

REMARKS OF SENATOR HUBERT H. HUMPHREY

COLLEGE OF ST. SCHOLASTICA

Duluth, Minnesota

January 31, 1976

If there is one thing that can be said about the society in which you are taking your places as young adults and as citizens, it is that it is changing very rapidly.

In the last decade or so, new roles have been opening up for young people, for women, and for minorities. New ideas are shattering the old myths and stereotypes that held people back or kept them down. New talents have been liberated to enrich our national life.

This great movement of change has had a profound impact on our system of politics and government.

It has brought about reform in our political parties, reforms in the Congress, and limits on the powers of the President.

It has inspired millions of citizens to involve themselves in the great social issues of our time -- civil rights, poverty, hunger, the environment, and the energy crisis.

Politicians have changed, too.

The old cigar-smoking city bosses and ward heelers who divided up the spoils behind closed doors are nearly extinct. In their place there are people who have earned their positions of leadership in the struggle to set new goals for America in the 70's and beyond.

Of course, not all change is for the better.

Too much and too rapid change has made Americans afraid for their futures and for the future of their country.

It has shaken Americans' faith in our economy and in our ideal of economic opportunity for all.

It has made Americans distrustful of politicians and government at all levels -- because sometimes they are corrupt; because they fail to provide badly-needed leadership; because they make big promises and then fail to deliver; and because the average citizen often seems to have no control over governmental actions and decisions.

Our society is in the midst of a very painful readjustment. We are learning that our affluence and our national resources are not limitless.

After 30 years of almost uninterrupted prosperity, we suddenly are faced with the grim reality of hunger at home and starvation abroad. We are increasingly dependent for energy and other basic raw materials on poorer nations that are jealous of our wealth and suspicious of our motives.

We no longer have the power to solve every international crisis and enforce our will around the world by diplomacy or military might.

We are threatened within by crime and by the fear that crime breeds, by the relaxation of moral and ethical standards, and by the flight from responsibility that causes people to drop out, run away from their problems, or seek refuge in drugs and alcohol.

We must face the fact that the 24 years remaining in this century -- the years in which your generation will play the leading role -- may be decisive in the future of this Nation. Sometime in the next quarter-century we probably will learn whether we will survive as a strong, free Nation, and as a people.

That is the long perspective. But even in the short run our problems are severe. We must find a way out of this recession that has put millions of Americans out of work and caused untold hardship for the poor and those on fixed incomes.

We must conserve our energy supplies in order to reduce our dependence on foreign oil imports.

We must mobilize both private and public resources to feed the hungry, clothe the needy, clean up our cities, and make adequate housing, health care, job training, educational opportunities, and public transportation available for all our citizens.

I am an optimist by nature. I believe that we can do all of these things. But those of us in public life, in politics and government, cannot do it alone. We need your help. We need the active commitment and participation of every American citizen -- young and old, rich and poor, black and white, men and women.

Meeting the challenges we face as a Nation, achieving the goals we set for ourselves as a society -- the name of the game is politics. Dirty word though it has become to some people, politics is the way we get things done in our system.

It is the life-blood of our representative democracy.

It is the vehicle of change, bringing forth new ideas, new concepts of government, and new leaders.

It is the means by which conflicts and competing interests of different races, religions, regions, generations, and cultural life-styles can be resolved peacefully.

It enables us to choose for our leaders individuals who will represent and protect our rights and interests, and to remove them when they fail to do so.

Every citizen can participate. Every citizen must participate in order for self-government to work properly.

And yet, at a time when citizen involvement in politics and government is needed more than ever before, there has been a dangerous decline of public confidence in government and the political process. This decline in confidence is reflected very clearly in recent voting trends.

In the 1972 elections, when both presidential candidates were saying the election presented the clearest ideological choice between candidates in history, only 55 percent of America's eligible voters went to the polls -- the lowest percentage in a quarter of a century. Sixty-eight million eligible citizens did not vote.

In the 1974 congressional elections, a survey by the Census Bureau found that only 45 percent of the voting age population actually voted. That was 10 percent below the turnout in the 1966 and 1970 congressional elections.

Saddest of all for those of us who had hoped for maximum involvement of young people when the voting age was lowered to 18 are the statistics on registration and voting by young people 18 to 20 years old. 63.6 percent of 18 to 20 year olds did not bother to register at all in 1974. Of those who did register, almost half did not vote in the election. Only 20.8 percent of eligible 18 to 20 year olds voted in 1974 -- just slightly more than one out of five.

The figures are not much better for young people 21 to 24 years old. Only 26.4 percent -- about one quarter -- of the eligible young people in this age group registered and voted.

The Census Bureau survey also asked people why they had not registered to vote. Their responses are quite shocking.

By far the greatest number -- a full 12 percent -- said they were not interested, just didn't get around to it. No other reason, such as not being a citizen, not knowing where or how to register, or not having transportation was cited by more than four percent of those who answered the question.

