIS CONVICTION IS THE EFFORT OF YOUR COMMUNITY AND THE SUCCESS THAT I AM CONVINCED YOU WILL HAVE.

#

Minnesota Historical Society

Copyright in this digital version belongs to the Minnesota Historical Society and its content may not be copied without the copyright holder's express written permission. Users may print, download, link to, or email content, however, for individual use.

To request permission for commercial or educational use, please contact the Minnesota Historical Society.