Figures like these suggest that the loss of confidence may be the most serious problem facing government today. People doubt the ability of their government to govern and their leaders to lead, and they are not at all sure that government can act with the force and imagination necessary to meet the problems on the national agenda. Pollster George Gallup says that, "It is doubtful that at any time in this century politics has commanded so little respect."

Those of us who hold public office don't need polls to tell us this. We constantly are hearing remarks from our constituents like, "I wouldn't trust a politician if he told me the sun rose in the East."

Disenchantment with our political system should not be overstated, however. There is hope and a solid basis for reform. People may vote less, rate politicians below used car salesmen in public esteem, withdraw from politics, picket and demonstrate, turn away from the major political parties, and some even emigrate, but nothing truly revolutionary appears to be happening.

I see no mass rejection of the Congress or the office of the Presidency. Nor do I see people grasping for extreme solutions.

Underneath it all, I think most people believe in the ultimate ability of America to resolve its problems and to continue to progress. They have faith in our political system, if not in many of the officeholders. People continue to think that the government, with the right leaders, can be made to work effectively and that even our most intractable problems like inflation and unemployment and energy shortages will yield to creative and energetic leadership.

I am here to tell you that that leadership must come from you.

We desperately need the compassion and idealism of youth in public life.

We need your energy and your enthusiasm.

We welcome the participation of students and other young people who take seriously the responsibility of being citizens in a free society and want to do something about it.

Be true to yourself, listen to your conscience, and then wade in and seek a meaningful experience in practical, real politics. If you think politics is dirty, then let me remind you of the old axiom of political science: People get the kind of government they deserve. The corollary of that rule is that people generally get the kind of politicians they deserve.

If you think politics is dirty, then get in there and work to clean it up.

If you think politicians are corrupt and unresponsive to the great needs of this Nation, then seek out and support new leaders. Elect them to office, or run for office yourselves.



If you think government is overloaded with stale ideas and ineffective programs, bring us your fresh ideas, your social conscience, your visions for America's future.

Tell us what must be done and keep after us until it gets done. Get involved and help us do the job.

This is not simple rhetoric. 1976 is a presidential election year. In November we will be choosing a President who, for the next four years, will be directing this Nation's response to critical problems such as unemployment, inflation, environmental pollution, and all the various aspects of the energy crisis.

The Republican candidates, President Ford and Mr. Reagan, will run on a platform of dismantling or drastically cutting Federal programs for the poor and helpless in our society.

They would have us "liberate" consumers from the Federal protections that keep our work places safe and healthy, our food pure and unadulterated, our drugs safe and effective, our air and water unpolluted.

They are perfectly satisfied with a seven percent or higher national unemployment rate for at least the next two years and evidently consider it better to put people on welfare than to put people back to work.

In his budget for fiscal year 1977, the President proposes heavy cuts in all social programs -- programs that represent this Nation's commitment to make the American dream a reality for all Americans, not just for the privileged few.

My party, the Democratic Party, rejects that philosophy. The Federal Government is not an independent entity. It belongs to the people. It exists to serve them. It accomplishes things which would not be accomplished in any other way.

And if it sometimes seems remote or uncaring -- if it does not always serve the people as well and effectively as it could or should, our system provides for orderly change. The people can make their government accountable and effective, if only they care enough to get involved and do something about it. If they "just aren't interested" enough even to vote, they hardly can complain when things don't go exactly to their liking.

I urge you to involve yourselves in the national debate on these conflicting philosophies of government in this election year. I especially urge you to keep in touch with what is going on in Congress, because that is where the issues will be defined most clearly. The outcome will be expressed in legislation that will affect each of you directly and individually.

To cite just one prominent example, the entire Federal program of aid to higher education now is undergoing review. Current programs of student financial assistance will expire on June 30 of this year.

The President wants to keep the Basic Education Grants at their current maximum of \$1,400 a year, without any adjustment for inflation. He wants to phase out the National Direct Student Loan program and cut the Federal Government contribution to the Guaranteed Student Loan program by \$254 million. He wants to cut Federal funding of Work-Study programs from \$390 million to \$250 million in fiscal year 1977.

I am committed to the belief that every American student should have the opportunity to get a college education. I believe that education is an investment in America's future -- an investment that is repaid over and over again, with incalculable benefits for our society.

I believe we should increase the maximum Basic Educational Opportunity Grant in recognition of the soaring costs of tuition as well as living expenses. And, I believe we should amend the Guaranteed Student Loan program to allow deferring payments on the principal for up to one year if the borrower is unemployed, a situation which afflicts many recent college graduates in today's job market.

The Federal Government should not be forcing students to go bankrupt or default on their loans when they are unemployed through no fault of their own.

Last year the President vetoed the education appropriations bill, including funds for higher education programs, because he said it was inflationary. The Congress was able to override that veto.

Aside from the personal commitment of Members to educational opportunity, better health care, and a decent standard of living for the victims of poverty, inflation, and unemployment, we had the support of hundreds of organizations and thousands of individuals who told us in letters and in testimony before congressional committees what these programs mean to them. That support was a critical factor in our ability to override a Presidential veto. Without it, the outcome for Federal education programs might have been very different.

So again, I urge you, get involved. Write to me and to members of the Senate Labor and Public Welfare Committee if you want to keep these programs and have them funded at an adequate level. I welcome your comments on this or any other issue, and I look forward to hearing from you.

Moreover, I hope that many of you will be involved in an active way in the upcoming primaries and election campaigns. Find candidates that you can believe in. Work for them. Discover for yourselves the heartaches and the rewards that come from seeking public office.

I've been through a lot of elections, but every one is a new experience. I meet wonderful people and I find new inspiration in their plans and hopes and dreams for America. It is a learning experience which cannot be obtained in any other way.

I urge the young women of St. Scholastica, especially, to get involved in politics. Women in politics today are winning tremendous respect from their male colleagues for their integrity, ability and dedication. They are making politics more humane, more concerned with the quality of life, with the problems of the poor, the sick, the hungry, the elderly.

The myth that young women cannot have active productive careers, including careers in politics and government, finally is being put to rest. Today, not only women, but men, too, are aware of the old prejudices against women's participation in politics and are seeking to put an end to these prejudices once and for all.

To help achieve that goal, women must make their presence felt as politically conscious people and insist that men give them a fair chance to perform. They can make their influence felt by supporting other women running for political office and by asserting their potential as leaders in community affairs.

We cannot afford to waste any talents in our efforts to create a more just, humane, and democratic society. The problems we face as a Nation today will require the best efforts of all citizens, men and women, rich and poor, young and old, if we are to find solutions. I urge you to pledge yourselves personally to that cause in this year of our Nation's bicentennial anniversary.

Dave Sparby - Student President  
Dr Bruce Stender

REMARKS OF SENATOR HUBERT H. HUMPHREY

COLLEGE OF ST. SCHOLASTICA  
1200 Students

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

JANUARY 31, 1976

L IF THERE IS ONE THING THAT CAN BE SAID ABOUT THE SOCIETY IN WHICH YOU ARE TAKING YOUR PLACES AS YOUNG ADULTS AND AS CITIZENS, IT IS THAT IT IS CHANGING VERY RAPIDLY. (Change)

IN THE LAST DECADE OR SO, NEW ROLES HAVE BEEN OPENING UP FOR YOUNG PEOPLE, FOR WOMEN, AND FOR MINORITIES. NEW IDEAS ARE SHATTERING THE OLD MYTHS AND STEREOTYPES THAT HELD PEOPLE BACK OR KEPT THEM DOWN. NEW TALENTS HAVE BEEN LIBERATED TO ENRICH OUR NATIONAL LIFE.

L THIS GREAT MOVEMENT OF CHANGE HAS HAD A PROFOUND IMPACT ON OUR SYSTEM OF POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT.

L IT HAS BROUGHT ABOUT REFORM IN OUR POLITICAL PARTIES, REFORMS IN THE CONGRESS, AND LIMITS ON THE POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT.

L IT HAS INSPIRED MILLIONS OF CITIZENS TO INVOLVE THEMSELVES IN THE GREAT SOCIAL ISSUES OF OUR TIME -- CIVIL RIGHTS, POVERTY, HUNGER, THE ENVIRONMENT, AND THE ENERGY CRISIS.

L POLITICANS HAVE CHANGED, TOO.

L THE OLD CIGAR-SMOKING CITY BOSSES AND WARD HEELERS WHO DIVIDED  
UP THE SPOILS BEHIND CLOSED DOORS ARE NEARLY EXTINCT. IN THEIR PLACE  
THERE ARE PEOPLE WHO HAVE EARNED THEIR POSITIONS OF LEADERSHIP IN  
THE STRUGGLE TO SET NEW GOALS FOR AMERICA IN THE 70'S AND BEYOND.

L OF COURSE, NOT ALL CHANGE IS FOR THE BETTER.

L TOO MUCH AND TOO RAPID CHANGE HAS MADE AMERICANS AFRAID FOR  
THEIR FUTURES AND FOR THE FUTURE OF THEIR COUNTRY.

L IT HAS SHAKEN AMERICANS' FAITH IN OUR ECONOMY AND IN OUR  
IDEAL OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL.

L IT HAS MADE AMERICANS DISTRUSTFUL OF POLITICIANS AND GOVERNMENT  
AT ALL LEVELS -- BECAUSE SOMETIMES THEY ARE CORRUPT; BECAUSE THEY FAIL  
TO PROVIDE BADLY-NEEDED LEADERSHIP; BECAUSE THEY MAKE BIG PROMISES  
AND THEN FAIL TO DELIVER; AND BECAUSE THE AVERAGE CITIZEN OFTEN SEEMS  
TO HAVE NO CONTROL OVER GOVERNMENTAL ACTIONS AND DECISIONS.



OUR SOCIETY IS IN THE MIDST OF A VERY PAINFUL READJUSTMENT.

WE ARE LEARNING THAT OUR AFFLUENCE AND OUR NATIONAL RESOURCES  
ARE NOT LIMITLESS.

AFTER 30 YEARS OF ALMOST UNINTERRUPTED PROSPERITY, WE SUDDENLY  
ARE FACED WITH THE GRIM REALITY OF HUNGER AT HOME AND STARVATION  
ABROAD. WE ARE INCREASINGLY DEPENDENT FOR ENERGY AND OTHER BASIC  
RAW MATERIALS ON POORER NATIONS THAT ARE JEALOUS OF OUR WEALTH  
AND SUSPICIOUS OF OUR MOTIVES.

WE NO LONGER HAVE THE POWER TO SOLVE EVERY INTERNATIONAL  
CRISIS AND ENFORCE OUR WILL AROUND THE WORLD BY DIPLOMACY OR  
MILITARY MIGHT.

WE ARE THREATENED WITHIN BY CRIME AND BY THE FEAR THAT CRIME  
BREEDS, BY THE RELAXATION OF MORAL AND ETHICAL STANDARDS, AND BY  
THE FLIGHT FROM RESPONSIBILITY THAT CAUSES PEOPLE TO DROP OUT,  
RUN AWAY FROM THEIR PROBLEMS, OR SEEK REFUGE IN DRUGS AND ALCOHOL.

WE MUST FACE THE FACT THAT THE 24 YEARS REMAINING IN THIS  
CENTURY -- THE YEARS IN WHICH YOUR GENERATION WILL PLAY THE LEADING  
ROLE -- MAY BE DECISIVE IN THE FUTURE OF THIS NATION. SOMETIME IN  
THE NEXT QUARTER-CENTURY WE PROBABLY WILL LEARN WHETHER WE WILL  
SURVIVE AS A STRONG, FREE NATION, AND AS A PEOPLE. *(as a Democ)*

THAT IS THE LONG PERSPECTIVE. BUT EVEN IN THE SHORT RUN  
OUR PROBLEMS ARE SEVERE. WE MUST FIND A WAY OUT OF THIS RECESSION  
THAT HAS PUT MILLIONS OF AMERICANS OUT OF WORK AND CAUSED UNTOLD  
HARDSHIP FOR THE POOR AND THOSE ON FIXED INCOMES.

WE MUST CONSERVE OUR ENERGY SUPPLIES, *+ find new sources,* IN ORDER TO REDUCE OUR  
DEPENDENCE ON FOREIGN OIL IMPORTS.

WE MUST MOBILIZE BOTH PRIVATE AND PUBLIC RESOURCES TO FEED  
THE HUNGRY, CLOTHE THE NEEDY, CLEAN UP OUR CITIES, AND MAKE ADEQUATE  
HOUSING, HEALTH CARE, JOB TRAINING, EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES, AND  
PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION AVAILABLE FOR ALL OUR CITIZENS. - *a big order*

L I AM AN OPTIMIST BY NATURE. I BELIEVE THAT WE CAN DO ALL  
OF THESE THINGS. BUT THOSE OF US IN PUBLIC LIFE, IN POLITICS  
AND GOVERNMENT, CANNOT DO IT ALONE. WE NEED YOUR HELP. WE NEED  
THE ACTIVE COMMITMENT AND PARTICIPATION OF EVERY AMERICAN CITIZEN --  
YOUNG AND OLD, RICH AND POOR, BLACK AND WHITE, MEN AND WOMEN.

L MEETING THE CHALLENGES WE FACE AS A NATION, ACHIEVING THE  
GOALS WE SET FOR OURSELVES AS A SOCIETY -- THE NAME OF THE GAME  
IS POLITICS. DIRTY WORD THOUGH IT HAS BECOME TO SOME PEOPLE,  
POLITICS IS THE WAY WE GET THINGS DONE IN OUR SYSTEM.

L IT IS THE LIFE-BLOOD OF OUR REPRESENTATIVE DEMOCRACY.

L IT IS THE VEHICLE OF CHANGE, BRINGING FORTH NEW IDEAS, NEW  
CONCEPTS OF GOVERNMENT, AND NEW LEADERS.

L IT IS THE MEANS BY WHICH CONFLICTS AND COMPETING INTERESTS  
OF DIFFERENT RACES, RELIGIONS, REGIONS, GENERATIONS, AND CULTURAL  
LIFE-STYLES CAN BE RESOLVED PEACEFULLY.

↳ IT ENABLES US TO CHOOSE FOR OUR LEADERS, INDIVIDUALS WHO WILL  
REPRESENT AND PROTECT OUR RIGHTS AND INTERESTS, AND TO REMOVE  
THEM WHEN THEY FAIL TO DO SO.

↳ EVERY CITIZEN CAN PARTICIPATE. <sup>and</sup> EVERY CITIZEN MUST <sup>Stavron</sup>  
PARTICIPATE IN ORDER FOR SELF-GOVERNMENT TO WORK PROPERLY.

↳ AND YET, AT A TIME WHEN CITIZEN INVOLVEMENT IN POLITICS AND  
GOVERNMENT IS NEEDED MORE THAN EVER BEFORE, THERE HAS BEEN A DANGEROUS  
DECLINE OF PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT AND THE POLITICAL PROCESS.

↳ THIS DECLINE IN CONFIDENCE IS REFLECTED VERY CLEARLY IN RECENT VOTING  
TRENDS.

↳ IN THE 1972 ELECTIONS, WHEN BOTH PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES WERE  
SAYING THE ELECTION PRESENTED THE CLEAREST IDEOLOGICAL CHOICE BETWEEN  
CANDIDATES IN HISTORY, ONLY 55 PERCENT OF AMERICA'S ELIGIBLE VOTERS  
WENT TO THE POLLS -- THE LOWEST PERCENTAGE IN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY.

↳ SIXTY-EIGHT MILLION ELIGIBLE CITIZENS DID NOT VOTE.

IN THE 1974 CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS, A SURVEY BY THE CENSUS BUREAU FOUND THAT ONLY 45 PERCENT OF THE VOTING AGE POPULATION ACTUALLY VOTED. THAT WAS 10 PERCENT BELOW THE TURNOUT IN THE 1966 AND 1970 CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS.

SADDEST OF ALL FOR THOSE OF US WHO HAD HOPED FOR MAXIMUM INVOLVEMENT OF YOUNG PEOPLE WHEN THE VOTING AGE WAS LOWERED TO 18 ARE THE STATISTICS ON REGISTRATION AND VOTING BY YOUNG PEOPLE 18 TO 20 YEARS OLD. 63.6 PERCENT OF 18 TO 20 YEAR OLDS DID NOT BOTHER TO REGISTER AT ALL IN 1974. OF THOSE WHO DID REGISTER, ALMOST HALF DID NOT VOTE IN THE ELECTION. ONLY 20.8 PERCENT OF ELIGIBLE 18 TO 20 YEAR OLDS VOTED IN 1974 -- JUST SLIGHTLY MORE THAN ONE OUT OF FIVE.

THE FIGURES ARE NOT MUCH BETTER FOR YOUNG PEOPLE 21 TO 24 YEARS OLD. ONLY 26.4 PERCENT -- ABOUT ONE QUARTER -- OF THE ELIGIBLE YOUNG PEOPLE IN THIS AGE GROUP REGISTERED AND VOTED.



L THE CENSUS BUREAU SURVEY ALSO ASKED PEOPLE WHY THEY HAD NOT REGISTERED TO VOTE; THEIR RESPONSES ARE QUITE SHOCKING.

L BY FAR THE GREATEST NUMBER -- A FULL 12 PERCENT -- SAID THEY WERE NOT INTERESTED, JUST DIDN'T GET AROUND TO IT. L No

OTHER REASON, SUCH AS NOT BEING A CITIZEN, NOT KNOWING WHERE OR HOW TO REGISTER, OR NOT HAVING TRANSPORTATION WAS CITED BY 2 MORE THAN FOUR PERCENT OF THOSE WHO ANSWERED THE QUESTION.

L FIGURES LIKE THESE SUGGEST THAT THE LOSS OF CONFIDENCE MAY BE THE MOST SERIOUS PROBLEM FACING GOVERNMENT TODAY. L PEOPLE DOUBT THE ABILITY OF THEIR GOVERNMENT TO GOVERN AND THEIR LEADERS TO LEAD, AND THEY ARE NOT AT ALL SURE THAT GOVERNMENT CAN ACT WITH THE FORCE AND IMAGINATION NECESSARY TO MEET THE PROBLEMS ON THE NATIONAL AGENDA. L POLLSTER GEORGE GALLUP SAYS THAT, "IT IS DOUBTFUL THAT AT ANY TIME IN THIS CENTURY POLITICS HAS COMMANDED SO LITTLE RESPECT."

THOSE OF US WHO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE DON'T NEED POLLS TO TELL US THIS. WE CONSTANTLY ARE HEARING REMARKS FROM OUR CONSTITUENTS LIKE, "I WOULDN'T TRUST A POLITICIAN IF HE TOLD ME THE SUN ROSE IN THE EAST."

DISENCHANTMENT WITH OUR POLITICAL SYSTEM SHOULD NOT BE OVERSTATED, HOWEVER, THERE IS HOPE AND A SOLID BASIS FOR REFORM.

PEOPLE MAY VOTE LESS, RATE POLITICIANS BELOW USED CAR SALESMEN IN PUBLIC ESTEEM, WITHDRAW FROM POLITICS, PICKET AND DEMONSTRATE, TURN AWAY FROM THE MAJOR POLITICAL PARTIES, AND SOME EVEN EMIGRATE, BUT NOTHING TRULY REVOLUTIONARY APPEARS TO BE HAPPENING.

I SEE NO MASS REJECTION OF THE CONGRESS OR THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENCY. NOR DO I SEE PEOPLE GRASPING FOR EXTREME SOLUTIONS.

UNDERNEATH IT ALL, I THINK MOST PEOPLE BELIEVE IN THE ULTIMATE ABILITY OF AMERICA TO RESOLVE ITS PROBLEMS AND TO CONTINUE TO PROGRESS.

THEY HAVE FAITH IN OUR POLITICAL SYSTEM, <sup>even</sup> IF NOT IN MANY OF THE  
OFFICEHOLDERS. PEOPLE CONTINUE TO THINK THAT THE GOVERNMENT, WITH  
THE RIGHT LEADERS, CAN BE MADE TO WORK EFFECTIVELY AND THAT EVEN  
OUR MOST INTRACTABLE PROBLEMS LIKE INFLATION AND UNEMPLOYMENT AND  
ENERGY SHORTAGES WILL YIELD TO CREATIVE AND ENERGETIC LEADERSHIP.

I AM HERE TO TELL YOU THAT THAT LEADERSHIP MUST COME FROM YOU.

WE DESPERATELY NEED THE COMPASSION AND IDEALISM OF YOUTH IN  
PUBLIC LIFE.

WE NEED YOUR ENERGY AND YOUR ENTHUSIASM.

WE WELCOME THE PARTICIPATION OF STUDENTS AND OTHER YOUNG PEOPLE  
WHO TAKE SERIOUSLY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF BEING CITIZENS IN A FREE  
SOCIETY AND WANT TO DO SOMETHING ABOUT IT.

BE TRUE TO YOURSELF, LISTEN TO YOUR CONSCIENCE, AND THEN WADE  
IN AND SEEK A MEANINGFUL EXPERIENCE IN PRACTICAL, REAL POLITICS.

IF YOU THINK POLITICS IS DIRTY, THEN LET ME REMIND YOU OF THE OLD  
AXIOM OF POLITICAL SCIENCE: PEOPLE GET THE KIND OF GOVERNMENT THEY  
DESERVE. <sup>and</sup> THE COROLLARY OF THAT RULE IS THAT PEOPLE GENERALLY GET  
THE KIND OF POLITICIANS THEY DESERVE.

IF YOU THINK POLITICS IS DIRTY, THEN GET IN THERE AND WORK TO  
CLEAN IT UP.

IF YOU THINK POLITICIANS ARE CORRUPT AND UNRESPONSIVE TO THE  
GREAT NEEDS OF THIS NATION, THEN SEEK OUT AND SUPPORT NEW LEADERS.

ELECT THEM TO OFFICE, OR RUN FOR OFFICE YOURSELVES.

IF YOU THINK GOVERNMENT IS OVERLOADED WITH STALE IDEAS AND  
INEFFECTIVE PROGRAMS, BRING <sup>our</sup> ~~us~~ YOUR FRESH IDEAS, YOUR SOCIAL  
CONSCIENCE, YOUR VISIONS FOR AMERICA'S FUTURE.

TELL US WHAT MUST BE DONE AND KEEP AFTER US UNTIL IT GETS DONE.  
GET INVOLVED AND HELP US DO THE JOB.

*Get in and do  
the job yourself.*

L THIS IS NOT SIMPLE RHETORIC. 1976 IS A PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION  
YEAR. L IN NOVEMBER WE WILL BE CHOOSING A PRESIDENT WHO, FOR THE  
NEXT FOUR YEARS, WILL BE DIRECTING THIS NATION'S RESPONSE TO  
CRITICAL PROBLEMS SUCH AS UNEMPLOYMENT, INFLATION, ENVIRONMENTAL  
POLLUTION, AND ALL THE VARIOUS ASPECTS OF THE ENERGY CRISIS. *-yes*  
*Arms Control, nuclear proliferation, Defense Policy, etc.*  
L THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES, PRESIDENT FORD AND MR. REAGAN, WILL  
RUN ON A PLATFORM OF DISMANTLING OR DRASTICALLY CUTTING FEDERAL  
PROGRAMS FOR THE POOR AND HELPLESS IN OUR SOCIETY.  
L THEY WOULD HAVE US "LIBERATE" CONSUMERS FROM THE FEDERAL  
PROTECTIONS THAT KEEP OUR WORK PLACES SAFE AND HEALTHY, OUR FOOD  
PURE AND UNADULTERATED, OUR DRUGS SAFE AND EFFECTIVE, OUR AIR AND  
WATER UNPOLLUTED.



✓ <sup>seen</sup> THEY ~~ARE~~ PERFECTLY SATISFIED WITH A SEVEN PERCENT OR HIGHER

NATIONAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE FOR AT LEAST THE NEXT TWO YEARS AND

EVIDENTLY CONSIDER IT BETTER TO PUT PEOPLE ON WELFARE THAN TO PUT

PEOPLE BACK TO WORK.

✓ IN HIS BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 1977, THE PRESIDENT PROPOSES

HEAVY CUTS IN ALL SOCIAL PROGRAMS -- PROGRAMS THAT REPRESENT THIS

NATION'S COMMITMENT TO MAKE THE AMERICAN DREAM A REALITY FOR ALL

AMERICANS, NOT JUST FOR THE PRIVILEGED FEW.

✓ MY PARTY, THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY, REJECTS THAT PHILOSOPHY. ✓ THE

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IS NOT AN INDEPENDENT ENTITY. ✓ IT BELONGS TO THE

PEOPLE. IT EXISTS TO SERVE THEM. ✓ IT ACCOMPLISHES THINGS WHICH WOULD

NOT BE ACCOMPLISHED IN ANY OTHER WAY.

AND IF IT SOMETIMES SEEMS REMOTE OR UNCARING -- IF IT DOES NOT ALWAYS SERVE THE PEOPLE AS WELL AND EFFECTIVELY AS IT COULD

OR SHOULD, OUR SYSTEM PROVIDES FOR ORDERLY CHANGE. THE PEOPLE

CAN MAKE THEIR GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABLE AND EFFECTIVE, IF ONLY

THEY CARE ENOUGH TO GET INVOLVED AND DO SOMETHING ABOUT IT. *But*

IF THEY "JUST AREN'T INTERESTED" ENOUGH EVEN TO VOTE, THEY HARDLY

CAN COMPLAIN WHEN THINGS DON'T GO EXACTLY TO THEIR LIKING. *mayon*  
*et al.*

I URGE YOU TO INVOLVE YOURSELVES IN THE NATIONAL DEBATE ON

THESE CONFLICTING PHILOSOPHIES OF GOVERNMENT IN THIS ELECTION YEAR.

I ESPECIALLY URGE YOU TO KEEP IN TOUCH WITH WHAT IS GOING ON IN

CONGRESS, BECAUSE THAT IS WHERE THE ISSUES WILL BE DEFINED MOST

CLEARLY. THE OUTCOME WILL BE EXPRESSED IN LEGISLATION THAT WILL

AFFECT EACH OF YOU DIRECTLY AND INDIVIDUALLY.

L TO CITE JUST ONE PROMINENT EXAMPLE, THE ENTIRE FEDERAL PROGRAM  
OF AID TO HIGHER EDUCATION NOW IS UNDERGOING REVIEW. L CURRENT PROGRAMS  
OF STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE WILL EXPIRE ON JUNE 30 OF THIS YEAR.

L THE PRESIDENT WANTS TO KEEP THE BASIC EDUCATION GRANTS AT  
THEIR CURRENT MAXIMUM OF \$1,400 A YEAR, WITHOUT ANY ADJUSTMENT FOR  
INFLATION. L HE WANTS TO PHASE OUT THE NATIONAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN

PROGRAM AND CUT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTION TO THE  
GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM BY \$254 MILLION. L HE WANTS TO CUT  
FEDERAL FUNDING OF WORK-STUDY PROGRAMS FROM \$390 MILLION TO  
\$250 MILLION IN FISCAL YEAR 1977. ( *Santhorne Student Loan Act* )

L I AM COMMITTED TO THE BELIEF THAT EVERY AMERICAN STUDENT  
SHOULD HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO GET A COLLEGE EDUCATION. L I

BELIEVE THAT EDUCATION IS AN INVESTMENT IN AMERICA'S FUTURE --

AN INVESTMENT THAT IS REPAID OVER AND OVER AGAIN, WITH

INCALCULABLE BENEFITS FOR OUR SOCIETY.

I BELIEVE WE SHOULD INCREASE THE MAXIMUM BASIC EDUCATIONAL  
OPPORTUNITY GRANT IN RECOGNITION OF THE SOARING COSTS OF TUITION  
AS WELL AS LIVING EXPENSES. AND, I BELIEVE WE SHOULD AMEND THE  
GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM TO ALLOW DEFERRING PAYMENTS ON  
THE PRINCIPAL FOR UP TO ONE YEAR IF THE BORROWER IS UNEMPLOYED,  
A SITUATION WHICH AFFLICTS MANY RECENT COLLEGE GRADUATES IN TODAY'S  
JOB MARKET.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT SHOULD NOT BE FORCING STUDENTS TO GO  
BANKRUPT OR DEFAULT ON THEIR LOANS WHEN THEY ARE UNEMPLOYED  
THROUGH NO FAULT OF THEIR OWN.

LAST YEAR THE PRESIDENT VETOED THE EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS  
BILL, INCLUDING FUNDS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS, BECAUSE HE  
SAID IT WAS INFLATIONARY. THE CONGRESS WAS ABLE TO OVERRIDE  
THAT VETO.

L ASIDE FROM THE PERSONAL COMMITMENT OF MEMBERS TO EDUCATIONAL  
OPPORTUNITY, BETTER HEALTH CARE, AND A DECENT STANDARD OF LIVING  
FOR THE VICTIMS OF POVERTY, INFLATION, AND UNEMPLOYMENT, WE HAD  
THE SUPPORT OF HUNDREDS OF ORGANIZATIONS AND THOUSANDS OF  
INDIVIDUALS WHO TOLD US IN LETTERS AND IN TESTIMONY BEFORE  
CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES WHAT THESE PROGRAMS MEAN TO THEM. L THAT  
SUPPORT WAS A CRITICAL FACTOR IN OUR ABILITY TO OVERRIDE A  
PRESIDENTIAL VETO. L WITHOUT IT, THE OUTCOME FOR FEDERAL EDUCATION  
PROGRAMS MIGHT HAVE BEEN VERY DIFFERENT.

L SO AGAIN, I URGE YOU, GET INVOLVED. L WRITE TO ME AND TO  
MEMBERS OF THE SENATE LABOR AND PUBLIC WELFARE COMMITTEE IF YOU  
WANT TO KEEP THESE PROGRAMS AND HAVE THEM FUNDED AT AN ADEQUATE  
LEVEL. I WELCOME YOUR COMMENTS ON THIS OR ANY OTHER ISSUE, AND  
I LOOK FORWARD TO HEARING FROM YOU.



MOREOVER, I HOPE THAT MANY OF YOU WILL BE INVOLVED IN AN

ACTIVE WAY IN THE UPCOMING PRIMARIES AND ELECTION CAMPAIGNS.

✓ FIND CANDIDATES THAT YOU CAN BELIEVE IN. ✓ WORK FOR THEM.

✓ DISCOVER FOR YOURSELVES THE HEARTACHES AND THE REWARDS THAT COME  
FROM SEEKING PUBLIC OFFICE.

✓ I'VE BEEN THROUGH A LOT OF ELECTIONS, BUT EVERY ONE IS A NEW  
EXPERIENCE. ✓ I MEET WONDERFUL PEOPLE AND I FIND NEW INSPIRATION IN THEIR  
PLANS AND HOPES AND DREAMS FOR AMERICA. ✓ IT IS A LEARNING EXPERIENCE  
WHICH CANNOT BE OBTAINED IN ANY OTHER WAY.

✓ I URGE THE YOUNG WOMEN OF ST. SCHOLASTICA, ESPECIALLY,  
TO GET INVOLVED IN POLITICS. ✓ WOMEN IN POLITICS TODAY ARE  
WINNING TREMENDOUS RESPECT FROM THEIR MALE COLLEAGUES FOR THEIR  
INTEGRITY, ABILITY AND DEDICATION. ✓ THEY ARE MAKING POLITICS  
MORE HUMANE, MORE CONCERNED WITH THE QUALITY OF LIFE, WITH  
THE PROBLEMS OF THE POOR, THE SICK, THE HUNGRY, THE ELDERLY.

THE MYTH THAT YOUNG WOMEN CANNOT HAVE ACTIVE PRODUCTIVE CAREERS, INCLUDING CAREERS IN POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT, FINALLY IS BEING PUT TO REST. TODAY, NOT ONLY WOMEN, BUT MEN, TOO, ARE AWARE OF THE OLD PREJUDICES AGAINST WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION IN POLITICS AND ARE SEEKING TO PUT AN END TO THESE PREJUDICES ONCE AND FOR ALL.

TO HELP ACHIEVE THAT GOAL, WOMEN MUST MAKE THEIR PRESENCE FELT AS POLITICALLY CONSCIOUS PEOPLE AND INSIST THAT MEN GIVE THEM A FAIR CHANCE TO PERFORM. THEY CAN MAKE THEIR INFLUENCE FELT BY SUPPORTING OTHER WOMEN RUNNING FOR POLITICAL OFFICE AND BY ASSERTING THEIR POTENTIAL AS LEADERS IN COMMUNITY AFFAIRS.

WE CANNOT AFFORD TO WASTE ANY TALENTS IN OUR EFFORTS TO  
CREATE A MORE JUST, HUMANE, AND DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY. THE  
PROBLEMS WE FACE AS A NATION TODAY WILL REQUIRE THE BEST EFFORTS  
OF ALL CITIZENS, MEN AND WOMEN, RICH AND POOR, YOUNG AND OLD,  
IF WE ARE TO FIND SOLUTIONS. I URGE YOU TO PLEDGE YOURSELVES  
PERSONALLY TO THAT CAUSE IN THIS YEAR OF OUR NATION'S  
BICENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY.

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